THE Bombay Gazette.

LIBRARY THE BOMBAY BRANCH ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

No. 55,227—New Series. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, JANUARY 9. 1911. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1911 14th Jan.	HIMALAYA	6898	......	...
21st „	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9621
28th „	CALEDONIA	7558	......	...
4th Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7932
11th „	DELTA	8053	......	...
18th „	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	10885
25th „	ARABIA	7933	....	...
4th March	MALWA	10883	....	...
11th „	EGYPT	7912	....	...
18th „	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
22nd „	* ARCADIA	7000	....	...
25th „	PERSIA	7951	....	...
1st April	MARMORA	10509	....	...
8th „	CALEDONIA	7558	....	...
15th „	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
22nd „	MANTUA	10885	....	...
29th „	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
6th May	ARABIA	7903	....	...
13th „	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10890
20th „	EGYPT	7912	....	...

The above Mail Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER,

At Special Rates.

The S. S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY at 2 p.m. on WEDNESDAY, 22nd MARCH, 1911 direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or Rs. 594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by Sea	Rs. 528 or Rs. 617	Rs. 792 or Rs. 940

These rates include the Surtax.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEWZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. CO.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge,
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis,
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.

CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
D. Balduino	4,580	Maganzini	15th Jan. 1911
R. Rubattino	4,380	L. Mancini	15th Feb. 1911
D. Balduino	4,580	G. Maganzine	15th Mar. 1910

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application,

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa. 1st Class, Rs. 728; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th Jan. 1911
Capri	6,000	D. Moresco	16th Feb. 1911
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th Mar. 1911

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to ....to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER MORRISON & Co.,
Agents.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Linga	2171	Mon.	9th Jan.	11 a.m.	†P D & C M
Dumra	1695	Thurs.	12th Jan.	9 a.m.	via C. M.
Lhasa	2171	Fri.	13th Jan.	6 a.m.*	direct.

† Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvi.
* Or later on arrival of English MailSteamer.

FOR CUTCH MANDVI KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "Dumra," 1695 tons, on Thursday, 12th Jan. calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR VERAWAL, MANGROLE, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "Goalpara," 2147 tons, on Monday, the 9th January, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit.

FOR COAST PORTS, AND CALCUTTA, (Fortnightly.)

S. S. "Vadala," 3334 tons, on or about the 14th January.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand,

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

7th January, 1911.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on THURSDAY
Australien	6,365	Mouton	19th Jan. 1911.
Nera	5,538	Casanova	16th Feb. 1911.
Yarra	4,142	Ristorcelli	16th Mar. 1911.
Dumbea	5,685	Rebufat	13th April 1911.
Armand Behic	6,385	Guionnet	11th May 1911.
Caledonien	4,130	......	8th June 1911.
Oceanien	4,143	......	6th July 1911.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about.
Dumbea	5,685	Rebufat	27th Jan. 1911.
Armand Behic	6,385	Guionnet	24th Feb. „

For further particulars apply to—

J. de COURTOIS,
Albert Building, Hornby Road, Agent.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
Circassia	6716	C F Osborne R N R	16th Jan. 1911
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	25th „ „
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	11th Feb. „

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	25th Feb. 1911
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	16th Mar. „
Olympia	5124	Geo. Mitchell	26th „ „
Circassia	5716	C F Osborne R N R	15th Apl. „
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	24th „ „
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	7th May „
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	20th „ „
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	10th June „

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Single.	Return
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Portsaid	„ 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	„ 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool.	„ 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	„ 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	„ 605	957
Bombay to New York	„ 808	1,340
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	„ 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, Bombay.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO ENGLAND (WEYMOUTH) VIA SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in two, three and four Berth Cabins, amidships, for First Class Passengers only.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

For further particulars, apply to:—

W & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay.

SHIPPING.

THE BOMBAY & PERSIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

TO MARSEILLES OR GENOA.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captain.	Leave on or about.
Homayun	3,363	T. L. Molony	8th March
Khosrou	3,768	J. Hannah	23rd March
Homayun	3,363	T. L. Molony	10th May
Khosrou	3,768	J. Hannah	25th May
Homayun	3,363	T. L. Molony	13th July
Khosrou	3,768	J. Hannah	27th July

Excellent accommodation for passengers. Fitted throughout with Electric Light, and carry both Surgeon and Stewardess. Fares Rs. 450 and Rs. 400 according to position of Cabin. For further particulars apply to

M. M. SHIRAZEE,
Agent.

No. 1, Ash Lane, Fort.

---

11 Gold Medals awarded.
Number of inventions patented!

HARICHAND MANCHARAM & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF FIRE,

FALL & BURGLAR PROOF SAFES,

LOCKS AND STRONG ROOMS.

OURS is the OLDEST FIRM in India of its kind.

Fireproof composition under the Supervision of the famous scientist, Prof. T. K. Gajjar, M. A., B. Sc., F. C. S.

The inspection of our wares is respectfully invited.

HEAD OFFICE AND SHOWROOM:—
HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£ 800,000
RESERVE FUND	£ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,
Bombay,
Madras,
Karachi,
Lahore
Amritsar,
Delhi,
Cawnpore
Chittagong,
Tuticorin,
Cochin,
Rangoon,
Mandalay,
Colombo,
Kandy
Newera-Eliya.
Aden (Camp.)
Aden, (Steamer Point)
Zanzibar,
Mombasa,
Nairobi,
Entebbe,
Kampala, Uganda.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realizing Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141, BOMBAY.
J. BLACK, Ag. Manager.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital paid up..................Gold $ 3,250,000.00
RESERVE FUND and undivided profits..................Gold $ 3,305,710.96

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House.
Bishopsgate Street, Within E.C.—

BRANCHES:

Bombay.
Calcutta.
Singapore.
Hongkong.
Canton.
Manila.
Cebu.
Shanghai.
Hankow.
Peking.
Yokohama.
Kobe.
San Francisco.
Washington.
Mexico.
Panama.
Colon.
Empire.

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and cable transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

GEO. HOGG, Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43, Church Gate Street.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 16,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund	£ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY
BANGKOK
BATAVIA
BOMBAY
CALCUTTA
CANTON
COLOMBO
FOOCHOW
HAMBURG
HANKOW
HONGKONG
IPOH (Federated Malay States.)
JOHORE, (Malay Peninsula.)
KOBE
KUALA LUMPUR (Federated Malay States)
LONDON
LYONS
MALACCA,
MANILA
NAGASAKI
NEW YORK
PEKING
PENANG
RANGOON
SAIGON
SAN FRANCISCO.
SHANGHAI
SINGAPORE
SOURABAYA
TIENTSIN
YOKOHAMA
YLOILO

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every discription of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. A. JEFFREY,
Agent.

CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

FASHION AND BEAUTY IN JEWELRY

is to be found in design and colour irrespective of mere cost.

Jewelry has long ceased to be a symbol of wealth; it is now recognised by even the most modest followers of fashion as a necessity, and a necessity which must synchronise with the progress of fashion in dress. To be fashionably dressed it is indispensible to be fashionably Jewelled.

The DISTINCTIVE FEATURE in the JEWELRY of this season is the ROUND FLAT PENDANT or the

JEWELLED PLAQUE

worn with the new *demi-sautoir* Necklet and which is made up in either gold or platinum or in combination. Originally this was a costly conceit, with a foundation of enamel in which was a design, usually of Empire character, in close set diamonds, but the present season is offering the daintiest of these ornaments, which carry the finest gold or platinum trellis work or bars as the base, and lightly and delicately touched with gems.

The INTERCHANGEABLE idea of some of these PLAQUES mounted with Diamonds, is, that they are made with four coloured discs, which can be attached to the back of the ornament and can be exchanged very easily at the desire of the wearer. These are now largely in use, for they begin at a moderate price and are so new and so charming that they are irresistible. Irresistible to every lady of fashion who rejoices in the possession of new trinkets, no matter how well stocked her jewel case may be.

For the LATEST DESIGNS and for UP-TO-DATE JEWELRY inspect the UNPARALELLED STOCK at

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

JEWELLERS AND WATCHMAKERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE HOUSE for the following Dried Desert Nuts, namely, WALNUTS, ALMONDS HAZELNUTS and CHESTNUTS.

'XMAS 1910.

Just unpacked from HIGH CLASS FIRMS:—

MALAGA RAISINS, (Extra choice) in 5½ lbs. box.
Do. (Extra) in 5½ lbs. box.
Do. (Extra) in 4½ lbs. box.
Do. (Ordinary choice) in 5½ lbs. box.
SPANISH IMPERIAL FIGS in 1 lb. tin.
FRESH SPANISH GRAPES in barrels at Re. 1 per lb.
NAPLES FIGS in 2 lbs. baskets.
FRENCH FRUITS in Syrup, Assorted Extra in Bottle.

Gruyere, Parmesan Gorgonzola Cheddar loaf, Dutch Cream Balls in tin foil and other various Cheeses. Maccaroni, Vermicelli and Soup Pastes of various shapes and designs. Pure Olive Oil (genuine). Italian Wine Vinegar. Ham and Bacon and Sausages.

Our CLARET (Grignolino) WINE the genuine in great demand, Rs. 11 per doz. bots.

Favourable Term for THE SEASON only (to Cash purchasers only) a disc. of 10 per cent. for sum exceeding over Rs. 12.

SALE

OF SURPLUS CHRISTMAS STOCK

at a reduction of 2 annas in the rupee.

MONGINI BROTHERS,

THURSDAY, 5TH; FRIDAY, 6TH; AND SATURDAY, 7TH INST.

'XMAS HAMPERS,
'XMAS STOCKINGS,
CRACKERS,
ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS,
FANCY BOXES OF CHOCOLATES,
FRUITS, in jars and in tins, &c., &c., &c.

ALL IN PERFECT CONDITION.

MONGINI BROTHERS,

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

Agents for India:—TREACHER AND CO., LTD. BOMBAY, BYCULLA, and POONA.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/9. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A NEW medical work on the causes and most scientific and effectual means of self-cure ever discovered for nervous exhaustion, depression of spirits, want of energy, &c., with practical observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disqualifications that destroy the happiness of wedded life. It also treats on urinary derangements, nervous prostration, stricture, &c., and no sufferer should fail to procure a copy. Post free in plain envelope on receipt of Postal Order Sixpence, from THE VETARZO REMEDIES CO., Gospel Oak, London, or of Agents for above medicines. Price 10 annas Post Free.

DUNLOP TYRES

First in 1888, Foremost Ever Since.

NEW PATTERN TYRE

with almost the strength of a

MULTICYCLE TYRE AT THE PRICE

of an Ordinary Roadster

THE DUNLOP TYRE CO.,
WALLACE STREET, BOMBAY.

Recently Specially Appointed

MOTOR TYRE MANUFACTURERS TO

H. M. THE KING-EMPEROR.

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM Co. LTD.,

GRAHAMS BUILDINGS.
BOMBAY.

TURPENE

THE BEST SUBSTITUTE FOR TURPENTINE.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE.

Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS, Re. 1

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL

Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE

Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour. Rs. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS

Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Rs. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER

scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT

Cures in a day. As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA.

WARLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

JOSEPH EVANS & SONS,

(WOLVERHAMPTON), LTD.,

CULWELL WORKS, WOLVERHAMPTON, ENG.

MAKERS OF

PUMPS & PUMPING MACHINERY,

FOR

STEAM, HAND, HORSE, BELT & ELECTRIC POWER,

MINING & IRRIGATION PUMPS A SPECIALITY.

WRITE FOR LIST No. 30.

CABLE: "EVANS," WOLVERHAMPTON.
CODES: OWN & A B C (5TH EDITION).

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED, on THURSDAY, the 12th instant, being a Public Holiday under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

BOMBAY RACES.

8th, 11th, 13th, 15th and 18th FEB. 1911.

OWNERS are reminded that SECOND ENTRIES CLOSE on TUESDAY, 10th January, 1911.

CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. C.

Byculla, 3rd January, 1911.

BOMBAY FIFTH EXTRA MEETING.

SATURDAY, 14th JANUARY, 1911.

OWNERS are reminded that ENTRY CLOSES at 6 P.M. on MONDAY, 9th January, 1911.

CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. C.

Byculla, 3rd January, 1910.

TENDERS.

TATA HYDRO-ELECTRIC WORKS.

PAULING & COMPANY, LIMITED, CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of any quantity up to One Million Cubic Feet of good HYDRAULIC LIME, subject to tests to be made by the Resident Engineer.

Delivery to be made on trucks at any specified station, G. I. P. Railway.

A sample of lime must be sent with each Tender, carriage paid, not later than January 20th, to the Undersigned, from whom full particulars can be obtained.

O. C. ORMSBY,
Contractor's Agent.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the half year ended 31st December last, at the Rate of 11 per cent. per annum and a bonus of 2 per cent. per annum both free from Income-Tax, will be payable on application on and after FRIDAY, the 13th instant, to Registered Shareholders, on 31st December, 1910.

By Order of the Board,
J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 5th January, 1911.

THE BOMBAY COTTON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

THIRD INSTALMENT OF Rs. 125 PER SHARE ON CALL OF Rs. 375 PER SHARE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the THIRD INSTALMENT of Rs. 125 per Share, on call of Rs. 375 per Share, on the 1,200 Ordinary Shares of the third issue in the Company, is made payable on or before the tenth day of January, 1911, at the Registered Office of the Company, Albert Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. Interest at the Rate of 9 per cent per annum, will be charged on the amount due if not paid on or before the said date and rebate at the rate of 6 per cent per annum will be allowed, on the said amount if paid before the said date.

By Order of the Board,
HORMUSJEE SONS & CO.,
Agents.

Bombay, 6th December, 1910.

THE INDIAN COTTON COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TWENTY-FIFTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders, of the Indian Cotton Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Nos. 7 and 9 Church Gate Street, on MONDAY, the 9th January, 1911, at 3-30 P.M., Standard Time, to transact the following business:—

1. To receive the Directors' Report and the Audited Accounts of the Company up to 30th September, 1910.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To elect a Director in the room of the Director who retires by rotation, but who is eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration.
5. To transact any other business which the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOK of the Company will be CLOSED from 4th to 18th January, 1911, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
GADDUM & CO., LD.,
Secretaries & Teasurers.

Bombay, 17th December, 1910.

THE NEW BERAR COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the THIRTY-SEVENTH ORDINERY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders, of the New Berar Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Nos. 7 and 9 Church Gate Street, on Monday, the 9th January, 1911, at 3-50 p.m., Standard Time, to transact the following business:—

1. To receive the Directors' Report and the Audited Accounts up to 30th September, 1910.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To elect a Director in the room of the Director, who retires by rotation, but is eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration.
5. To transact any other business which the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 4th to 18th January, 1911, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
GADDUM & CO., LD.,
Secretaries & Teasurers,

Bombay, 17th December, 1910.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, up to 1 P.M. (Bombay Time), on MONDAY, the 30th day of January, 1911, for the SUPPLY of 100 DOUBLE VALVE HYDRANTS.

2. Form of Contract, Specification, etc., may be obtained free of charge from the undersigned, who will, on application, give any further information that may be required.

3. Tenders must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 200 to be paid to the Chief Accountant in cash, or public securities, and to be forfeited in case of withdrawal of Tender, or of refusal to sign the Contract.

4. A further payment to make the total deposit equivalent to 10 per cent. on the Contract amount will have to be made by the Contractor, whose Tender may be accepted, according to the terms of the contract.

5. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
J. LACEY,
Storekeeper, Municipality.

Storekeeper's Office,
Chinchpokli, 4th January, 1911.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes:—

9½ inch by 4¼ inch ...Rupee 1 per hundred*
9½ inch by 4¼ inch ...Annas 14 per do. *

*If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000.

5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand*
*If printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

THE SCHOOLMASTER TEACHES YOU AT YOUR OWN HOME.

PRINCIPAL JOHN P. LONG, B.A., Honours in Teacher's Diploma, late PROFESSOR OF ENGLISH, at the Swansea University College, prepares by POSTAL TUITION. Pupils in all subjects for the Indian Civil Service, Universities, Law, Medical, and in Journalism, Literary Training, Economics, Logic, and European Languages, etc. Mr. Long is assisted by a staff of Expert Graduates.

The Principal has worked in Wales for over fifteen years. WALES IS ADMITTED TO-DAY, to have the best SYSTEM OF EDUCATION in the WORLD.

Indian Students coming to England can be prepared privately by Principal Long, at Richmond.

Richmond is a delightful spot on the Thames, ten miles from the City of London.

FEES MAY BE PAID BY MONTHLY instalments.

Apply for terms, testimonials, etc. to—

Principal JOHN P. LONG, B.A.,
Richmond Correspondence School,
Alexandra Road,
St. MARGARETS ON THAMES,
W. LONDON.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 733 of 1909.

MATHURDAS RAWJI, a Firm..................Plaintiff.

vs.

1. JAVERVAHOO, widow of DAYAL KHIMJI.......
2. VALLABHDAS TULSIDAS..................
3. VITHALDAS NARANDAS, the Executors of the last Will and testament of DAYAL KHIMJI, deceased, and
4. TULSIDAS LUXMIDAS..................Defendants.

PURSUANT to the decree absolute made in the above Suit, and bearing date the 12th day of April, 1910, the following immovable proporties will be SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION in two lots, by the Commissioner of this Honoorable Court, at his office in the Court House, on THURSDAY, the 19th day of January, 1911, at the hour of 4 o'clock, in the afternoon.

PARTICULARS.

All the right, title and interest of the plaintiffs and the defendants abovenamed, in Lot No. 1.

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground with the measuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate in Manoredas Roopji Lane, also called Mody Street, within the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement forty-four square yards or thereabouts Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collectors' Old No. 7011, New No. 5923, Old survey No. 1311, New Survey No. 8522, and Assessed by the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward A No. 2015, Street No. 251,53, and bounded as follows:—On the North by the said Manordas Roopji Lane, on the South by the house of Hargovan Jiwan, on the East partly by the house of Ranchordas Meghji, and partly by the house of Khimji Lakhmidas, and on the West by the house of the said Hargowan Jiwan.

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground with the measuage, tenement or dwelling-house, situate in Rampart Row, now called Mint Road, within the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement two hundred and seven square yards or thereabouts, and bounded as follows:—That is to say on the East by the said Rampart Row, on the West by the property of the said Khimji Lakhmidas, herein firstly described, on the South by the property of Ranchord Meghji, and on the North by the said Manordas Roopji Lane, and which premises are assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collectors'Old No. 730, Collectos' New No. 5,943, Old Survery No. 1275, 1,309, and New Survey No. 8,522, and Assessed by the Assessor of Municipal rates and taxes, under A Ward No. 1,985, street No. 144.

LOT No. 11.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground containing by admeasurement one thousand and eighty-three square yards or thereabouts, with the Bunglow or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate at Banganga Row Walkeshwar, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, and Assessed by the Collector of Assessment under Ward D. No. 2986, and Street Nos. 8, 10, 12, and bounded as follows:—On the East by the said Walkeshwar or Malabar Hill Road, on the West partly by a public passage and partly by a Dharamsalla of Jairaj Mukunji on the North partly by the Dharamsalla of Jairaj Mukunji, and partly by the Dharamsalla of Bhowear Caste, on the South by the Dharamsalla of Mochee (Shoe-makers) community.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. MULLA & MULLA, Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed, at No. 23, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.—Dated this 29th day of November, 1910.

J. E. MODI,
Commissioner.

NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

TENDER FOR WINTER CLOTHING MATERIALS.

SEALED TENDERS superscribed "TENDER FOR WINTER CLOTHING MATERIALS," are invited and will be received by the Manager in his office at Lahore (Post Office Naulakha,) up to 12 noon, on TUESDAY, 31st January, 1911 (at which date, time and place they will be opened in the presence of any tenderers who wish to be present,) for certain country Stores to be supplied for 12 months commencing 1st April, 1911. The Stores will require to be delivered at Lahore Stores Depot, but may be consigned from out-stations in accordance with terms noted, in the form of Tender. The following are the items required:—

1.	Cloth Serge Blue No I...............	4,500 Yards.
2.	„ „ „ No. II...............	45,000 Yards.
3.	Cloth Blue double milled.........	500 „
4.	Cloth blue superfine...............	2,500 „
5.	Cloth Grey Oxford...................	3,000 „
6.	Cloth Serge Grey natural	800 „
7.	Cloth Grey Blanketting	30,000 „

2. All material must be of genuine country manufacture and Tenderers must state on their Tenders at what mills in India the materials will be made.

3. Lists of the articles required will be posted on the Stores Notice Board at the principal Railway Stations on the North-Western Railway and further details and form of Tender can be obtained on application to the Chief Store Keeper, North-Western Railway, Lahore, by whom a charge of Rs. 5 will be made for each tender form.

4. Samples of the various items tendered for legibly marked with the name and address of tenderers should be delivered free of all charges at the office of the Chief Storekeeper, Lahore, not later than 12 noon on Monday the 30th January.

5. Earnest money as prescribed in form of tender must be remitted in Lahore Circle Currency Notes only when the deposit required is under 500 Rupees. When 500 and over, Government Securities must be tendered. In both cases they should be remitted to the Chief Cashier, North-Western Railway, Naulakha, Lahore, whose receipt should be attached to the form of tender. The Government Security will require to be endorsed in favor of the Manager, North-Western Railway.

6. Tenders not submitted on the prescribed form or received without the receipt for earnest money will not be considered.

7. The Manager holds himself at liberty to select one or more items from any tender without reference to the other items in the same tender and does not bind himself to accept the whole or any part of the lowest or any tender.

8. The acceptance or rejection of Tenders will not be notified till about a month from date of opening of tenders.

Chief Storekeeper's Office,
Lahore, dated 23rd December, 1910.

JARRAH WOOD

WESTRALIAN JARRAH, STEAM, SAWN SCANTLINGS, suitable for Flooring, Joists, Rafters, Posts, Chowkhats, Office Partitions, Doors, Windows, Polished Furniture, Frame-work, Cotton Bale Ribs. Jarrah is about half the price of Teak. A large assortment of Scantling sizes and lengths always kept in stock at our MAZAGON DEPOT, Victoria Road.

Price List and Sample Free on Application

MILLARS' KARRI & JARRAH CO. (1902) LD.,
YORK BUILDINGS,
Hornby Road,
BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATION.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per P. & O. S. N. Company's s. s. "HIMALAYA," from JAPAN, CHINA, STRAITS and COLOMO are hereby informed of the vessel's arrival, and requested to take immediate delivery of their goods landed at No. 12 Shed, Victoria Dock.

Captain Ericson, the Surveyor, will attend every morning to survey damaged packages. All claims in this respect must be preferred to the undersigned within 7 days from the date of discharge, and Bills should be presented for payment within one month from the steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained.

No surveys will be held on bag cargo packed in single gunnies only, or on goods removed from the Landing Shed.

A. H. FROOM,
ACTING SUPERINTENDENT,
P. & O. S. N. Co.

BOMBAY MILLOWNERS' ASSOCIATION.

THE Committee of the Association have APPOINTED MONDAY, 16th instant, for the purpose of BALLOTING for the ELECTION of a CHAIRMAN of the Association, for the current year; MONDAY, 23rd, for the election of DEPUTY CHAIRMAN; and Monday, 30th instant, for the ELECTION of the remaining 18 MEMBERS of the Committee. Voting Papers will be issued in due course.

By Order of the Committee,
J. B. LESLIE-ROGERS,
Secretary.

Bombay, 9th January, 1911.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

INVITATION OF TENDERS FOR FOOD SUPPLY TO MUNICIPAL CATTLE.

SEALED TENDERS for the SUPPLY of the following articles for one year from 1st March, 1911, to 29th February, 1912, are invited by the Municipal Commissioner on the subjoined conditions to which the attention of the intending Tenderers is specially drawn. The Tenders will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, upto 1 P.M. (Bombay Time), on WEDNESDAY, the 25th January, 1911.

Tender No. 1, for Ooreed (about 42,00,000 lbs.), Gram (about 1,00,000 lbs), Bran, Oil Cakes, Matra, Rice, Barley, Toor grain, Koolthi, Cottonseed and Salt, for the Municipal Bullocks, Heifers, Horses and Mules.

Tender No. 1 A (alternative Tender to No. 1) for Gram (about 47,00,000 lbs), Bran (about 5,30,000 lbs), Oil Cakes, Matra, Rice, Barley, Toor Grain, Koolthi, Cottonseed and Salt for the Municipal Bullocks, Heifers, Horses, and Mules.

Tender No. 2, for Hay, Green Grass, and Rice Straw for Municipal Bullocks, Heifers and Cows to be supplied in Bombay.

Tender No. 3, for Hay, Lucerne Grass and Rice Straw for Cattle, Sheep and Goats at the Municipal Slaughter Houses, at Bandra.

Alternative rates for the supply of Ooreed (1) as per sample to be inspected in the office of the Executive Health Officer and (2) of the quality known as Rangoon Ooreed should be distinctly specified in Tender No. 1.

Printed forms of Tender and conditions of contract, &c., can be obtained free of charge from the Office of the Executive Health Officer.

A deposit of Rs. 2,000 in case of item No. 1, or item 1 A, of Rs. 1,500 in case of item 2 and Rs. 500 in case of item 3, must be paid into the Chief Accountant's Office at the time of lodging the Tenders which will be forfeited in case of withdrawal of Tenders or of refusal to sign the contract.

Successful Tenderers must pay full stamp duty on their respective contracts and the charges, if any, for executing them. The successful Tenderer or Tenderers will be required to deposit in cash or securities only 2 per cent. of the total contract amount, and as a further security for the fulfilment of the contract deductions will be made at the rate of 5 per cent. up to a limit of 10 per cent. on the contract amount from the fortnightly bills to be paid as hereinafter mentioned and these deductions will be added to the original deposits and will be subject to the same conditions and restrictions as regards the original deposits. The securities, if paid in cash, will bear no interest but will at the request of the successful Tenderer be invested in Government or other securities from time to time on conditions to be ascertained from the Chief Accountant.

Payments for supplies received will be made fortnightly on receipt of properly certified bills. The first fortnightly payment will be made after the 2nd fortnightly supply is received in March 1911 and thereafter every fortnight and the payment due for the supplies made during the first fortnight on the contract will be held as security for the due fulfilment of the contract and will be subjected to the same conditions as the deposit of 2 per cent. of the contract amount and the 5 per cent. deductions made from the fortnightly bills.

The supplies to be made of the different articles specified above must be all of the first quality according to sealed samples open to inspection in the office of the Executive Health Officer except in regard to Rangoon Ooreed of which a sample of the quality to be supplied should be forwarded with the Tenders.

Tenderers must distinctly understand that the terms as regards deposits, &c., stipulated in Tender forms will not be allowed to be altered.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender or Tenders and reserves the right before accepting Tenders of revising such of the rates in the successful Tenders as may appear to be exceptionally high.

P. R. CADELL,
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.

Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 6th January, 1911.

BANK OF BOMBAY, SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS.

MATHERAN.

ALBERT VICTOR COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL.

Separate Billiard Saloon & Restaurant on the Premises.

THIS commodious hotel contains 25 bedrooms with TILED flooring, each 14 × 16 feet, with a front verandah 12 feet wide. Every bed-room has its own bath-room and dressing room with tiled flooring. The hotel consists of several detached Bungalows suitable for families. It is situated in a large shady compound, commanding a beautiful westerly view. A separate Bungalow, known as the "Wilderness," is specially fitted up for Princes and Nabobs. Please apply for—

Terms for Board and Lodging, &c. to E. K. KHAN.

BOOKS FOR SALE.

ROUND ABOUT BOMBAY.
By James Douglas. Rs. 5.

THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY.
(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5.

LAYS OF THE LAW,
(A Selection of Leading Cases.)
By W. E. H. Re. 1.

GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights
By L. P. Parikh. Rs. 6.

Apply "The Bombay Gazette" Office.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH NOVELTY THEATRE.

TO-NIGHT,
A GRAND ATTRACTION
For the First Time in Bombay.
A JAPANESE PLAY.
"THE PUNISHMENT OF THE SAMURAI."

A Magnificent Story acted specially for the Cinematograph at Paris, during the visit of the famous Japanese Company on their tour of the world.

A TREAT TO ALL.
ALSO
A Stirring Dramatic Film,
A FALSE ACCUSATION,
And many other Pectures.

SKATING RINK.

DAILY SESSIONS AS USUAL.
THURSDAY, 12th JANUARY,
BANK HOLIDAY.
NO PRACTICE SESSIONS.
GENERAL SKATING, 9 to 11 A.M.
BAND IN ATTENDANCE.

TUESDAY, 17th JAN.—A NIGHT OF RACES.
TUESDAY, 7th FEB.—A FANCY DRESS CARNIVAL.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &C.

CROFT, MODY & CO.

THE following popular and well known BRANDS of WHISKIES can be had Wholesale from

CROFT, MODY & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS, BOMBAY,
OR RETAIL FROM
Messrs. BRANDON & Co.,
VICTORIA TERMINUS
AND
DENISON & Co.,
HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

O. T. B. (Old Mac Taggart Blend)
F. O. S. (Finest old Scotch)
From DONALD Mc. TAGGART & Co., Strathspey and Glasgow.
A. L. W. (Antique Liqueur)
R. O. T. (Rare Old Talisker)
From The DAILUAINE-TALISKER DISTILLERS LTD.

BANKS.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID UP...	Yen. 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ... „	16,600,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien
Bombay
Changchun
Dairen (Dalny)
Hankow
Hongkong
Honolulu
Kobe
Liaoyang
London
Lyons
Fengtien (Mukden)
Nagasaki
Newchwang
New York
Osaka
Peking
Ryojun (Port Arthur)
San Francisco
Shanghai
Tiehling
Tientsin
Tokyo

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

K. KODAMA,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up)..........................	Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper)......................................	Rs. 28,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description, transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

FOR
WEDDING, BIRTHDAY,
AND
XMAS GIFTS.
CONSULT
P. MEHTA & CO.,
INDIA'S CHEAPEST AND UP-TO-DATE JEWELLERS.
MAKING GOLD AND JEM SET JEWELLERY A SPECIALITY.
Illustrated Catalogues free on Application.
109, Medow Street.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER—will make your Silver and Plated Table Ware, look their brightest. Annas 12 per tin. Rs. 8 per doz Instructions for using on every box. We use it ourselves and have had every opportunity of watching its lasting effect for the good of Silver and Plate. MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers, Bombay and Poona.

WANTED.—A CLERK, with knowledge of Typewriting. Salary Rs. 35 per month. Apply to Box No. 1981, care of this Paper.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW, TUESDAY. Late Mr. C. A. WORDSWORTH and OTHERS' Valuable furniture, piano, etc., at Gordon House, Apollo Bunder.

FLAT TO LET.—Fully Furnished FLAT BERYL HOUSE, Wodehouse-Road, for 6 months, from March 1st (earlier if required). Two entertaining Rooms, two Bed-rooms, Dressing-Rooms, English Baths, usual offices, servants' quarters, Electric Lift, lights and fans. Rs. 250.—Apply to "X Z," Care of this Office.

SALES & MORTGAGES arranged in the shortest possible time.—LUARD BARRINGTON AND CO., P. O. Box No. 239, Bombay.

AN INVITATION—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and Rs. 3 elsewhere, can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourselves. Only genuine Wines and Liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand-new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners served till late hours.

MILK-BUTTER-CREAM.—Can be supplied fresh daily; up-country orders for Butter supplied in tins. Rates moderate on application to PARISIAN DAIRY Co., 1, Tamarind Lane, Bombay.

ACCESSORIES, SPARES, &c.—The only Firm where you can get anything and everything for Motor Cars at very LOW PRICES, is THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING CO., 14, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.

WONDERFUL Discovery—Specific for Hydrocele, Varicocele, Hernia, Elephantiasis and Dropsy. Guaranteed to cure any nature and standing radically by using externally. Rs. 2-8 oz.—B. GHOSE & Co., Chemists, 85/1, Bechu Chatterji's Street, Calcutta.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

REPAIRS OF Rs. 1-8 within 25 years. I take this opportunity to tell you that Singer's Sewing Machine, which purchased 25 years ago, has required only Rs. 1-8 for repairs, and it is still going strong of all parts.—I. R. Gardener, 10, Forbes Street, Bombay.

FORSALE.—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 403, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ALWAYS go where you will get what you want without delays.—LUARD BARRINGTON AND CO., P. O. Box No. 239, Bombay.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes. "Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes:—9½ inch by 4¼ inch Rupee 1 per hundred 9½ inch by 4¼ inch, Annas 14 per hundred, (If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000.) 5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand (If printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. E. H., Re. 1. Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4 1/32d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts Apply to the Manager The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

OVERLAND "SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET."—Published Weekly (on Saturdays) in time for the English Mail. A complete rechauffe of Indian News particularly interesting to Anglo-Indians, retired or on leave. Subscription inclusive of postage, One Sovereign or Rs. 15 per annum. Back numbers, if available 8 annas each up to 12 months old; over 12 months, an additional rupee for every year.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

TO ESCAPE
All Dangers—Moral and Physical,
Please Read our Book!!!
"KAM SHASTRA,"
A GUIDE to Health, Wealth and Prosperity!
Available in all Languages!!
English, Marathi, Hindi, Gujarati, Urdu, Bangali, Telugu and Tamil!
Kanarese Edition in the Press!!
More than 600,000 copies already supplied!
GRATIS and POST-FREE.
Apply to:—VAIDYA SHASTRI
MANISHANKAR GOVINDJI,
Jamnagar, (Kathiawar).

BANKS.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.
BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. S.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL..................	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 285,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E C.

LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS,
BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED...	Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP... „	50,00,000
RESERVE FUND.......... „	1,75,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half-year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL	£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND...................................	£1,600,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.........	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
38, Bishopsgate, London E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg
Bombay
Calcutta
Madras
Rangoon
Colombo
Karachi
Amritsar
Penang
Thaiping (Perak F. M. S.)
Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S.
Medan Deli (Sumatra)
Singapore
Kwala Lumpor (F. M. S.)
Klang (F. M. States.)
Seremban (F. M. States.)
Bangkok
Batavia
Sourabaya
Saigon
Manilla
Cebu
Hongkong
Foochow
Shanghai
Tientsin
Hankow
Yokohama
Kobe
New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—11-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34.

JOHN GREIG,
Agent.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

PAY NOTHING.

Only drop a Card to-day for a Free Sample Copy of
INDUSTRY,
A monthly Journal of Handicrafts and Commerce.
Containing useful and practical hints for preparing household necessities, starting of small mechanical and manual industries, etc.,
And you will get a copy Absolutely Free.

Royal Ed. Rs. 2. People's Ed. Re. 1-3.

For Readers—
Interesting Throughout.
For Advertisers—
Absolutely sure Medium.

For Free Sample Copy and Adv. rates please write to the MANAGER,
"INDUSTRY" Office
3, Mohunlal-Mitter's Lane,
Shambazar, CALCUTTA.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &C.

FOR SALE.

	Rs.
BILLIARD TABLE, Full Size......	700
PIANO, by Dorner, Stuttgart	400
SIDE SADDLE..............................	60
TWO GENT'S SADDLES............	45

Apply to—
Mr. C. DROZ,
Bandra Hill or 11, Hornby Road, Fort.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, for sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture

INSURANCES.

BONUS YEAR 1910.

NORTH BRITISH
AND
MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.
ESTABLISHED 1809.

CHIEF OFFICES
EDINBURGH: 64, Prince's Street.
LONDON: 61 Threadneedle Street.

Total Funds exceed	£19,670,000
Total Revenue for 1909 exceeded.	£4,280,000

The sum of over ONE MILLION STERLING was divided among Participating Life Policy-holders in 1905, yielding a BONUS at the Rate of £1-8-0 per cent, per annum not only on the original sums assured but also on all subsisting Bonuses.

POLICIES in some cases have been MORE THAN DOUBLED in amount by the addition of BONUSES.

NEW SCHEME.

Double Endowment Assurance in India at English Rates. Full particulars on application.

For latest PROSPECTUS and Proposal Forms apply to

Messrs. KING KING & Co.,
Secretaries,
NORTH BRITISH and MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.,
KING'S BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
or to the
NORTH BRITISH and MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY'S OFFICE,
100, Clive Street, Calcutta, and 4 and 5 Koila Ghat Street, Calcutta.

GRESHAM LIFE OFFICE.

IMMEDIATE ANNUITIES with RETURN of PURCHASE MONEY.

THIS NOVEL and most ATTRACTIVE SCHEME which has been recently introduced offers exceptional Advantages to prospective Annuitants and the "GRESHAM" is the first Insurance Company to offer its benefits to the Public.

(1). A RETURN OF THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE PURCHASE MONEY GUARANTEED IN ANY EVENT.
Under the old scheme, the Capital was lost at Death, whenever it occurred.

(2). A LIBERAL SURRENDER VALUE ALLOWED SHOULD IT BE DESIRED TO REVOKE THE CONTRACT AT ANY TIME.
Under the old scheme, the Annuitant had no control over his Capital once paid down.

For full particulars apply to—

CROFT MODY & CO.
Chief Agents for India, Burma and Ceylon,
BOMBAY.

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY to Lovers of Old Chinese Arts and Curios.

SALE of OLD CHINESE CLOISONNE, Valuable old China, Chinese Embroidery, Ivory, etc.

Messrs. SORABJI COWASJI and Co., will, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th day of January, 1911, sell by Public Auction, at their Sales Rooms, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), a small valuable collection of Chinese porcelain cloisonne, and embroidery, consisting of Kanghi Famille verte vase, famille rose vase, 2 rare Shung bhi jars with porcelain and wooden covers, Kanghi blue and white jar, Ming pen washer, peach bloom Astar bottle. Ming pale blue and green vase, Sung bottle, Pekin gold inlaid cloisonne bowls, incense burners, vases, and a lot of embroidered sleeves, skirts, aprons, covers, including a pail of very rare Kang-Hitia jars, old kanghi famille noir beaker shape vases, one Sung Galur and other rare Kanghi, Khung bhi and Ming pieces, besides a few lots of old artstically carved ivory figures and rare old crystal, porcelain and agate snuff bottles.

Also a consignment of carved sandlewood.

Will be on view two days previous to sale.

SALE OF A CINEMATOGRAPH.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., Auctioneers, will, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th day of January, 1911, sell by Public Auction, at their Sales Rooms, at 3-30 p.m. (Standard Time), 21, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

By order of Nacoda Shahaboodin bin Haji Sharfuddin Ghattay and Bai Marianbai, the mortgagees, and on account and at the risk of Edulji Cowasji Patel, the mortgagor.

1 Cinematograph with 8 Films.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO MERCHANTS AND PRIVATE BUYERS.

BONA FIDE SALE of English Boots and Shoes.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., Auctioneers, will, on FRIDAY the 13th day of January, 1911, sell by Public Auction, at their Sales Rooms at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.).

A lot of about 500 pairs Gentlemen, Ladies and Children's boots and shoes by Dawson, Ellis and other well-known makers.

Cash will be required at the time of knocking the lots to the purchasers.

Goods will be sold in small lots to suit the convenience of buyers.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 9th January, 1911.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,

No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED AND CONFISCATED GOODS, belonging to the Government (Customs Department).

In accordance with Section 88 of the Sea Customs Act VIII of 1878, under instructions from the Collector of Customs, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Town Custom House, THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 9th instant at 2 p.m. (S.T.), the following unclaimed and confiscated goods, 25 cases beer, cases drapery, electric-wire cables, pad-locks, tin-plates, gurjan oil, metal and silver watches, sundry samples bags, coffee and sugar, deck chairs, iron tub, pieces wood, &c.

Also

At 4-15 p.m. (S.T.), at the Victoria Dock, Unclaimed Warehouse, No. 10:—14 casks cement.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 9th January, 1911.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 19 June, 2017

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

WEEKLY SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 9th January, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms in Bank Street, Fort, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following:—

Furniture such as almirah, cupboards, writing, dressing and wash-hand tables, cots, iron safes, one ten stops American organ, cottage piano by Soundy and Co.

By order of the concerned—

A large number of fancy electric lamp shades of various sizes and colours.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General, Bombay, the effects of the late Kasidas Nandlal and his widow, Manibai, alias Navibai, consisting of seed pearl mohanmala, gold patlies, silver toys, iron safe, chest of drawers, wardrobe, German silver pots, copper and brass pots, silk and cotton sarees, cholees, wooden and tin boxes, mattresses, pillows, etc.

Also, re late Mr. W. C. Beard—35 tins of gold seal tooth powder.

At 2-30 P.M. (S.T.)

Several gents' bicycles by different makers.
1 rubber-tyred light victoria.
1 rubber-tyred light brougham.
1 rubber-tyred light shigram.

SALE on TUESDAY, 10th January.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 10th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the Gordon House, Apollo Bunder, next to Mr. A. Bhicajee, Jeweller, the valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood, household furniture, rich glassware and crookery ware, best plated ware, sliding dining table, chairs, mirror back large sideboard and dinner waggon, drawing-room suit of sofas and chairs, sweet-toned cottage piano, by Soundy and Co., Jost fan, Austrian safe, a year winding timepiece, English mirror cabinets and almiras and palm stands, carved blackwood furnitures, iron and brass single and double bedsteads, marble topped dressing wash-hand tables, clothes and gown presses, cane furniture, table and hanging lamps, large Cambay carpets, valuable books, enamelled bed-room furniture suit, pictures, rich table ornaments, etc., the property of the late C. A. Wordsworth, Esq., of Messrs. Kiddle Reeve and Co. and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE of 110 bales Sindh Punjab Cotton, damaged by Sea water.

Under instructions from the Insurance Office concerned, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 11th day of January 1911, at 4-30 p. m. (S. T.) at Victoria Bunder, Colaba, near Sassoon Dock in the Jutha of Messrs. Gaddum and Co., the following:—

110 bales Sindh Punjab Cotton, damaged by Seawater.

A deposit of 50 p. c. will be required at the time of sale.

SALE on SUNDAY, 15th January.

On SUNDAY, the 15th Instant, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Bombay United Mills compound, New Queen's Road, Girgam, the valuable and handsome French-polished teakwood and blackwood household furniture, glassware and crockeryware, dining table and chairs, mirrored sideboard, set of Chesterfield drawing-room sofas and chairs, lined velvet, marbletopped tables and teapoys, side and corner cabinets, brass bedstead, iron single and double cots, single and double mirror door almiras, marble topped dressing and washhand tables, clothes presses, handsome cottage piano by Soundy and Co., large size Jost fan, large clock, handsome, large and small oil paintings, Watson's large size enlarging camera, cinematograph camera and 2 lenses by Voigtelaenders and Sons, magic lantern with slides, nearly new English stove with water tank, velvet piled large carpet, wind-proof lamps, etc., the property of A. E. Redhead, Esq. and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 3 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 9th January, 1911.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
24-26 Bank Street, Fort.

IMPORTANT TO PUBLIC MEN, SCHOLARS, BOOK-LOVERS, LIBRARIES, COLLEGES, SCHOOLS, etc.

BONA-FIDE AUCTION SALE of a Valuable Consignment of Books in all branches of Literature, Science, History and Fiction, Presentation Books, etc.

On THURSDAY, the 19th and SATURDAY, the 21st Instant, at 2 P.M., Messrs. J. S. Mody and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, in Bank Street, Fort, to highest bidders, a valuable consignment of books, comprising all the various departments of learning, as literature, history, science, fiction, biography, philosopy, a large collection of works on Indian and Oriental subjects, most important for public men, etc., dictionaries and works of reference, handsome table books, and books suitable for presentation. All the books are new as published and several of them rarely obtainable. Most of them are rich illustrated library editions and series. This is the first time a collection of such magnitude will be sold in Bombay.

Catalogues are ready, and the books are on view. Local offers for any of the numbers will be received at the Auctioneers' Offices, upto the date of the sale. Upcountry offers communicated by letter or telegram will be duly attended to.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTIES, situate at Indore and Sanavad respectively, in the Territories of H.H. the Maharaja of Indore, together with valuable machineries of Cotton Presses with engines, boilers and other moveable properties, connected therewith and used or intended to be used in connection therewith respectively.

Messrs. J. S. MODY AND CO., Auctioneers, will, under the instructions of Messrs. J. R. Patell and Co., Attorneys for the respondent and plaintiffs' Assignee, Mr. Cowasji Jehangir Mody, the Receiver, appointed by the High Court, in Appeal No. 22 of 1909, and Suit No. 188 of 1899, and on account and risk of the appellant and defendant Hajee Ebrahim Hajee Vayedina, sell by Public Auction, at their Auction Rooms, in Bombay, in two lots, on WEDNESDAY the 25th day of January, 1911, at 4 p. m. (S. T.), the valuable immoveable properties under the power of sale granted to the said Respondent and plaintiffs' Assignee by an Order, dated the 4th day of October, 1910, in the said High Court Suit No. 188 of 1899, and Appeal No. 22 of 1909.

Lot No. 1.

Firstly.—All that piece of land or ground situate in the City of Indore near the Indore Railway Station, together with Cotton Presses, offices and other buildings erected thereon, and bounded on or towards the east and south by the public roads leading to the City, on or towards the west by the land belonging to the Holkar Sirkar which used formerly to be vacant but on which recently sheds for soldiers have been erected, and on or towards the north by the property of the Holkar Sirkar called the Gadi Hadda. The same will not, however, include any ginning machinery, on the premises.

Secondly.—All that piece of land situate in the City of Indore, near the Indore Railway Station, together with bungalow and chawl erected thereon, and bounded on or towards the east by the property of Kasirao Dada, on or towards the west by a public road leading from the Railway Goods Station to the City, and on or towards the south by the property of Zamindar.

Together with all the machinery of one Cotton Press with engines, boiler and other moveable property connected therewith, and used or intended to be used in connection therewith.

Lot No. 2.

All that piece or parcel of land together with the press and office standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Sanavad in the territories of H. H. the Maharaja of Indore, known as Sanavad Press.

Together with one Cotton Press with engines, boilers and other movable properties connected therewith and used or intended to be used in connection therewith.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. J. R. Patell and Co., Solicitors, at their office at Sidick Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay or to the undersigned at their Auction Rooms, at Bank Street, Fort, Bombay.

J. S. MODY & CO.

Bombay, 9th January, 1911.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c. is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, at Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, January 6.

Consols 2 1-2 per cent.	79 1-2—1-8	
Rentes 3 per cent	97 1-2	unchgd
3 1-2 per cent. (Sterling Loan)	95—1-4	
3 1-2 per cent Government Securities	64 1-16+1-16	
Bar Silver in London	25 3-16	unchgd
Bar Silver 2 months hence	25 5-16	unchgd
Closing Tone of Silver.—Steady buyers at the rates.		
Silver in New York	....	
Exchange on London at Paris	25-29+1 1-2	
Do do Berlin	20-46+1-2	
Do do New York	....	
Discount Bank of England Rate	4 1-2 p.c. since 1-12-10	
Do. Short London Bills 3 m/st.	3 1-2—3-16	
Do. Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st.	3 1-2—1-8	
Do. Fine Trade Bills 3 months	3 7-8	unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months	3 7-8	unchgd
Interest day to day loans	2 5-8	unchgd
Do. 7 day market loans	2 7-8	unchgd
Bar Gold (per oz.)	77-9 1-8	unchgd

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate). 1-3-15. Unchgd

SPECIE SHIPMENTS.

Silver to Bombay	£	110,000
Bar Gold to Bombay	£	130,000
Soverign to Bombay	£	378,500
Silver to Calcutta	£	60,000
Gold to Calcutta	£	20,000

COTTON.

MANCHESTER, January 6.

LIVERPOOL—

Tone of Liverpool Cotton Spot.	Good demand, firm.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton Futures	Steady.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton East Indian	Quiet.
Tone of Manchester Market.	Good demand at firm rates
Total Sales	10,000
East Indian	50
Do. Day's Sales on Spot and for Exp	500
Do. Day's Imports	26,000
Mid Americans	8-08+7
Egyptian F. G. F.	11 1-16 unchgd

	J.-F.	F.-M.	M.-A.	A.-M.	M.-J.
Cotton Delivery Mid Uplands G.O.C.	7-87	7-89	7-90	7-91	7-91
	+ 5	+ 5	+ 5	+ 5	+ 5
	J.-J.	J.-A.	A.-S.	S.-O.	
Liverpool	7-90	7-88	7-68	7-21	
	+ 5	+ 6	+ 8	+ 4	

YARN.

40s Banner Mill Yarn	12 1-4
George Mayalls Twist	12 1-8

NEW YORK, January 6.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

COTTON:—

Days Receipts at all U.S. Ports	57,000
Do. Last year	24,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain	24,000
Do. Exports to Continent	14,000
Spot Cotton—15-00 unchgd	

Futures at New York Mar. 14-87—12
Do do May 15-01—11
Declined owing to longs unloading and advanced on firm Southern Spot market and improved demand.

Spot cotton at New York ...15-00 unchgd

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot Cotton	14 15-16 unchgd
Tone of spot cotton—Firm.	
Futures—Month of Mar.	15-02—10
Do. do May	15-22—10
Demand Bills	4 85 3-4+2-8
Silver Commercial Bar	54 1-2 unchgd
	Bales.
Cotton Stock in London	7,840
Week's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	221,000
Do Exports to Great Britain	129,000
Do Exports to Continent	82,000
Do Exports to Japan	4,000
Stock of Cotton at U. S. Ports	1,176,000
Do, of Cotton at Interior Ports	714,000

LONDON, Jan. 6.

WHEAT.

Wheat Choice White Karachi, per 492lbs C.I.F. ... 36 1-4
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.
Do. Name of Ports—London.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.
Wheat Red Karachi ... 35 1-2
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.—London—Sellers.
Tone of Wheat—Quiet but steady.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rozario Santa Fe-62lbs. ... 34 3-4
Do. Months—Jan.—Sellers.—Firm.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

Wheat South Australian ... 36 1-2
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.—Sellers.

SEEDS.

Rapeseed—Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs. 85 per cent. ex-ship ... 48 1-8
Do. Months—March-April.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Done.
Rapeseed—Yellow Cawnpore 416 lbs 85 per cent. ex-ship ... 47
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.
Do. Weather Buyers or Sellers etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Brown Cawnpore 416 lbs ex-ship ... 40 1-2
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers, etc.—Done.
Tone of Rapeseed—Quiet but steady.
Linseed—Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 68 1-2
Do. Months—April-May.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers etc.—Done.
Tone of Linseed.—Firmer.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... 64 1-2
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers etc.—Value.

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Good Madras Westerns London ... 7 1-8
F. G. F. Tinnevelly ... 7 1-2
Months—Jan.-Feb.—Sellers.
Coconada Ginned C. I. F. London ... d 7 5-32

SUGAR.

Months—May-Aug.—Sellers ... 12 3-4
Tone of Sugar—Quiet.

COFFEE.

In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality). 13 1-2 unchgd

RUBBER.

Para Rubber 5 1-2—Sellers.—Flat.

METAL.

Copper Braziers	£ 68 1-2
Yellow Metal	d 6 1-8
Tin plates—I C Coke 14 by 20 112 sheets per box weighing 90lbs C I F Bombay	£ ......
Bar Iron.—Belgian Ordinary sizes F. O. B. Antwerp	£ 4 17 6
Iron Corrugated Sheets 24 guage G. O. B. 4 per cent. F. O. B. Liverpool	£ 10 15 0
Basic Steel Bars F. O. B. Antwerp net	£ 5 9 0

FREIGHT.

Coals Cardiff to Bombay Canal ... 9

ARRIVAL.

"Rubattino."

BOMBAY, January 7.

EXCHANGE.

Market is firm.

We quote:—

Bank's selling—	
T. T. Ready	1s. 4 3-32d.
D. D. Mail	1s. 4 1-8d.
T. T. Forward	1s. 4 1-16d. Mar.
Bank's Buying—	
Private D. D. Ready	1s. 4 3-16d.
Credits 3 m/s	1s. 4 11-32d.
" " Forward	1s. 4 7-32d. 15 Apl.
" 6 m/s Ready	1s. 4 15-32d.
Francs 3 m/s	171 3-4
Marks 3 m/s	139 1-2
60 d/s. Hongkong	135 1-2
" Shanghai	182 1-4
" Japan	149 1-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Market opened at 95-6 ready and 95-8 forward and declined to 95-5 and 95-7 respectively.

BULLION.

Bar Silver in London, both for ready and forwards, remained unchanged and New York also closed steady.

Locally Silver market opened at Rs. 73-10-0. The London market was unchanged and private advices reported "steady with demand" which caused our market to remain firm and demand being more forwards advanced to Rs. 74-1 at the close. Demand for ready was good and about 70 to 80 cases changed hands.

The Gold market was quiet. Upcountry and local demand was meagre and prices remained unchanged. Sovereigns were in demand as usual and prices remained steady.

GOLD.

	Rs.	a.	p.
97 touch Fakirsett	23	6	0
97 touch Chintu	23	6	0
Narendas Motilal's Chop Swadeshi 96 to 99 touch.	23	15	9
National Bank	24	0	0
Chartered Bank	23	15	0
Sovereigns Shield	15	2	0
Do. Dragon	15	0	0
Australian	14	0	0
English Gold	24	2	0
Native Bullion	23	14	6
Indian Specie Bank	23	15	6

SILVER.

117 1-2 Penny	74	0	0
117 Penny Ready	73	15	0
Local per tola	0	11	3

FUTURES.

First Settlement	74	1	0
Second do	73	11	0

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Linseed.—Firm. London prices were 6d. up. Demand being moderate prices advanced by an anna.

Rapeseed.—Firm. London prices were 3d. up. Moderate business is passing and prices were put up by an anna.

Wheat.—Steady. London prices unchanged and locally remained steady.

Poppyseed, Gingellyseed, Castorseed and Cottonseed.—Steady. Demand continued good. Prices unchanged.

Mowraseed.—Firm. Demand good. Prices advanced by two annas.

Descriptions.	Rs.	a.	p.
Linseed, Bold	Rs. 12	4	0
Linseed, Small	" 12	0	0
Linseed, Brown	" 12	5	0
RAPESEED—			
Brown Delhi	" 6	8	0
Brown Cawnpore	" 6	7	0
Yellow do.	" 7	8	0
Do. Gujarat	" 7	14	0
Brown Katni	" 6	12	0
Poppyseed	" 10	2	0
Castorseed	" 39 to 40		
WHEAT—			
Pissi	" 31 to 33		
Hard Red	" 27 to 29		
GINGELLYSEED—			
Yellow Hinganghat	" 53 to 55		
Rai Khandesh	" 75 to 90		
Mowraseed	" 7	6	0
Groundnuts	" 48 to 50		
Cottonseed	" 26 to 27		
Maize	" 17 to 18		
Wheat Yellow	" 35 to 37		
Khandwa	" 40 to 45		
Bajaro	" 25 to 26		
Joowar	" 16 to 19		
Gram	" 20 to 23		
Minbara	" 52 to 54		
Brown Jubbulpore	" 49 to 51		
Brown Meggi	" 50 to 51		
Kabra	" 49 to 52		
Black Kutni	" 46 to 47		
Myrabollams	" 17 to 19		

The following are the receipts of Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p. m. on Friday, 6th January, 1911:—

Wheat	21,262	Cwts
Linseed	338	"
Rapeseed	1,740	"
Gingellyseed	22,923	"
Poppyseed	2	"
Groundnuts	6,225	"
Castorseed	2,455	"
Rice	3,460	"
Myrabollams	3,667	"
Cottonseed	12,043	"
Mowraseed	159	"
Gram	982	"
Joowar	259	"
Maize	655	"

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	1,592 1/2
India	63 3-4
Eastern Bank	74
Indian Specie	54 1-2
Bank of Burma	125

MILLS.

David	35
Manockji Petit	2,625

PRESS.

New Mofussil	817 1-2

MISCELLANEOUS.

Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate	18 1-2
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary	118 to 118 1-2
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference	169 1-2
Bombay Steam Navigation Ordinary	286 1-4
Treacher and Co.	480
Tata I. & S. Co. Ld. Pre	134

RAILWAYS.

Tapti-Valley	480

COTTON.

Liverpool were 4 to 6 points up, New York remained unchanged and New York Futures were 12 and 11 down.

Our market at Colaba for ready lots was firm and demand from the Mills and exporters seemed good, hence prices were put up by Rs. 3 to 4.

Liverpool opener advised 5 points down.

The market for New Crop remained firm and demand being more prices advanced by Rs. 4 to 5.

Business in Good Broach was done in the morning at Rs. 370, but demand being continued advanced to Rs. 375 1-2 at the close.

500	E D Sassoon	Bengal	302
300	Ralli Bros	Do	318-32
400	A Blascheck	Do	310-30
100	Do	Khandesh	352
100	Volkart Bros	Do	340-47
100	H Goculdas	Do	352
200	Khatwoo M	Do	355
200	Do	Jalna	350
400	Petit Mill	Khamgaon	362
300	Morarjee	Do	355-60
200	Do	Khandwa	345
200	Bussan M K	Do	356
200	Do	Wardha	347
300	Do	Mulkapur	355
100	Gill and Co	Balapur	360
300	Janpan T Co	Purbhani	373-83

Bengal Hand Gin Fine	327
" F Good	314
Bengal Machine Gin Fine	338
" F Good	325
Sind Punjab Fine	336
" F Good	323
Khandesh Fine	358
" F Good	348
Dhamangaon Poolgaon Fine	377
F Good	367
Akola Khangaum Fine	369
" F Good	359
Amraoti Fine	369
" F Good	359
Yeotmal Fine	380
" F Good	370
Nagpore Fine	383
F Good	373
Wardha Hinganghat Fine	384
F Good	374
Methia Fine	358
" F Good	348
Broach Gin Fine	393
" F Good	383
Broach Gin Good	373
Sawginned Good	381
Comptah Gin	383
Westerns H. G	364
Do M G	370

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Friday, 6th January, 1911:—

	Bales.	
Khandeish	3,226	"
Central India	1,274	"
Barsi and Nagur	1,348	"
Berar	637	"
Central Provinces	624	"
Total Oomras	7,119	"
Dholera	1,175	"
Broach	......	"
Coompta and Dharwar	59	"
Westerns	35	"
Bengals (N. W. P.)	885	"
Bengal Rajputana	345	"
Sind	1,263	"
Persia	......	"
America	......	"
Egyptian	93	"
Other Sorts	......	"
Total	10,914	"

LIVERPOOL, January 7.

Opening Tone and Prices.

Opening Tone	Easier.
Estimated Sales	6,000
Total Imports	10,000

Future Delivery Prices:—

Jan.—Feb.	7-82—5
Feb.—Mar.	7-84—5
Mar.—Apl.	7-85—5
Apl.—May	7-86—5
May.—June	7-86—5
June—July	7-85—5
July—Aug.	7-83—5
Aug.—Sept.	7-63—5
Sep.—Oct.	7-26—5

METALS.

We quote:—

	lbs.	
Copper Braziers 4×4	21, 28, 35, 42, 56, 63	Rs. 53 12
	70, 77, 84	Rs. 55 4
Yellow Metal Sheets	21, 28, 35, 42, 49, 56	" 45 0
Tin Ingots		" 48 12
Georgshutte		" 20 8
Copper Sheetings		" 59 0
Yellow Metal Sheetings		" 47 4
Copper ingots		" 46 12

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Friday, January 6.

GOLD.

No. of Packages.	Bullions. Rs.	Coin. Sovs. and half Sovs. Rs.	Coin. Other coin. Rs.
20 Boxes	......	1,500,000	......
2 do	......	6,450	3,219

SILVER.

No. of Packages.	Bullions Rs.	Coin. Govt. of India Rs. Rs.	Coin. Other coin. Rs.
2 Boxes	......	213	......
1 Bundle	......	1,800	......
1 do	......	2,500	......

Importers.	Vessel.	From
Chartered Bank of India & China	Salsette	Port Said
S A K Habibula	India	Aden
M Mackenzie & Co	Lhasa	Porebunder
Do	do	C Mandvi

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 5th January, 1911.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway	41	49,309
B. B. & C. I. Railway	35	41,410

LONDON, January 7.

2 1-2 per cent. Consols	79 7-16—1-16
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs	25-29 unchgd
3 per cent. Rentes	97 1-2 unchgd
3 1-2 per cent. Indian Stock (Sterling Loan)	95 unchgd
1-2 per cent. Govt. Securities	64 1-16 unchgd
Bar Silver Spot	25 1-4+1-16
Do. 2 months hence	25 3-8+1-16
Closing Tone of Silver—Steady.	
Silver in New York	54 5-8+1-2
Berlin Cheques on London	20-46 1-2+1-2
Discount Bank of England Rate	4 1-2 p.c. since 1-12-10
Discount Bank Bills 3 months' sight	3 9-16+1-16
Do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight.	3 1-2 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 3 months	4+1-8
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months	4+1-8
Interest day to-day loans	2 7-8+1-4
Do. of day market loans	3+1-8
Bar Gold (per oz.)	77 9 1-8 unchgd
Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate)	1-3-15 unchgd

EXTRA ALLOTMENTS:—

Bills on Bombay	Rs. 10,00,000 at 1s. 4 5-32d
Bills on Calcutta	Rs. 400,000 at 1s. 4 5-32d.

MANCHESTER, January 7.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spots	Good demand, easier.
Futures	Steady.
East Indian	Quiet.
Manchester	Steady.
Sales of East Indian	...
Total Sales	8,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export	1,000
Imports	10,000
Mid-Americans	8-05—3
Egyptian F.G.F. Brown	11 1-16 unchgd

Sales Increased yesterday by 7,000.

	J.-F.	F.-M.	M.-A.
Cotton Delivery	7-84	7-86	7-87
	— 3	— 3	— 3
Mid. Uplands	A.-M.	M.-J.	J.-J.
	7-88	7-88	7-87
G. O. C.	— 3	— 3	— 3
	J.-A.	A.-S.	S.-O.
Liverpool	7-85	7-65	7-30
	— 3	— 3	— 1

NEW YORK, January 7.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

COTTON:—

	bales.
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	25,000
Do Last year	19,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain	20,000
Do. Exports to Continent	26,000
Spot Cotton—	15-00 unchgd

Futures at New York March 14-92+5
Do at New York May 15-06+5
Advanced on bull support and short covering and on expectation of a decrease in the movement.

NEW ORLEANS.—

Spot Cotton	14 15-16 unchgd
Futures—Month of March	15-08+6
Do. do. May	15-28+6
Demand Bill	4-86+1-4
Silver Commercial Bars	54 5-8+1-8

Closing Tone of Futures—Firm.

Cotton Stock in London—

Do. Total Visible Supply	4,87,000
Do. Total Visible Supply East Indian	182,000
Do. Quantity in Sight	8,530,000

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

LONDON, Jan. 7.

	Bales.
Total Sales	58,000
Do. Speculation	1,000
Do. Exportation	3,000
Do. Forwarded Consumer	127,000
Do. Actual Export	11,000
Do. Import of the Week	249,000
Do. Stock	1088,000
Surat week's Sales	600
Do. Indian Speculation	......
Do. Exportation	......
Do. Forwarded Consumers	3,300
Do. Actual Exports	......
Do. Week's Imports	......
Do. Stocks	11,000
Afloat Americans	360,000
Do. Indian	14,000

WHEAT.

Wheat Choice White Karachi ... 36 1-4
Do Months—Jan.-Feb.
Do Name of Ports—London.
Do Whether Sellers, &c.—Sellers.
Wheat Red Karachi ... 35 1-2
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.
Do. Name of Port—London.
Do. Whether sellers &c—Sellers.
Tone of Wheat—Firm.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Wheat Rozario ... 34 1-2
Do Months—Jan.—Sellers.—Quiet.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

Wheat South Australian ... 35 1-4
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Sellers—Firm.

SEEDS.

Rapeseed—Yellow Gujrat per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship. ... 48 1-2
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship ... 47 1-4
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.
Do. Weather Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Brown Cawnpore 39 lbs. ex-ship ... 40 3-4
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers, etc.—Buyers.
Tone of Rapeseed.—Firm.
Linseed—Bombay, per 416 lbs. ex-ship ... 68 3-4
Do. Months—April-May.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.
Tone of Linseed.—Firm.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata— ... Unreceived

COFFEE.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality). ... 13 5-8+1-8

SUGAR.

German granulated sugar C. and F. India double bags ... 13
Months of Shipment.—May-Aug.—Sellers—Dull.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber 6—Buyers—Firmer.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

FRASER—January 4, at the Adyar, Madras, to Mr and Mrs. Gordon Fraser, a daughter.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Bombay High Court re-opens, 11-30 a. m.
Bombay Corporation Meeting, 3-40 p. m.
Bombay Light Horse, Inspection by the Inspector-General, morning.
Skating Rink: Practice Session, 8 to 9 a.m. Ladies Session, 9 to 10 a. m.; Evening Sessions, 6 to 8 p. m.; 9-30 to 11 p. m.
Excelsior Cinematograph Novelty Theatre 7 to 8 8-30 to 9-30, 10 to 11 p. m. Star attraction; a Japanese Film "The Punishment of the Samurai."

Maxim: "Gain is temporary and uncertain, but expense is constant and certain."

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Diego Suarez, St. Marie, Mauritius, Tamatave and Reunion via Tuticorin and Colombo per s. s. "Shirala" will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p. m. on Friday the 13th instant, instead of on the 7th and 8th instant, as previously notified.

DEJECTED PARSI STUDENT.—Mr. G. F. Chalk' Coroner of Bombay, held an inquest on Satuday' touching the death of Nadirsham Rustomji Master' a Parsi, aged twenty-three. The deceased, who was living with his father at Naigaum, appeared in the second L.L.B. examination held in November last and failed. On the 4th instant, he received a list of marks in different papers since the receipt of which he was very much depressed. He was consoled by his father who told him not to worry about his failure. On Friday night, he went to bed as usual, but he was missed from his bed on Saturday morning, and on a search being made his slippers were found lying on the parapet of the well near the house. The body of the deceased was then recovered from the well. A letter was found in the deceased's coat, which showed his intention to commit suicide. A verdict of suicide by drowning was returned.

COLLISION OF CARRIAGES:—On Friday evening a landau, belonging to Mr. Haji Mahomed Abdul Abas, and driven by a Surti, Jeevan Kalyan, collided with a private victoria at the junction of Mayo Road and Waudby Road. Both the drivers were on their proper side of the road, but both failed to pull up in time in the hope that the other would do so. The driver of the landau was thrown off his seat and the horse with the conveyance rand own the Esplanade Road and up to Girgaum Road, where the landau collided with a tram post and stopped. The owner got out safely and the horse had to be secured by several people. The driver sustained several injuries to his head and bruises on both his legs. The driver of the victoria escaped unhurt, but his horse was injured and his vehicle damaged. At Girgaum, two pedestrians were knocked down by the runaway horse, but they were not severely injured.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

This week the management are showing a very strong attraction, viz., an entirely Japanese Play, acted by Japanese artistes entitled "the Punishment of the Samurai." Judging by the way, the audience received it on Saturday and Sunday nights, the management must feel indeed proud of their choice. It is most thrilling and realistic and the fight both in the sword scene and the ju-jitsu are worth going miles to see. All the artistes are terribly in earnest and the piece teems with exciting moments. It is beautifully colored and should draw crowded houses this week. The Itala company's latest film "A Fake Accusation' is the second card on the programme and we are so accustomed to the beautiful acting, in these films that a treat is assured. Needless to say the dramatic portion is splendid and the really fine scenery adds greatly to the film. The fun part is as usual really enjoyable especially the one "a trip to a Cinematograph Theatre" where we have the pleasure of seeing others enjoying a picture show. It is a scream from start to finish. The Orchestra now plays during the performance and conductor Mr. Fermin has chosen some charming music, which adds still greater pleasure to the evening's amusement.

PURCHASER'S RIGHTS

At the Bombay Small Causes Court, Mr. A. K. Donald, Second Judge, disposed of the suit brought by Peter Antony Pereira, to recover Rs. 384 being the price of 117 square yards, by which the land conveyed by the defendant Jamnabai fell short of the area described in the conveyance.

Mr. B. K. Dadachanji appeared for the plaintiff; Mr. V. D. Kamat was for the defendant.

His Honour, in dismissing the suit, held that no cause of action was disclosed, as the defendant took no undue advantage of the plaintiff and had paid the cost of survey by the plaintiff's engineer.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST SUED.

At the Bombay Small Causes Court, before Mr. A. K. Donald, second Judge, was mentioned the suit brought by Keshao Heroji and Mahadeo Heroji, formerly masons in the defendants' firm against the Bombay Port Trust to recover Rs. 900, as damages for illegal ejection out of the Trust's labourers' chawl at Wady Bunder.

Mr. V. D. Kamat appeared for the plaintiff's, Mr. E. O. B. Acworth, solicitor, was for the defendants.

By consent the suit was adjourned till the 26th instant.

GIVING FALSE INFORMATION.

At the Esplanade Police Court, on Saturday, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Narayanrao of the C. I. D. placed Bhimsey Ukerda and Deosi Kanji, on charges of cheating by giving false information to a public servant.

Mr. Devalkar, pleader, appeared for the accused.

It appeared that the second accused, who was a plaintiff in a suit brought by him against one Nagu Lalji in the Small Causes Court, obtained a notice against Nagu to show cause why the decree in the suit should not be renewed. The notice was given to a Parsi bailiff to be served to on Nagu, when the first accused was pointed out by the second accused as Nagu. The bailiff served the notice on the first accused, but subsequently his suspicions were aroused and he placed both the accused before the Registrar of the Court, when they admitted having given false information to the bailiff.

Both the accused pleaded guilty and his Worship sentenced the first accused to two months' and the second to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

The Turkish Ministry of the Interior announces the suspension, for an indefinite period of the "Jeune Ture," on account of its publication of articles deemed prejudicial to the foreign policy of the Government.

During the coming year the command of twelve of the thirty-one regiments of Regular cavalry will become vacant. The vacancies will occur in the 2nd Life Guards, Royal Horse Guards, 2nd, 4th, 5th and 7th Dragoon Guards, Scots Greys, 7th, 14th, 15th, and 20th Hussars, and the 17th Lancers.

Orders have been given to recruiting agencies all over the United Kingdom to enlist men for the Irish Guards, as the regiment is much below the proper establishment, the minimum height being 5 ft. 7 in.; also to enlist men in London for the Connaught Rangers. For both regiments the recruits must be "bona fide" Irishmen.

THE NEW RAILWAY WORKSHOPS.

The following letter from the Commissioner will be read to-day to the Corporation meeting:—

A large area of land between the existing G. I. P. and B. B. and C. I. Railway Lines, from Dadar Station on the south to the line of the new Railway Embankment on the north, extending over a distance of about 2 1-2 miles, has with the sanction of Government been acquired by the G. I. P. Railway for the construction of workshops. A passage running east and west across this land from Matunga Road Station on the B. B. and C. I. Railway to the Matunga Station on the G. I. P Railway has been in existence for many years and the public have exercised uninterrupted right of passage over it, both on foot and with vehicles, though the traffic of the latter has been liable to interruption during the monsoon. This passage has been practically the only means of access across the Railways from east to west, between the Mahim Dharavi Road and the Dadar Level Crossing. When Government sanctioned the acquisition of the land by the G. I. P. Railway Company it does not appear either from anything stated at the time or from the subsequent proceedings of Government that they contemplated the closing of the passage to the public. The Special Collector who was appointed for the acquisition of the land, while acquiring the rest of the area involved, did not take any steps to acquire the passage, and the Railway Company therefore appear to have assumed that the passage with the right over it was handed over to them with the rest of the land in the neighbourhood. The passage of the public however was not obstructed till about a year ago when the G. I. P. Railway Company began the construction of their buildings and laid a number of rails across the road. When the local public realized that the ultimate intention was to close the passage altogether, a petition was made to Government and Government in reply stated that the Railway Company would not be permitted to obstruct the passage. The Municipal Commissioner reporting on the matter, states in a letter to the Bombay Corporation as follows: The Railway Company however further obstructed the passage until the Municipal Commissioner took action to compel them to remove the obstructions. The Government of India have now directed the passage to be acquired under the Land Acquisition Act and proceedings for that purpose are now in progress before the Collector of Bombay. A notice of these proceedings was given to the Municipal Commissioner, and the Municipal Solicitors appeared before the Collector of Bombay and stated the reasons for the Commissioner's objections to the closing of the passage unless adequate compensation in the shape of other suitable means of passage in substitution for it was made by the Railway Company.

It is however a matter of much doubt whether the interest which the Commissioner has in the passage is capable of compensation. As the Government of India have now ordered the acquisition of the road it does not appear that the Commissioner can claim under the Act that any other means of communication should be provided. The owners and occupiers of the adjoining lands who have been inconvenienced or put to loss by the closing of the passage have no doubt a strong claim for compensation, but even this compensation would probably be assessable in money and could not take the form of the provision of a road in substitution.

Although however the Land Aquisition Act does not allow for this contingency it is provided under Section 11 (1) (a) of the Indian Railways Act that Government may call upon the Railway Company to make accommodation works, i. e., "passages over, under or by the side of or leading to or from the Railway" for the purpose of making good the interruption which will be caused by the Railway to the use of the land through which the Railway (in which term is included Railway works) is to be made. It appears to be a clear obligation on the Railway Administration to make such works for this purpose as may in the opinion of the Governor General in Council be necessary. The Governor General in Council has by Notification No. 268, dated 11th June 1890 delegated to Local Governments his power, and functions under this Section and this delegation is presumed to be still in force. I am therefore of opinion that the only course possible in order to prevent the very serious inconvenience that would be caused by the entire removal of the existing means of access between the country lying east of the B. B. & C. I. Railway and west of the Matunga Station of the G. I. P. Railway is to move Government to require the Railway Administration to provide suitable accommodation works in lieu of the passage that will be closed.

There should not be in my opinion any attempt to make the Railway Company provide anything more than can be fairly asked of them and it must be recognized that it is no longer possible to insist on a roadway between the two Matunga Stations, although such a roadway would, but for these railway works, have been regarded as a necessary means of communication when the areas on each side of the Railway were more fully developed. This can no longer be done because the Railway Company, in the belief that they would be allowed to hold the whole of the land have already gone to very great expense both in the construction of buildings and in filling up the land and the purpose for which the buildings are erected will be entirely frustrated by the existence of the road in their midst. At the same time it is necessary to make some provision for the very large foot traffic which always exists between Mahim and Matunga and it would be a source of hardship to compel this traffic to use a diversion which might amount to more than 2 miles. I consider therefore that an overbridge or viaduct for foot passengers near the site of the present passage can fairly be demanded from the Railway Company. The wheel traffic has never been considerable along the old route, partly because of its insufficient width which at one point diminishes to 6 feet and partly because as stated above it is liable to interruption during the rains. As indicated above, however, the road would in the natural course have been widened to meet the increasing traffic and it is necessary to provide a substitute at a distance which will not entail an excessive diversion. This can, I think, be done by the construction of a road of sufficient size to accommodate ordinary wheeled traffic not further away than the loop embankment running between the two Railways which is about half a mile north of the existing passage. It would in my opinion be right to urge upon Government the fairness and the necessity for the provision of these means of communication, and, as the matter is one of great urgency owing to the case being in progress before the Collector, I would ask the Corporation to come to a decision on the point as soon as possible."

BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

The following is a preliminary list of business to be brought forward at a meeting of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Bombay to be held in the Council Hall, Secretariat, Bombay, on Thursday the 26th January at noon:—

New Members:—New Additional Members will make the oath or solemn affirmation and take their seats.

Questions asked by Honourable Members and the answers thereto:—

Bills:—(1) A Bill to consolidate and amend the Law relating to the formal recognition of Heirs, Executors and Administrators, and appointment of Administrators of property by the Courts in the Bombay Presidency—First reading. (2) A Bill further to amend the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888—First Reading. (3) A Bill further to amend the Aden Port Trust Act, 1888—First Reading.

Motion of which notice has been given:—By the Honourable Mr. G. Carmichael, I. C. S.—That the Rules for the conduct of Business of the Legislative Council, as amended by the Select Committee, may be adopted by the Council.

Papers to be presented to the Council:—(1) Letter from the Officiating Secretary to the Government of India, Legislative department, No. 2821, dated the 13th September 1910—Returning with the assent of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General signified thereon the authentic copy of the Bhagdari and Narwadari Tenures Law, 1910. (2) Letter from the Officiating Secretary to the Government of India, Legislative Department, No. 2873, dated the 21st September 1910—Returning with the assent of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General signified thereon the authentic copy of the Bombay Hereditary Offices Law, 1910. (3) Letter from the Officiating Secretary to the Government of India, Legislative Department No. 2888, dated the 24th September 1910—Returning with the assent of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General signified thereon the authentic copy of the Bombay Port Trust (Amendment) Law, 1910. (4) Report of the Select Committee appointed to consider the Rules for the conduct of Business of the Legislative Council.

THE GREAT NERVE REMEDY.

PROF. JAMES' ELECTRO-TONIC PEARLS
FOR HEALTH STRENGTH & ENERGY

PROF. JAMES'
ELECTRO-TONIC PEARLS.

Quiets the Nerves, gives Refreshing Sleep to the Nervous and Overworked. Restores Health, Vigor and Vitality. For Sleeplessness, Hypochondria, Meloncholia, Nervous Headache, Nervous Indigestion, Dizziness, Fainting Spells, Failing Memory, Nightmare, Heart Weakness, Nervous Prostration and other similar diseases resulting from a weakened condition of the Nervous System.

They are not a stimulant but a nerve builder, a most valuable and effective combination of harmless nerve restoring remedies known to medical science. Absolutely harmless, yet quick in their action. They assist nature in rebuilding the nerves, and do it in a natural way, not causing the nerves to feel stimulated only while they are being taken, as do some nerve medicines, but gradually restoring the entire nervous system to a perfectly healthy condition.

Read the following evidence:—

Mr. C. S. REDDI, Chittoor, writes:—Your bottle of Prof. James' E. T. Pearls, I call them gems: they did me immense good so please send another big bottle by V. P. P.

Mr. FELIX D. COELHO, Bela Vista, Calicut, writes:—I am glad to inform you that your famous Prof. James' E. T. Pearls proved a boon in my case. They are Pearls as you call them and not pills. Please send another two bottles by V. P. P.

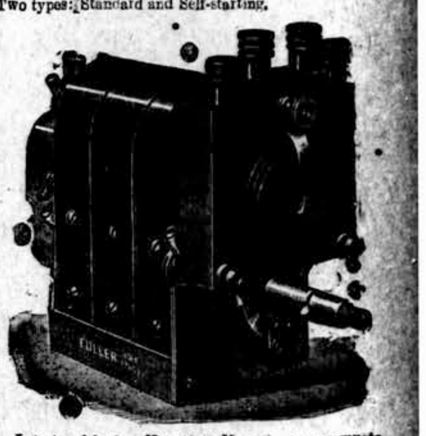
S. Sgt. J. ELDER, S. T. C., Nowshera, Punjab writes:—That the Pearls are giving excellent results. Please send another four bottles as early as possible.

Price Rs. 2 per Bottle of 40 Pills.
Rs. 1-14-0 per bottle of 25 Pills. V. P. charge extra.

SOLE AGENTS:
THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG & CHEMICAL CO.,
No. 150, Jooma Musjid, Bombay.

MOTOR MAGNETOS, "FULLER"
PATENT SELF-STARTING ATTACHMENT.

Start car from dashboard without turning the engine. Two types: Standard and Self-starting.



Latest and best. No other Magneto can compete with it.

Made Five World's Records on THAMES CAR. "Your Magneto is all that can possibly be desired. It could not have run better than when I established five new records on Bookhands Track on Tuesday last, the 10th instant."

(Signed) W. T. CLIFFORD-CARP.

"The Magneto you supplied to me in April this year is still working as well as ever, and it has given me the greatest satisfaction in every way. I maintain that ew magnetos on the market can touch it," &c., &c.

(Signed) G. H. BANKES.

The Winning Boat was fitted with Fuller's Self-Starting Magneto British Motor Boat Club Regatta, September 14, 1907, Cabin Cruiser K. L., won 15 mile handicap. . . . . "The Magneto ran exceedingly well, and we certainly shall recommend it to all buyers of our engines."

(Signed) KING & Co

FULLER ACCUMULATORS, BATTERIES COILS CHARGING SETS, AND ALL MOTOR ACCESSORIES

Sole Agent in India, D. R. DADY,
Church Gate St. and 5, Waterloo Mansions, Bombay

Make your own Cigarette
AG CIGARETTE PAPER
It is twice as good
BEST and PUREST
LARGEST SALE IN GT. BRITAIN

Facts of Absorbing Interest
TO THOSE WHO ARE IN THE CLUTCHES OF RHEUMATISM.

One cannot be too quickly cured of Rheumatism. To get rid of those awful pains that make life a never-ending series of torture, now mild, now excruciating, to-day in bed, to-morrow hobbling around in crutches—to be relieved of such a condition is always the happiest period of one's life. Little's Oriental Balm has effected thousands of wonderful cures of long standing cases of Rheumatism, cases that were supposed to be hopeless and beyond the reach of medicine. The cures have been so complete and permanent that Little's Oriental Balm is undoubtedly the true specific to cure Rheumatism.

Mr. A. N. Spring, of 6, Nottingham, Ilkeston Derbyshire, bed-ridden five years from Chronic Rheumatism, has used 6 bottles of Little's Oriental Balm, and is now free from pain, able to move both arms (hitherto helpless) and progresses favorably towards complete recovery. Sold at Re. 1 per bottle. Of all Chemists and Medicine Vendors.

THE BEST
"APENTA"
NATURAL APERIENT WATER
FILLED AT THE SPRINGS, BUDA PEST, HUNGARY.

KEATING'S LOZENGES
Easily Cure THE WORST COUGH
One gives relief. An increasing sale of over 80 years is a certain test of their marvellous value.
Sold in bottles everywhere.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes, By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Jan. 7.

Ramye	4350	Jones		P & O S N & Co
Arcadia	3514	Barcham	Shanghai...18-1-1911	P & O Co
Caledonia	3529	Haywood		P & O S N Co
Cymbeline	2940	Gilchrist		W & A Graham & Co
Canterbury	2733	Willis		T Morrison & Co
Den of Airlie	2270	Robertson		T Morrison & Co
Etonian	2444	Davies		P & O S N & Co
Firoozi	2029	Primrose		B & P S N & Co
Goalpara	13'8	Whythea		M M & Co
Lord Cromer	2353	Polkinhorn		
Linga	951	Cutbush		M M & Co
Nawab	2041	Elliott		T Morrison & Co
Orwell	2446	Home		W & A Graham & Co
Oceana	3507	Andrews		P & O S N Co
Singu	1912	Morrison		Shaw Wallace & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Jan. 7.

VICTORIA DOCK.

1	Glencluny	3076	Craig	Kobe	10-1	T Morrison & Co
2	Circassia	4326	Osborn	Liverpool	16-1	W & A Graham & Co
4	D Balduino	2684	Maganzini	Genoa	15 1	Rubattino Line
7	Bohemia	2305	Gillhuber	Trieste	16-1	A L S N Co
8	Nowshera	1961	Ross	Busreh	16-1	M M & Co
10&11	Freienfels	6545	Diedrichsen	Hamburg	18 1	W & A Graham & Co
13	Ischia	2481	Belsito	Hongkong	16-1	Rubattino Line

H W P D

Bahaduri	829	Ahmed	Karachi	10-1	Bo S N Co Ld
Netravati	699	Fakeera	Karachi	7-1	Bo S N Co Ld
Indravati	513	Fakeera	N F		B and S N Co
Kaveri	553	Dawood	B'nager	7 1	Bo S N Co Ld
Sabarmati	524	Samsoodin	Mangalore	9-1	Bo S N Co Ld

30 ton Cranes.

Dredger Jinga.........401.........B P Trust

ARRIVALS.

Jan.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
6	Singu	Murison	Rangoon, Dec 28
	Hartland	Care	B Blanca, Nov 20
7	Lord Cromer	Polkinhorn	M'tius, Dec 20
	Firoozi	Primrose	Jeddah, Dec 23
	Linga	Cutbush	Karachi, Jan 5

DEPARTURES.

Jan.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
7	City of Naples	Main	Karachi
	Umona	Mitchell	Hull, &c
	Cressington Court	Barcham	M & Barrow
	Quiloa	Stewart	Rangoon
	Chanda	Tice	Antwerp
	Glenlyon	Anderson	Antwerp
	Arabistan	Codd	Dunkirk
	Salsette	Lewellin	Aden
	Norfolk	Buckley	Calcutta

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Dec.	Vessels.	From
31	Torrington	Cuddalore
Jan.		
1	Clan Stuart	Liverpool
1	Clan Chattan	Coast
3	Gwalior	Rangoon

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The British India S N Co's steamer Chupra arrived at Antwerp on the afternoon of the 5th instant.

The Societa Nazionale di Servizi Marittimi's steamer Capri from Bombay arrived at Hongkong on the 7th instant.

The German East Africa Line steamer Markgraf arrived at Mombasa from Bombay on the 6th instant.

The Austrian Lloyd's steamer Koerber, from Bombay arrived at Aden on the 6th instant evening.

The Ellerman Line steamer "Merton Hall, (outward bound) passed the Canal on the 6th instant.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JAN. 7.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Circassia s—500 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 96 bales wool, M Joosub; 400 bales wool, B Hurbham; 30 bales wool, H Metha and Co; 60 bales wool, B Khimjee, 25 bales wool, N Khatav; 42 bales wool, S Gumberchand; 140 cwts gum, M Jaferbhoy; 2,000 cwts oil cake, Glade and Co; 79 tons oil cake, The New Mofussil and Co; 2,015 cwts myrabollams, W Becher; 188 bales wool, A Nagiu and Co; 20 bales wool, Mootee Jithas; 33 bales wool, The Bombay and Co; 2,000 cwts myrabollams; Ebji Oomersey.

FOR BARCELONA.

Circassia s—100 bales cotton, G Dossa and Co; 220 bales cotton, Glazebrook and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Circassia s—1,000 cwts bone meal Croft, Mody and Co; 200 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 4,002 cwts gingellyseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 3,000 cwts groundnuts, B S Lloyd and Co; 2,000 cwts linseed, Volkart Bros.

FOR LONDON.

Himalaya s—11 bales cotton and woollen carpets, A Laduck; 228 cwts chutney, M Poonjiaji and Sons; 43 cwts fishmaws, M J Joomabnoy and Co; 37 cwts turmeric, M Jaferbhoy; 25 cwts bees wax and 10 cwts cardamomseed, E Sooltanally; 338 cwts dry ginger, R Asaria and Co; 195 cwts cow horns, G Suchidina, 65 cwts buffalo horns, J M Rahimtoola; 500 cwts myrabollams, Ebji Oomersey.

FOR HULL.

Hartland s—57,856 cwts cottonseed, and 3,000 cwts mowraseed, Ralli Bros; 525 cwts hemp, J N Kapadia and Co; 8,000 cwts cottonseed, W Becher.

FOR HAMBURG.

Freienfels s—2 pots rosa oil, and 3 pots grop oil, Bauer and Krause; 400 cwts buffalo horns, J M Rehimtoola; 500 cwts ajowanseed and 200 cwts nigerseed, 1,000 cwts castorseed and 100 cwts kangseed, Volkart Bros; 1,000 cwts myrabollams Ebji Oomersey; 1,190 bales cottonfly, 973 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons; 110 bales cotton, H E Modi and Sons; 330 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Cresswell s—1,000 cwts castorseed, K Devchand and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Bohemia s—200 bales cotton, Walter Pavri and Co; 300 bales cotton, K Visram and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Bohemia s—224 bales cotton, Glade and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Cresswell s—150 bales cotton, Bamjee and Co; 150 bales cotton, M Jethabhai and Co.

D Balduino s—200 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co; 300 bales cotton G Dossa and Co; 200 bales cotton, A Blassbeck and Co; 900 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR SAUTANDER.

Circassia s—50 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Circassia s—1,000 cwts goat skins.

FOR BREMAN.

Freienfels s—55 bales cotton, N Rajaram and Co; 110 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR CONSTANTINOPLE.

D Balduino s—10 cwts nudi powder, S A Mirza.

FOR NAPLES.

D Balduino s—100 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co; 50 bales cotton, A Begbie and Co; 100 bales cotton, K Visram and Co; 100 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR ANCONA.

D Balduino s—200 [illegible] cotton, [illegible] and Co.

[illegible]

Glencluny s—175 [illegible] cotton, The Mitsui Bussan Kaisha and Co; [illegible] bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 500 bales cotton, [illegible] Bros.

Tosa Maru s—1,150 bales [illegible].

FOR HONGKONG.

Tosa Maru s—25 bales twist, The Mitsui Bussan Kaisha and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Tosa Maru s—200 bales twist, M M Essabhoy.

LAWRENCE & MAYO,
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS
TO THE PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC SURGEONS IN THE EAST
By Appointment to
H. E. THE EARL OF MINTO, P.C., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E., G.C.M.G., VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA
AND
H. E. General Sir O'MOORE CREAGH, V.C., G.C.B., I.A., Commander-in-Chief in India.

LAWRENCE AND MAYO'S PERFECT PEBBLES are all cut from Selected Rock Crystal (Oxide of Silicon) of the hardest kind. They are cool, light, faultlessly ground and polished and cannot be scratched by ordinary wear.

HEAD OFFICES:—
67 and 69, CHANCERY LANE, LONDON.
OFFICES IN THE EAST:—
CAIRO, CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS and RANGOON.
Price List of Scientific Instruments free on Application.

FRESH FLOWERS.

BEST FLORAL TRIBUTES on funeral occasions. Wreaths, Crosses, Bridal bouquets of Orange Blossoms and Sprays. Bouquets, Garlands, Fancy Floral Baskets, Cut Flowers, Button-holes, made to orders. Fruit, Flowering and Fobiage plants, palms, etc. PRICES MODERATE. Orders received day and night.

SORABJEE A. M. ERANEE,
Adelphi Hotel Compound, Clare Road,
Near Parsee Statue, Byculla.

PIANOS
FOR SALE
FOR HIRE
On terms to suit purchasers or easy monthly payments for one or two years.
BROADWOOD.
BLUTHNER.
SCHIEDMAYER.
RICHD. LIPP.
GROTRIAN.
STEINWEG NACHF.
PAUL WERNER.
MARCKS & CO.

SLIGHTLY USED PIANOS.—A few of the above celebrated pianos for SALE as bargains, condition perfect and fully warranted for same period as new instruments.

WORN PIANOS.—We employ expert renovators, hammers refelted, toned, regulated and pianos tuned.

MARCKS & Co., LTD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

AQUILA TONIC.

(Bases: Phosphates and Vegetable Albumen.) Refreshes the tired Brain; vitalizes the systems; restores lost Memory, and Health shattered through overexertion or through "excesses."

MASTER BUILDER
of impaired Tissues and dedish Nerves. A marvellous BRAIN FOOD.

Per Bottle, Rs. 3-8.

F. S. MADON & CO.,
BOMBAY.

WHEN YOU HAVE FAILED
TO GET THROUGH OTHERS
JUST WHAT YOU REQUIRE
IN
BUNGALOWS,
FLATS,
OFFICES,
SHOWROOMS,
AND
GODOWNS
CONSULT US.
We have places in all localities
TO SUIT all requirements.
LUARD BARRINGTON & CO.,
55, HORNBY ROAD,
FORT.
P. O. BOX 239.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

BRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake, 150 deg.	6 0 2	per case.
White Rose, 150 deg.	5 12 2	" "
Chester, 125 deg.	4 12 2	" "
Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg.	4 8 2	" "
Monkey, 125 deg.	4 8 2	" "
Elephant, 125 deg.	4 3 0	per two tins.
125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 9 0	per 8 gallons.

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.

Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.

Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.

Order books supplied gratis on application.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attentions Best Schools near. Terms Moderate. Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd, Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines, Bombay.

MARSHALL'S STEAM ROAD ROLLERS
HAVE SECURED
THE "GRAND PRIX"
and
GOLD MEDAL.
THE HIGHEST AWARDS
at the Brussels International Exhibition, 1910.
Adopted by leading Municipalities and Public Bodies all over the world.
Stocks in Bombay ready for delivery.

For particulars write to:—
MARSHALL, SONS & CO., LD.
ENGINEERS.
Marshall's Buildings, Ballard Road, BOMBAY.
Works:—Gainsborough, England.
CALCUTTA BRANCH:—99, Clive Street.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary characters should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE. BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

Monday, 9th January 1911.

PLAGUE IN EAST ANGLIA.

AN expert contributor to the *Times*, writing on "The Rat Plague in East Anglia," marshals his facts, figures and fears in strong battle array to show the Government the risks they run if prompt action is not taken throughout England to circumscribe, if possible, the spread of plague among the rodents who never seem to grow less, no matter how virulently attacked by that disease. The writer pins his faith chiefly on scientific examination and limitation of the area of the epidemic. For his facts he states that a careful study of the situation in East Anglia has convinced those responsible for the inquiry that plague has existed among the rats there for, at least, four years. It is still moving on though to what extent is not known, and probably never will be. So far, the rats have not contrived to infect human beings to any serious degree, but while there is no reason for "public alarm" at present, the *Times'* expert urges that "popular indifference must not be allowed to continue." The situation seems to be this, that after an absence, or a slumber, of 250 years, the plague bacillus is alive again in England. The question is still unanswered as to whether it came from London to the neighbourhood of Ipswich or from foreign parts in grain-laden vessels. The first suspicious cases occurred as long ago as 1906, when in one of two isolated cottages of Shotley village, a few miles from Ipswich, a woman died apparently of pneumonia, a daughter died of the same disease seven days later, another was taken ill, but recovered; a week after a woman in the adjoining cottage, who had nursed the first patients, died of pneumonia, her husband, her mother and one of her children caught the disease and died in a few days: another child was attacked but recovered. Though not suspected at the time, it is now believed that all these were cases of pneumonic plague. In January 1910, just on the opposite side of the river Orwell, two persons died of what seemed to be pneumonia and though the evidence is not clear that it was really pneumonic plague, it probably was.

In September 1910, at Freshton, about six miles from Shotley a little girl fell ill in one of two lonely cottages; she and her pet cat died the same day, a week later her mother succumbed to the identical illness. Suspicion was aroused over this case, and bacterial cultures betrayed the plague bacillus, but not before two more persons fell ill and died—the husband of the woman and a kind neighbour from the next cottage who had nursed them. There seems to be no doubt whatever that these people were victims of pneumonic plague. A rigid quarantine was enforced and no more cases followed. The isolation of all the cottages, where these persons were ill is looked upon as having probably restricted the outbreak. But there appears to have been no bar to its progress among the Suffolk rats and careful investigation proved that for the last three years, if not longer, rats have been dying in large numbers South of the Orwell and all around Ipswich. Farmers and labourers tell of the crowds of dead rats they saw in 1908 and 1909. One man declared he had seen as many as 300 in one morning. The authorities, rendered alert by the Freston fatalities, set about examining the rats that died in the neighbourhood and found that they had died of plague. The next step was to find out the proportion of living rats infected. A random lot were caught; of these 5 per cent. were found to be suffering from the disease. The disturbing fact has been established that the epidemic among rats has extended over an area of hundreds of square miles, of which Ipswich is roughly the centre. In what direction the rats have travelled, taking with them the disease, is still unknown, but the *Times'* correspondent believes that if the outer edge of its course could be discovered plague would be found virulently raging among the rats there. To find that line and to limit it is, he insists the plain duty of Government and it should be done, no matter what the cost for there the danger is concentrated.

The capricious nature of plague has been proved time and again, and as clearly in East Anglia as anywhere. Though rats have been dying by thousands all round Ipswich the rodents in the part itself, according to its inhabitants, have not died in unusual numbers. The probability of an outbreak in England is not great, for human contact with rat-fleas is not a matter of course. In the summer rats prefer out-door resorts and even in winter they do not often approach men; as the *Times'* writer says, most people never see a rat from one end of the year to the other. But the authorities responsible for the health of the people must not give themselves up to a dream of security. If plague were once started by the rat flea in slums or other unhealthy spots in English towns, the risk of its assuming the pneumonic, and therefore the most dangerous and infectious form, would be terrible. Besides the certain mortality among the people all kinds of national disaster would inevitably follow. There would be dislocation of trade on a colossal scale, quarantine of affected parts, and enormous losses and obstacles in the export and import of goods. Compared to this confusion, the trouble that a struggle between Tariff Reform and Free Trade might cause would be as naught. Scaremongers would then talk no more of the dangers of a German invasion on the East Coast of England. The rats, Hanoverian or other, of Suffolk would be the real invaders, and the woes of a plague visitation would banish all fears of military conquest. It surely is the duty of the Government to take every precaution, and to act at once, to prevent any further expansion of the area occupied by plague infected rats. These must be dealt with as far as such ubiquitous and fast-multiplying creatures can be controlled. Government has had fair warning and should be quite ready to cope with an outbreak of plague should such a calamity befal the country. Mr. Winston Churchill is not deficient in enterprise and originality. Let him now show that as Home Secretary he knows how to guard the people of England from an acknowledged danger.

LITERARY KNIGHTS. LITERATURE and science are very prominent in the Home list of the New Year honours. The science of medicine is honoured in no less than five of its votaries who have all been made Knights, whilst that of music is worthily represented by Sir Henry Wood, the popular organist. Specially noteworthy are the knighthoods bestowed on Mr. Sidney Colvin and Mr. Laurence Gomme. Both get the honour partly on account of their official services no doubt; but their high literary abilities have also much to do with it. Sir Sidney Colvin only retired last June under the stringent provisions of the sixty-five years rule from the post of Keeper of Prints and Drawings at the British Museum which he held for a quarter of a century. He is a high authority in art, and for the years previous to his employment at the British Museum he held the Slade Professorship of Fine Art at Cambridge while the corresponding chair at Oxford, also endowed by Felix Slade, was occupied by such men as Ruskin and Sir Herbert Herkomer. But it is as a very prominent man of letters that he is best known. He was the intimate friend of Robert Louis Stevenson, whose life and letters he brought out as well as the magnificent Edinburgh edition of that delightful writer's works. His finished monographs on Landor and on Keats in Viscount Morley's series of "Englishmen of Letters" are well known. He is a keen critic of literature, especially poetry, to which he applies the canons used for the fine arts. Though he never came to India he has a strong and hereditary connection with this country on both his father's and mother's side. His father was a Calcutta merchant and John Russell Colvin, the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-West Provinces during the Mutiny, was his uncle. His maternal uncle is Sir Steuart Bayley who figures in the new Indian Honours list as a G. C. S. I. The father of the latter and grandfather of Sir Sidney was the Acting Governor-General of India between Lord Amherst and Lord William Bentinck. Sir Laurence Gomme, the other new literary knight, is officially connected with the London County Council, whose clerk or secretary he is. His literary activity is great and he has done more than any man to make the municipal government of the Metropolis known to readers through his learned and popular books on the subject. For the new science of Folk-lore also he has done much. He founded the Folk-lore Society which has rendered very useful services by preserving the record of English rural customs, manners, etc. His publications on this subject are as numerous as they are widely known and appreciated. Among the Indian Honours the only literary name that can be found is that of Sir William Lee-Warner, who in addition to his connection with the Secretary of State's Council, is well-known as an Anglo-Indian man of letters of high repute. His standard treatise on the Native States of India appeared only the other day in a revised edition.

ANTI-DUELLING BILL FOR FRANCE. THE fate in the French Chamber of a bill designed to put an end entirely to those ridiculous affairs, which in France are styled duels will be watched with interest, and the bill is described by the Paris correspondent of the *Standard* in this week's mail editions. The bill has been prepared by the Abbé Lemire, who has conducted a long and vigorous campaign against duelling. "Although," the correspondent writes, "very probably he would not care to claim anything else in common with the great Cardinal of Louis XIII. beyond his priestly robes and his hostility to duelling, the Abbe has something of Richelieu's tenacity and regard for careful preparation. The new Bill, indeed, is one of the most elaborately prepared measures ever drafted to meet so simple a matter as exchanges of sword thrusts between two men. The proposals are:—(1) To make the duel a breach of the law, both principals and seconds being punishable by imprisonment for from three months to three years and a fine of from £4 to £40, (2) to make the publication of details or of the *compte rendu* also an infringement of the law, punishable by a fine of from £20 to £80." Hitherto the duel has been generally considered as a simple breach of the peace, but the Abbé Lemire argues that as the institution now exists, the duel is against the highest ideas of morals, and that, once proclaimed as a serious offence, all possible duellists will think more of the consequences. He strongly insists upon the punishment of the seconds as an integral part of his plan for repression, as he argues that the principals will hesitate before involving two of their friends. Newspaper publicity is aimed at, as the Abbé Lemire considers—and probably very justly—that it is the first encouragement of duelling, as nothing stimulates a Frenchman's vanity so much as to see his name inserted in the body of a report of such an incident. The proposals are naturally much and variously commented upon in the Press. One newspaper reminds its readers of a newspaper in Buenos Ayres that fires a gun whenever it has received any particularly striking piece of news. The authorities rebelled against this species of artillery practice, and intimated that a fine of £20 would be exacted each time the cannon was heard. But as soon as an exciting cablegram was received the gun boomed and the fine was paid. This will probably be the case if duelling is ever subjected to punishment. The *Figaro*, apparently in perfect seriousness, says that it will be very difficult for judges to treat as a criminal the honest gentleman who, at the cost of exchanging a couple of bullets or crossing swords for a few minutes, has been able to put a quiet end to an affair that might have been scandalously aggravated by being brought before the tribunals. We however heartily sympathise with the object of the measure. The duel in earnest is, of course, a barbarous proceeding which should not be countenanced in a civilised age. A few of these still take place in France. The majority of the French duels are, however, mere matters of form, conducted in the most ludicrous fashion, and it is difficult for an Englishman to understand how a self-respecting Frenchman can allow himself to participate in such an absurd burlesque.

HIS Excellency, the Governor of Bombay, is expected to visit the Gairsoppa falls privately to-day, travelling South via Poona, Birur and Shimoga by rail, and thence 62 miles by motor-car.

THE following Press communique has been issued:—The Secretary of State has appointed Mr. T. T. Williams of the Cardiff University College and Cambridge University to officiate as Professor of Political Economy at the Dacca College, during the absence on deputation of Mr. Shirae.

SIR HARVEY ADAMSON proceeds on the 23rd January, on tour to Moulmein where he will stay until the 28th, and thence will go to Thaton returning to Rangoon on 30th.

THE Hon'ble Mr. Sachidananda Sinha is giving notice of resolutions in the Imperial Council (1) urging the creation of an Executive Council in the United Provinces, and (2) advocating the separation of Judicial and Executive functions.

THE Port Officer has issued the following notice:—From 15th January until further notice the duties of the Pilot Schooner at the entrance of Bombay harbour will be carried out by a three masted vessel painted red at anchor in the usual position of the Pilot Schooner.

AN interesting ceremony took place at Lucknow on Friday in connection with the annual Methodist Conference. After the address by Bishop Macdowell was read, the foundation stone was laid of the new Hostel in memory of Miss Lilavati Singh, for many years connected with the College. A sum of Rs. 50,000 was subscribed.

THE following Press communique has been issued:—His Excellency, the Viceroy, with the approval of the Secretary of State, has appointed the Hon'ble Lieut.-Col. Sir A. H. McMahon, at present Agent to the Governor-General in Baluchistan, to be Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department in place of the Hon'ble Mr. S. H. Butler.

REUTER cables that the P. and O. S. N. Co.'s s.s. "Arabia," arrived at Plymouth on the morning of the 6th instant.

THE 27-knot destroyer "Contest" which was built in 1894-95 at Birkenhead and has been almost continuously employed, has been condemned as unfit for further service and placed on the sale list.

ADVICE has been received from Rio de Janeiro that all the ten torpedo boat destroyers built for the Brazilian Government by Messrs. Yarrow have now arrived there without the slightest mishap either as regards the vessels or their machinery. The "Parana", the last of these vessels, reached Rio on the 18th December.

THE noiseless Napiers exhibited at the International Railway and Land Transport Exhibition at Buenos Ayres, Argentine, have been awarded the highest possible award namely the "Grand Prix." Another "Grand Prix" was awarded to six-cylinder Napiers exhibited at the Brussels Exhibition. This is therefore the second Grand Prix received at International Exhibitions for Napier Cars during the past season.

THE two torpedo boat destroyers, which are being built for the Dutch Government at Flushing by the Schelde Company are being constructed in accordance with a contract which the Dutch Government entered into with Messrs. Yarrow & Co., of Glasgow, for the supply of two destroyers in conformity with their latest improvements, it being stipulated however that the vessels in question should be built in a Dutch yard by Dutch workmen. The vessels are necessarily being constructed from the latest designs of Messrs. Yarrow, and under their supervision.

A REPORT prepared by Mr. G. R. Askurth of the Board of Trade, from returns received from upwards of fifteen thousand farmers throughout the thousand agricultural districts, sets out that in England the total annual earnings of each labourer on the average during 1907, amounted to £47 15s, or 18s. 4d. weekly. In Wales the figures were £46 16s. and 18s., in Scotland £50 19s. and 19s. 7d., and in Ireland £29 4s. and 11s. 3d.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

TSAR AND FRANCE.

German Espionage Trial.

FRENCH ANTI-DUELLING BILL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS, DEC. 24.

EXCEPTIONAL interest attaches to the ceremony which took place on Saturday, at the Elysee, when M. Iswolsky presented his credentials to the President of the Republic. The addresses were marked, if possible, by even more than the usual cordiality and it is evident that, if anything remained to be done towards the cementing of the union between the two allies, the new Russian Ambassador would take that congenial task in hand with promptitude and energy. As a matter of fact, these relations have all along been so close and staunch that M. Iswolsky will have little to do beyond surveying with satisfaction the result of the tactful policy in which he has already had a part. He was escorted with the usual ceremonial to the Elysee, where military honours were paid to him, and in presenting his credentials he thus addressed M. Fallieres: "M. le President—In placing in your hands the letters which accredit me as Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of his Majesty the Emperor of Russia to the Government of the French Republic, I am happy to express the feeling of sincere and unchanging friendship which my august Sovereign entertains for France and the person of the President of the French Republic. In calling me to the distinguished honour of representing him with the Government of France, the friend and ally of his Majesty, the Emperor has deigned to direct me to devote all my care to the maintenance and consolidation of the very close links which unite Russia and France, and which serve not only as a guarantee to the mutual interests of the two allied countries, but also as a precious pledge for the preservation of the general piece. I beg you to believe, M. le President de la Republique, that like my predecessore, I shall employ all my efforts to the fulfilment of this task, and I permit myself to reckon for my success on the valuable co-operation of the French Government and your personal confidence."

M. Fallieres replied as follows: "M. l'Ambassadeur—In selecting you to represent him as his Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the Government of the Republic, his Majesty the Emperor of Russia has given us the most manifest evidence of the great value which he attaches to consolidation of the alliance which so happily exists between our two Governments and peoples. The constant friendship which you have evinced for France during the four years in which you presided over the direction of Russia's foreign policy would, even without the assurance of it that you have given us, be a sure guarantee of the devoted care with which you will work to strenghen, without ceasing, in agreement with us, the links which closely unite the two friendly and allied Powers for the safeguard of our mutual interests and the maintenance of the general peace. You will be so kind, when you transmit these assurances to his Majesty, your august Sovereign, as to communicate to him with the good wishes of the Government of the Republic and of France, the expression of my unalterable friendship for his person and the great country which you represent." It seems quite clear that, in speaking thus, the Ambassador in his address and the President in his reply wished to emphasise the lasting character of the alliance as an answer to certain comments on the Potsdam interview and the German Chancellor's speech.

ANGLO-GERMAN RELATIONS.

A long article by Count von Reventlos, in the "Deutsche Tageszeitung" on Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg's speech and Anglo-German relationships, works up to and culminates in the following conclusion: "It (the speech), with all its courtesy of form, leaves no room for doubt that the field of armaments itself does not come into consideration of the discussions aiming at an understanding, but only the political field. Should the British Government, nevertheless, as we now hardly believe to be likely, come forward with a positive proposal for the limitation of armaments, the German Government would doubtless, before defining its attitude, treat the political understanding as an indispensable preliminary condition, at the same time, of course, reserving complete freedom to describe the English proposal as acceptable or inacceptable, and the way suggested by the British Government as practicable or impracticable. But English experts and politicians will know as well as we do that there neither is nor can be any practicable method of arriving at a treaty limitation of armaments so long as the Great Powers concerned are not prepared to renounce having a policy of their own, based upon the foundation of national sovereignty."

ESPIONAGE TRIAL AT LEIPZIG.

Four years' confinement in a fortress is the price which Captain Trench and Lieutenant Brandon have to pay for their summer holiday on the west coast of Germany. Judgment was pronounced at half-past four on Thursday afternoon, but the real relief of the tension of the trial came somewhat earlier. From the first it had been obvious, in view of the two officers' admissions, that the only point at issue was not so much the fact as the mode of punishment. When the chief counsel for the Crown frankly declared that penal servitude would be too severe an expiation, and asked for a sentence of six years' fortress, the worst of their friends' uncertainty was over. It was, of course, within the discretion of the Court to take a graver view of the case, but under all the circumstances it was in the last degree improbable that it would do so. Any lingering hopes of an acquittal, upon which it is understood the two officers themselves had never counted, were dissipated when their counsel announced their inability to contest the indictment in so far as the Borkum incident was concerned, and confined themselves to an elaboration of the plea of extenuating circumstances. The term is a long one, and goes far beyond the expectations of those who had listened to the proceedings throughout. Their estimates ranged from one to three years. But fortress imprisonment is of very varying quality, and there are reasons for believing that in the present case it will be rendered rather less than more disagreeable than its average. Captain Trench and Lieutenant Brandon have made in every way a most favourable impression on all who have had to do with them, including the naval and military officers, who have assisted to secure their condemnation, and who would probably wish if military interests were not at stake that they could go free. The admiration they have won is partly a tribute to the professional skill and energy their displayed in their work of reconnaissance, and partly the result of their manly dignified and straightforward demeanour during their trial. This they kept up to the very last. They listened to the judgment with apparent unconcern, and subsequently joked and chatted with their friends in a spirit of cheery resignation.

LIFE IN A FORTRESS.

Until the military authorities have decided to which fortress they are to be consigned they will remain in their present quarters in Leipzig. The choice which is made of their future abode will indicate the manner in which it is intended to treat them. If they are lucky in this respect, they will be sent to the west, where the landscape is more attractive, and where they will not be so far from home. When a man is sentenced to a fortress it is usual for him to be put on parole, and he then proceeds to his destination without any kind of escort. In the present case the two officers will probably be accompanied, not, however, by a warder, but merely by a guide to direct their steps. Arrived at the fortress they will be assigned a room where they will be able during the daytime to employ themselves exactly in accordance with their own tastes, and to receive one another and the remaining prisoners, who will probably be officers and civilians of their own station in life, who have been mixed up in duelling affairs. It is laid down in the regulations that the prisoners must spend their evenings by themselves in their apartments, but this rule is honoured in the breach as well as in the observance, and many merry round of "skat," the German national card game, has been played out in the "cells" of a fortress in prohibited hours. A soldier will be placed at their disposal who will clean their boots, make their beds, and generally do the work of a manservant. Prisoners take their meals at a common table, and those of them who have the necessary funds can make arrangements with the nearest restaurateur to furnish them with the food and liquor agreeable to their tastes. They are permitted to roam about at will within the confines of the fortifications, and once a week can make an excursion to the nearest town, or in any direction, and as far as they please, so long as they can cover the distance on foot and are back again in their quarters before locking-up time. The wife and children of a German officer sentenced to a long term of fortress generally move to the neighbourhood where he is confined, so that they may have the opportunity of seeing something of him. In this, as in nearly all other respects, however, a great deal depends on the discretion of the commandant, who can grant those committed to his custody practically as many days out as he pleases. Apart from the restriction on their liberty, prisoners are in no way treated as criminals, and it will be recognised at once how wide a gap separates this form of incarceration from the deliberate undiscriminating, and unqualified severity of penal servitude.

FRENCH ANTI-DUELLING BILL.

Although the Abbe Lemire has had many a predecessor in the effort to suppress duelling by strict legislation, the question is now exciting a great deal more interest than it had done for years—another proof, by the way, of the rapid manner in which customs are changing nowadays. A high and acknowledged authority on the fencing art, and on all matters pertaining to affairs of honour, has been consulted on the subject, and he expresses the deliberate opinion that duelling is an institution that ought not to be abolished.

How many affairs of an extremely delicate and private character have been settled for ever by the fact that two men have taken up arms according to established rules! I myself have fought twenty-one times, and have directed 280 meetings, and I give you my word that at least 150 of these encounters, have been the final point of affairs of honour which exceeded the competence of all the law courts, and which but for them would sill be going on in the streets, in families, and at the tribunals. You can take my word for it, a loyal meeting which nearly equalises strength, and which gives to courage a value that could be seen nowhere else, preliminaries which may seem old-fashioned, but which convey to each of the adversaries that cold and courteous idea of his rights and his duties, the sensation of danger incurred in common, the correct bow that the two opponents exchange ever afterwards when they meet in society, even if they do not arrive at complete reconciliation, are all far better than the era of the revolver, the horse-whip, or the pugilistic set-to which the Abbe Lemire in his kindly spirit would virtually inaugurate with his proposal. What did M. Guizot say when a similar proposal was submitted to Parliament during the reign of King Louis Philippe? Speaking at the rostrum, he cried: "Never, gentlemen, will I prevent two gallant men from fighting, and from settling their personal quarrels as they choose!" How about publicity? The high authority referred to explains that a duel may be a trifling matter so far as the general public is concerned, but that it is at least as interesting as the judgment of a police-court in a libel case. Moreover in these days, the seconds often have recourse to arbitration, which has rendered a good many duels unnecessary. A man who has a regard for his own honour will never be deterred from sending a challenge by the penalties which are proposed, nor will anyone be prevented by them from accepting one. "Even Richelieu, with his famous edicts against duelists, for whom the punishment was to be death, did not succeed in suppressing in our country a custom which, let us hope, French courtesy for the women of France will maintain as long as there is a French race." And our authority relates a very characteristic anecdote. Cardinal Lavigerie, who was a modern apostle in North Africa, and who was extremely patriotic, happened to the visiting a large town in France, when a local gentleman called and informed him that his wife had got him into trouble, and that he had to fight a duel. "I put the case before you," he said, "I beg your forgiveness, and I ask—" The visitor had knelt down, but the Cardinal would not allow him to remain in that position or to finish his speech. Raising him, the prelate said, "My son, men fight first and confess afterwards." "And I know," concludes this authority, "that many Frenchmen, setting all question of religion aside, will think like Cardinal Lavigerie." If the duel is condemned to perish in France, it will certainly die hard.

CHAMBER AND STRIKERS.

M. Briand laid on Thursdey afternoon, on the table of the Chamber of Deputies, four very important bills which have been drawn up since the strike of the railwaymen. The first bill deals with the repression of sabotage. The second modifies a clause of the law of 1845, on the police of railways. The third treats of the status of railwaymen and of the pacific settlement of disputes about their professional interests, while the fourth bill relates to the retroactivity of their pensions. I have already gone into some of these matters so may mention, with regard to sabotage, that ordinary offenders will be punished with imprisonment of one month to two years and a fine, while employes in the service of the public, or of trade or industry, will be liable to imprisonment varying from two to five years and a fine, the same penalty being inflicted on those who have instigated them to sabotage. In the second bill the clause of the law of 1845, is altered to award imprisonment of six months to two years to engine-drivers or any other persons who, having to conduct a train, have abandoned their posts while on duty. The third bill is the most voluminous of all. In its elaborate preamble it is set forth that special care must be taken in those public services, the interruption of which is intolerable to the social body to avoid the slightest causes of dispute. Employes must have a complete professional status, and material and moral guarantees really worthy of a public working organisation. But they must be able to urge their collective claims by means as powerful as a strike, as they cannot fairly be deprived of the faculty of improving their position. Therefore, it is set forth in various clauses of this bill that, within six months after it is gazetted as law, the railway companies shall submit their regulations relative to promotion and so forth to the Minister of Public Works, in order that a uniform scale may be arrived at. Then a central committee of conciliation in disputes, including several delegates appointed by the men, will be constituted, and will institute fair inquiries. If all attempts at conciliation fail, recourse will be had to arbitration. Two arbitrators will be nominated by the men's delegates, and two will be appointed by the directors of the company, one or three co-arbitrators being added at the unanimous decision of the four. Every three years, in January, the Senate will elect five persons and the Chamber three to act as co-arbitrators. The arbitrators will meet at the Ministry of Public Works, and their decision will be published in the "Journal Official." The staff of that particular railway will have to obey, and after this any attempt to get up a strike will be punished. These are the chief features of these noteworthy bills, which furnish another illustration of the very practical policy which M. Briand is pursuing.

RUSSIA AND FINLAND.

According to the Russian newspapers, their Finnish contemporaries are exhorting the Finns not to lose a moment or an opportunity in the struggle with Russia in view of the vote of urgency passed by the duma in connection with the bill for equalising the rights of Russians in Finland with those of the native citizens. This advice appears to have been acted upon on Monday at Viborg, the first Finnish town from St. Petersburg, during the religious services and the military review on the occasion of the Emperor's name-day. This day is sacred to the memory of Saint Nicholas, and is annually kept as a public holiday throughout the Russian Empire in honour of the Emperor Nicholas II. At Viborg not only were the heads of the local Finnish Administration conspicuous by their absence from the abovementioned official military ceremonies, but when the Russian troops, with this year's fresh recruits on parade, marched past the Finno-Swedish College all the windows were thrown open, and crowds of students and their friends played and sang the "Bjorneborg" March, a well-known piece of music composed in commemoration of the famous defeat of the Russians in the Swedish War. This Swedish march is considered as the greatest insult which can be offered to the Russians by the Finns. The Russian general in command immediately gave orders to take down the names of all the persons in the college who took part in this offensive demonstration.

POWERS AND CRETE.

The tenth meeting of the Cretan National Assembly was held on Monday. After listening to the reading of the Consular communication of the 12th inst., and observing that it contained the phrase, "recognition of the Sovereign rights of Turkey," whereas since 1898 the Powers had, on several occasions, spoken only of the "rights of suzerainty," and that after the proclamation in favour of annexation on Sept. 24, 1908, they declared on Oct. 15, 1908, that they would treat the question with good-will, recognising at last, on July 13, 1909, that the aspirations of the Cretans were justified, the Assembly adopted a resolution expressing the profound affliction of the Cretan people, and protesting against the latest decision of the Powers, together with the hope that the Protecting Powers would not look on and see their proteges perish in consequence of this decision. The Mussalman deputies left the sitting in silence.

E CLAPHAM MYSTERY.

SSIBLE SIGNIFICANCE OF LETTER "S."

eral Conspirators Involved.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JAN. 6.

t the inquest on the bodies found in the cy Street house, the medical evidence ved that one died of a bullet-wound in the d, not self-inflicted, and the second was ocated. Both men were small, proving that her was Peter, who was of a fine physique. ounsel explained that the assassins' weapons e sighted to 1,500 yards, hence soldiers e requisitioned, whilst a great force of ce was required to surround the vicinity, ontrol the alien crowd and to keep them of danger. The Inspector, commanding, osed that he prevented the firemen from inguishing the flames in face of the mur- ous shooting.

"S" Murder Mystery.

The "S" murder mystery is being exhaust- ly discussed, especially as Beron, the victim, been proved to be a Russian Jew, formerly ing in Jubilee Street, where an anarchists' bs exists. It is suggested that "S" means pitzel," which is the Yiddish word for "spy." Evidence shows that the latter must have en cut under a light, whereas the murder k place about midnight. This suggests at there were several conspirators.

he Debris in Sydney Street.

LONDON, JAN. 8.

A number of metal cases have been found the *debris* of the house in Sidney Street. is thought possible that they are receptles for explosives. They will be examined Government experts. Besides Peter the inter the police are actively searching for e remainder of gang. It is believed that ey number forty.

THE PRINCE OF WALES.

To Go on Empire Tour.

LONDON, JAN. 8.

The *Observer* states that the Prince of ales will finish his naval training at Dart- outh in April and will enter the Oxford University in the autumn for a two years' ourse. Then, accompanied by Prince Albert, His Royal Highness will make a tour of the Empire, which will extend over one year, on oard a cruiser, attended by a large suite. He will afterwards be attached to a cavalry regiment.

THE KING OF SPAIN.

Visit to Melilla.

LONDON, JAN. 6.

A Madrid telegram states that King Alfonso, with a large Staff, has started on a ten days' visit to Melilla and its vicinity, accompanied by the Premier and the Minister for War.

MELILLA, JAN 7.

King Alfonso arrived here and proceeded to camp where pavilions have been erected for the use of the Majesty and suite. Representatives of neighbouring Moorish tribes, richly attired, formed part of a cortege, following the King on entry into town.

CARNEGIE TRUST COMPANY.

Closed by Order of State.

NEW YORK, JAN. 8.

The Carnegie Trust Company with a capital of 1,000,000 dollars, deposits with which total 10,000,000 dollars, has been closed by order of State Superintendent of Banks. Mr. Andrew Carnegie has no connection with the institution.

ESCAPE OF ANARCHIST PRISONERS.

BUENOS AIRES, JAN. 8.

Thirteen criminals including anarchist assailants of ex-President Quintana and Alcorta, have escaped from prison by tunnelling under a well.

LANDSLIP IN SPAIN.

Miners Blocked.

HUELVA (Spain), JAN. 8.

A landslide has occurred in the Rio Tinto Mines here, entombing several miners. Five bodies and five injured have been recovered.

SUFFOCATED IN A SULPHUR MINE.

Seven Persons Killed.

ROME, JAN. 8.

Seven persons have been suffocated in the fire in the sulphur mine at Tafo.

BILLIARDS IN ENGLAND.

Gray Makes a Break of 1,200.

LONDON, JAN. 6.

George Gray, playing against Diggle in a match of 8,000 level, made a break of twelve hundred to-day.

LONDON, JAN. 8.

The result of the match of 8,000 up, level, between Gray and Diggle is Gray 8,000, Diggle 3,824. Gray made a break of 1,318.

SIR HENRY COTTON'S SPEECH.

Further Explanations.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JAN. 7.

Sir Henry Cotton's speech continues to be a subject of correspondence in the *Times*.

The version cabled on the 2nd instant, was almost a verbal reproduction of the *Daily Chronicle's* report in every essential passage. Sir Henry Cotton has not so far questioned the *Chronicle's* accuracy.

The reporter, himself, now writes to the *Times*, that the speech was quite unexceptionable. It is true that the speaker sympathised largely with the supposed ideals of educated young Indians, but he warned them in the strongest terms against violence. He simply referred to Savarkar's case as an example of folly which they should avoid. He strongly urged the cultivation of friendly cordial relations with the English. It was a speech calculated to restrain anyone with a tendency to violence.

Sir Henry also writes, denying that he eulogised Savarkar or proclaimed the doctrines of India House. He denounced, on one hand, the tendency to sycophancy, a well-known defect in the Indian character, resulting from generations of subjection and foreign rule, and, on the other hand, he warned his hearers against the excesses of their friend Savarkar. Sir Henry thinks that most liberal-minded Englishmen hope that the Hague Tribunal will restore Savarkar to France, and vindicate the right of an international asylum.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN ASSEMBLY.

Post Office Bill Introduced.

LONDON, JAN. 7.

Reuter telegraphs from Cape Town that the Government has introduced a Post Office Bill into the Assembly. It contains a clause debarring the Postmaster-General from making contracts with any shipping company granting rebates.

THE BOKHARA SUCCESSION.

Alim Khan Crowned amid Acclamation.

LONDON, JAN. 7.

Reuter telegraphs from New Bokhara that the new Emir, Alim Khan, entered the capital at the head of his troops to-day amid the acclamations of the people. He proceeded to the Palace, where he was crowned.

SOVEREIGNS FOR INDIA.

Shipments to Amount to £300,000.

LONDON, JAN. 7.

The *Times* hears that Egypt is sending to India over £200,000 in sovereigns. India will also receive in due course £100,000 which has left Australia.

BRITISH TRADE RETURNS.

Increases in Imports and Exports.

LONDON, JAN. 7.

The trade returns for December, show increases in imports of £8,351,982 and in exports of £3,634,213.

The increases for the year 1910, in imports are £53,735,216 and in exports £52,409,464, of which £46,264,818 consists of manufactured articles, mainly cotton, wool, iron and steel goods, ships and electrical apparatus.

CRICKET IN AUSTRALIA.

The Third Test Match.

LONDON, JAN. 7.

Adelaide telegrams state that in the third Test Match, which opened there to-day, the South Africans scored 279 for five wickets, Zulch making 105 and Faulkner 56.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, JAN. 6.

The death is announced of Lady Wolverhampton.

[The late Lady Wolverhampton was the wife of the first Viscount Wolverhampton (the Rt. Hon. Sir Henry Hartley Fowler), and the daughter of the late Mr. G. B. Thornycroft of Chapel House, Wolverhampton and Hadley Park, Salop. Her eldest daughter, now Mrs. A. L. Felkin, was the Hon. Ellen Thornycroft Fowler, who is a brilliant and well-known English Novelist, and is better known by her own family name than by her husband's.]

LONDON, JAN. 7.

The deaths are announced of Sir John Aird and Baroness Alphonso Rothschild.

The late Sir John Aird was born in 1833 and educated privately. He was a member of the firm of Messrs. John Aird and Sons, contractors. From 1887 to 1905 he was Conservative Member for North Paddington. He was first Mayor of Paddington and Commissioner of Lieutenancy, City of London. He was also a Lieut.-Colonel of the Engineer and Railway Staff Corps. He was created a baronet in 1901, and also had the decoration of the Grand Cordon of the Medjidie.

IN-COMING MAIL.

ADEN, JAN. 8.

P. and O. steamer "Marmora" with the English mails left Aden for Bombay on Sunday, the 8th inst. at 5 p. m.

Captain Sir Arthur and Lady Evelyn Young were leaving England the week after mail week for Sir Arthur to take up his new apppointment as Chief Secretary to the Governor of the Federated Malay States.

RUSSO-GERMAN AGREEMENT.

Effect on England and Iran.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JAN. 8.

Notwithstanding the denials of various kinds it is generally understood that the *Evening Times'* version of the Russo-German Agreement is correct. Neither British or French Government is disposed to take exception to the settlement of minor differences between Russia and Germany. Meanwhile it is noted that immediately after the publication of the text of the agreement very cordial New Year's telegrams from King George and the Tsar to President Falliers were published.

ANGLO-AMERICAN TREATY.

Negotiations with Mr. Bryce.

LONDON, JAN 7.

President Taft is conferring with the Foreign Committee of the Senate with a view to the amendment of the Anglo-American Arbitration Treaty, by eliminating the Article which excepts questions of vital interest or affects the honour of the Parties.

The *New York Tribune* says that as a result of the above conference Mr. Knox, Secretary of State, has already opened negotiations with Mr. Bryce, the British Ambassador.

CONSTITUTION FOR MONACO.

Approved by the Prince.

LONDON, JAN. 7.

The Prince of Monaco has approved the constitution drafted by eminent French jurisconsults. It provides for a Ministry with an Assembly elected by universal suffrage.

TURKESTAN EARTHQUAKE.

No Building Left Undamaged.

LONDON, JAN. 7.

Details of the earthquake show that there is no building left undamaged in Vyernyi, and the shops are a heap of ruins. Seven hundred families spend the daytime in the barracks and schools and the night-time in the open, in spite of the severe frost, owing to fears of fresh earthquakes.

Mountain slides in the neighbouring gorges have buried numbers of people and cattle.

The road to Prejevalsk is impracticable, owing to a great upheaval of the surface.

Earthquake Reported at Simla.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JAN. 7.

A slight shock was recorded at Simla, yesterday, at twenty hours, forty-five minutes, from a distance of about seven hundred miles, and another, this morning, at seven hours, forty minutes from a distance of about six thousand miles.

THE MANCHURIAN LOAN

Stock Exchange Holds Aloof.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JAN. 6.

The *Evening Standard* states that the Manchurian Loan has been largely covered by bona-fide investors, the Stock Exchange holding aloof.

FOOTBALL AT HOME.

Saturday's Results.

LONDON, JAN. 7.

To-day's football results are as follows:—The name of the Home Club is given first in every case.

THE LEAGUE—Division 1.

Liverpool ...	2	Blackburn Rovers ...	2
Bury	0	Bradford City ...	1
Notts County ...	0	Manchester City ...	1
Newcastle United ...	3	Oldham Athletic ...	0
Aston Villa ...	2	Sunderland ...	1
Sheffield United ...	3	Woolwich Arsenal...	2
Middlesborough ...	0	Sheffield Wednesday.	1
Tottenham Hotspur..	3	Bristol City... ...	2
Preston North End...	0	Everton	2
Manchester United...	4	Notts Forest ...	2

THE LEAGUE—Division 2.

Barnsley	3	Chelsea	2
Bradford	2	Birmingham ...	2
Burnley	2	Huddersfield Town...	1
Derby County ...	3	Clapton Orient ...	1
Fulham	0	West Bromwich Albion	1
Gainsborough Trinity	1	Lincoln City ...	0
Hull City	1	Bolton Wanderers ...	0
Leeds City	0	Glossop	2
Leicester Fosse ...	2	Wolverhampton Wanderers ...	3
Stockport County ...	1	Blackpool	3

SOUTHERN LEAGUE—Division 1.

Queen's Park Rangers	5	New Brompton ...	0
Millwall	1	Norwich City ...	0
West Ham United ...	1	Coventry City ...	1
Luton	3	Southend	1
Portsmouth	0	Southampton ...	1
Northampton ...	0	Plymouth	1
Brighton and Hove Albion	5	Watford	0
Exeter City... ...	3	Leyton	0
Swindon	3	Brentford	0
Bristol Rovers ...	3	Crystal Palace ...	3

SCOTTISH LEAGUE.

Glasgow Rangers	6	Clyde ...	1
Morton ...	2	St. Mirren ...	3
Hearts ...	1	Motherwell ...	0
Third Lanark ...	0	Hibernians ...	3
Falkirk ...	1	Aberdeen ...	1
Airdrieonians ...	3	Kilmarnock ...	1
Celtic ...	2	Partick Thistle ...	0
Raith Rovers ...	2	Dundee ...	1
Hamilton Academicals	2	Queen's Park ...	1

RUGBY FIXTURES.

Cumberland ...	23	Durham ...	0
Leicester ...	9	London Welsh ...	8
Devonport ...	7	Newport	6
Swansea	36	Bristol	0
Blackheath	26	Richmond	8
Cardiff	63	Moseley	3
Harlequins	6	Old Leysians ...	5
Old Merchant Taylors	17	London Scottish ...	8

Lord and Lady Llangattock, with Sir John and the Hon. Lady Shelley, have gone to Egypt, and will be away until the end of April.

KING GEORGE AND THE TURF.

Extensive Entries for Races.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY]

LONDON, JAN. 7.

King George has entered horses for every race for which the entries appear in this week's Racing Calendar, to be run after the conclusion of Court mourning. This removes all doubts as to whether the King will support the turf to the same extent as King Edward.

CHINESE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATION.

President Resigns Owing to Illness.

LONDON, JAN. 6.

Reuter telegraphs from Peking that an Edict has been issued accepting the resignation of Tong Shao Yi, President of the Ministry of Communication, owing to his continued illness. The Vice-President, Sheng Kung Pao is promoted to be acting President and Lord Li, formerly Minister to Britain, becomes acting Vice-President.

The changes are considered most important, and it is believed that the new staff will adopt a more definite attitude with regard to loans and railway enterprises.

CROWN PRINCE'S TOUR.

Arrival at Lahore.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MUTTRA, JAN. 7.

The Crown Prince played polo, yesterday afternoon, and dined at the Mess with the Officers of the Royals. After dinner, there was a small dance at H. I. H.'s residence to which the ladies of the station were invited. Heavy rain fell during the night, but the weather cleared towards the morning, and, after breakfast, the Crown Prince visited the city. Before luncheon, he presented the medals of the Red Eagle and of the Order of the Crown to the Sergeant-Major, Bandmaster, and the squadron Sergeant Majors and to the Senior Sergeants of the Riding and the Gymnastic Staff. In the afternoon, the Crown Prince played polo and drove from the Polo ground to the station, where the Officers of the Royals had assembled to bid him farewell. The Royal train left for Lahore at 6-15.

LUCKNOW, JAN. 7.

His Imperial Highness, the Crown Prince of Germany, is expected at Lucknow, on the 29th of January. He will be the guest of the Lieutenant-Governor.

His Imperial Highness the Crown Prince of Germany arrived to-day at 11-40 a.m. Among those present at the station were the Lieutenant-Governor, General Pearson, Commissioner and Deputy Commissioner of Lahore. The party proceeded by motor to Government House via Lunda Bazar, Anarkali, Golbag and visiting the Museum proceeded along the Mall to Government House where on arrival the usual salutes were fired.

LATER.

At 2 p. m. the Crown Prince and party motored to Delhi Gate where His Imperial Highness and party alighted and proceeded on elephants through the city to Fort Badshahi Mosque and Ranjit's Samadh. Thence they proceeded by motor to Shahdera along the boat bridge and returned by motor at about 6 p. m. to Government House.

RIOT AT ALLAHABAD.

Several Men Injured.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 8.

There was a riot yesterday evening in the city near the Kotwali, when the Sikhs were going in procession, celebrating the birthday of their tenth Guru. A large number of low class Mahomedans with Alams came up and followed the procession in aggressive attitude. There was no disturbance up to the Kotwali, but when the precession passed the house of Lala Manohar Dass in Ranimandi, the Mahomedans began to throw brick-bats and assault the Sikhs. The latter fled for a short distance but finding that they were still followed and assaulted, began to retaliate. The Mahomedans took to their hills. Several men were injured.

LOSS OF ARMS INQUIRY.

A Miscarriage of Justice.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JAN. 7.

The following notice is issued in the current Lahore Divisional Orders:—A case has occurred in which the Court of Inquiry, on the loss of arms recorded its opinion that insufficient precautions were taken and the men concerned should be held responsible for the loss. In the resulting trial by Court Martial, a miscarriage of justice occurred through a want of knowledge of Regulations, regarding the men's responsibility for custody of arms, on the part of members of the Court. Any repetition of a miscarriage of justice, arising from ignorance of the Regulations, will result in very serious notice being taken of the Officers concerned.

SECTIONAL REPRESENTATION IN MUNICIPALITIES.

Result of Trial in the Punjab.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JAN. 7.

In the Government Review on the Municipal Administration Report, published in the "Punjab Gazette" the Lieutenant-Governor observes, "the system of sectional representation has been tried in a few Municipalities in the Province, and has generally served to reduce friction. There is, however, some difference of opinion on the subject. The Commissioner of Multan has declared against class constituencies and considers the system responsible in part for the bad relations that obtain between the Hindus and Mohamedans in Multan.

The town of Umballa has also declared against it. While recognising that the objections to the system may in many cases, outweigh its advantages, the Lieutenant-Governor has noted with interest the amount of success that the experiment has achieved, and desires to impress on the District Officers the necessity for watching the system carefully, where it exists, and taking, elsewhere, any measures that seem likely to reduce factional feeling.

DACOITY IN BURMA.

Villagers' Determined Defence.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JAN. 7.

Intelligence comes of a serious dacoity in Thegan village, Katha, in the house of one Yannaing in which a band of dacoits, five of whom were armed with guns and dahs, killed the owner and wounded three inmates of the house. One armed with a gun remained at the foot of the stairs, and four others entered the main room and found the owner's son and four men talking at the fireside. When attacked, two escaped into another room. The dacoits on guard fired a shot and frightened the villagers, who came to prevent the attack. Four of the dacoits in the house, finding that the inmates escaped, forced an entry into another by room cutting open the wall of the room, which was locked. Here they found the owner, his sick wife, mother-in-law, sister-in-law, and infant, a old woman and a boy.

HEAD OF HOUSE KILLED.

Yannaing and his mother-in-law made a determined defence with spears. In the meantime the sister-in-law carried away Yannaing's wife, the infant, the old woman and the boy to a building near; the dacoits were irritated at the resistance offered, and opened fire killing Yannaing. But the mother-in-law continued the defence till she was shot through both the thighs. The dacoits thereupon burst the door open. In the meantime Maset, Yannaing's sister-in-law dragged her mother away into another room and locked the door after her.

The dacoits then separately attacked and wounded the mother-in-law and the boy. After firing had ceased Maset helped her mother to escape with their valuables. Thinking that the dacoits had departed after firing, Maset went back to take away Yannaing's dead body. While dragging the corpse she was attacked again, but she escaped and armed herself with two dahs and heroically attacked the dacoits, thus keeping them off. The dacoits thereupon were attacked by the villagers, but they were kept at bay as the result of several shots. The band of dacoits then escaped. The villagers returned from the pursuit, and sent the body and the wounded to Hospital. Maset, Yannaing's sister-in-law, was found exhausted in the room, which she had so bravely defended. One dacoit was arrested.

DACOITY AT KARDAH.

Assailants Arrested with Booty.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 7.

On the night of 3rd instant a daring dacoity was committed in the house of a rich Mahomedan lady of Kardah in the Alipore District. When the dacoits were coming out with their booty, the villagers, who were in large numbers and were all well-armed, attacked them and a free fight ensued, in course of which one of the robbers was seriously wounded and fell senseless, being subsequently secured by villagers, although several attempts were made by his comrades to carry him away. The local Police took charge of the wounded robber who made a confession implicating five up-country Hindus residing at Kidderpore. The Police arrested these five men and recovered some stolen property.

THE KSHATTRIYA CONFERENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 7.

The Kshattriya Conference, which has just concluded its sittings at Allahabad was well-attended. Many of the distinguished Kshattriya Chiefs and Chieftains were present, including the Maharaja of Jammu and Kashmir, the Maharaja of Rewah, the Maharaja of Jhallawar, the Maharaja of Sailana, the heir-apparent of Rajkot, the Hon'ble Raja Rampal Singh of Kori, Sidhouli, the Maharaja of Balrampur, the Rajas of Barrh, Basti, Manda and other places, besides many of the Talukdars of Oudh and other minor dignitories. The chief work that the Conference accomplished was the reconciliation of two parties that have recently arisen amidst the Kshattriyas.

ALL-INDIA CONVENTION OF RELIGIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 7.

The All-India Convention of Religions will hold its second session at the Mayo Hall, Allahabad, from January 9 to 11, 1911. The Maharaja Bahadur of Durbhanga will preside. These by representatives of the following religions will be read the different sects of Hinduism, Christianity, Islam, Judaism Theosophy and Zoroastrianism.

INDO-CHINESE OPIUM TRADE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 7.

It is understood that for three months, beginning from the opium sale here next Tuesday, the whole of the opium chests sold will be allowed to be marked for import into China, leaving the adjustment to be made on the sale in the succeeding nine months, so that the total marked for import into China, may not exceed the amount agreed to with Chinese Government.

ASPHYXIATION CASE AT KARACHI.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, JAN. 7.

A said incident occurred at Karachi, last night, in the menial quarters of N.-W. Railway stores compound, resulting in the death of three Mahomedans. A chowkidar and his wife, feeling cold, looked themselves up is their block and placed a charcoal fire under the cot. In the morning it was found the woman, who had given birth to a child during the night, lay dead with the child before her, also lifeless, and besides them on the ground was the dead husband with burns upon his body. There were also fire burns upon the body of the woman. The man and woman must have been suffocated by the fumes.

GULF ARMS TRAFFIC.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 7.

Frontier reports state that there is practically no speculation among the tribesmen as regards the arms traffic. Certain Afghan Kafilas, have, however, started as usual for the Mekran Coast.

SIR WILLIAM WEDDERBURN.

Welcome by People of Bengal.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 8.

A largely attended meeting of the people of Bengal, was held yesterday afternoon, at Calcutta Town Hall, to offer hearty welcome to Sir William Wedderburn. The spacious hall was literally packed and on the dais were seated a number of elected members of the Imperial Legislative Council and Local Council, and leaders of Indian society. Sir William arrived just at 4 p.m., escorted by a dozen young Bengalee Volunteers, and was received with loud cheers and shouts of Bande Mataram. Dr. Rashbihari Ghose, who was voted to the chair read an address printed on vellum embroidered with gold fringes, in one corner of which were written in gold "Friend of India." It was presented in a bamboo casket heavily inlaid with gold, a silver tea-set with pictorial representation of rural scenes of Bengal and a map of India traced in a silk handkerchief were also presented to Sir William after he was garlanded.

Sir William in reply said:—"Dr. Ghose, Ladies and Gentlemen.—Allow me to return to you my most grateful thanks for this mark of your regard. It is, indeed, gratifying if you think that my brief visit has in any way, forwarded the peace of peace and conciliation.

HINDU-MAHOMEDAN RELATIONS.

"It is most kind of you to express such warm appreciation of the movement in which I have been permitted to take part to promote more friendly feelings between the two great communities of India. I think the Conference at Allahabad constitutes a good beginning in this direction and the best thanks of all well-wishers of India are due to H. H. the Aga Khan and other Moslem leaders and to Babu Sarada Charan Mitra and other Hindu leaders for the spirit of wise conciliation which marked the deliberations of the Conference. I earnestly trust that the work thus began will be preserved within spite of all difficulties by the leading men on both sides, and I am sure they will find much to encourage them in the sympathy which H. E. the Viceroy was pleased to express with the movement in his gracious reply to the address of the Congress deputation. It is a source of sincere gratification to me to find that you fully recognise the value and importance of the Congress propoganda in England. There can be no doubt as to the truth of what you have said regarding the methods by which we should promote the cause of Indian reform. These methods must strictly be constitutional and they must be inspired by genuine loyalty. Our work, whether in India or in England, must be guided by such principles and this leads me to speak of a telegram from England, which has given me much pain. Referring as it does to a friend and colleague who has worked long and earnestly for the advancement of India, the telegram ascribes to him an expression of sympathy which a person who has been engaged in a revolutionary propoganda and has been convicted of participations in crime of a peculiarly heinous kind. I believe that there must have been some gross blunder with regard to this telegram. So alien is such a sentiment to the character and opinions of Sir Henry Cotton we must await the full text of the speech. I feel that when it is received it will put a different complexion upon the whole affair. This has already been done to some extent by Sir Henry's brief statement as wired yesterday by Reuter. Meanwhile I must declare publicly, and I am sure I am expressing in this matter not only my own feeling but the feeling of you all that if there has been the least suggestion of sympathy with either Savakar or his co-workers we disassociate ourselves at once and absolutely from any such suggestion. You express solicitude for my health and in your great kindness you assume that coming to India, I have made a personal sacrifice and incurred a serious risk. Please let me assure you in the words of the Irishman that the trouble has been a pleasure. I never enjoyed myself more in my life, and, as regards my health you have all taken such care of us, and my dear friend, Mr. Gokhale, has kept so strict an eye on my proceedings that I feel all the better for my trip.

"A LAND OF FRIENDS."

"It is with regret that I say good-bye to you all. India has always been to me a land of friends and I feel sure that you are ready to extend the hand of friendship to all whether from the East or the West that desire to work for the welfare of India. Indeed I have always thought that the English and Indians ought to get on well together. Each can supply the deficiencies of the other and the two combined should be able to control the world. On the one hand, the Indian is essentially intellectual and spiritual minded, but is rather adverse to the rough struggles of the material world; on the other hand, the Englishman is naturally adverse to the intellectual subtelities but is a good all round man with his hand in dealing with pratical affairs. The very difference in their qualification should draw them together and make them trusted partners in the great work of developing the resources of India. Ladies and Gentlemen, I bid you farewell with my best wishes for the new year."

Sir William, who looks cheerful and apparently in good health, embarks to-night Austrian Lloyd's steamer "Silesia," which leaves Kidderpore docks early to-morrow morning. To meet Sir William Wedderburn, a lunch was given by Bhupendra Nath Basup at which were present Sir Edward Baker, Hon. Ali Imam, Gokhale, Raja of Dignatia, Hon. B. C. Mitter, Standing Counsel. Messrs. A. Coudhry, T. McMorgan, H. W. S. Sparkes, and Dr. Rash Behari Ghosh

WILL NOT RETURN TO BOMBAY.

Mr. D. E. Wacha sends for publication the following letter, which was handed to him by Sir W. Wedderburn, at Calcutta, regretting that owing to a change of plans, he will not have the pleasure of again meeting his numerous Bombay friends, who gave him a hearty welcome on his arrival and contemplated giving an equally hearty send-off:—

Dear Mr. Wacha,—Since coming here there has been a change in my plans, and it has now been considered best that I should leave Colombo by sea, meeting the P. and O. boat for Aden at Colombo. My kind advisers approve this arrangement on account of my health, as I shall thus avoid the fatigue and risks of a long and cold railway journey across India. But I much regret that, by this change of plan, I shall be deprived of the pleasure of again meeting my Bombay friends, who gave me so warm a welcome on arrival and who, I understand, had contemplated giving me no less hearty send-off on my departure. Will you please express to them my grateful feelings and say how glad I should have been to see them again and thank them in person for their kindness.

On Dec. 17, it was announced that a war Office Committee, with Major-Gen. T. D'O. Snow, as chairman has been formed for the purpose of investigating and reporting upon the establishment of the garrison, staffs and military offices of the home commands. One of the duties of the committee will be to visit certain selected offices; and, the committee or its representatives are to be supplied with any imformation required.

DACCA CONSPIRACY CASE.

The Samity Library.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DACCA, JAN. 7.

The Dacca conspiracy case was resumed today at 10 a.m., when Mr. Garth, continuing his address, read out some village notes that were actually prepared.

The next matter dealt with was an independant leaflet in which the object of the Samity was clearly stated to be national and social freedom without which millions would surely perish of starvation. Next some noted essays in Pain Behari Dass's handwriting were dealt with, which recommended independent thought and action as conductive to the healthy growth of manhood, but at the same time the readers should all be resigned to one fit leader.

Counsel then proceeded to deal with the literature in the library of the Samities. It consisted mostly of revolutionary and religious works, it was found that those were principally the books which the members turned to read. Apparently those were the books which the members were taught. The general catalogue of books was next referred to and then the issue book of the Samity library was dealt with, which showed how many times the books of the library were taken out and what books were chiefly in use.

The Holy Book, "Gita", deserves special notices. The reason by which Sri Krishna overcomes Arjuna and induces him to fight and slay even his nearest relations were principally what the Samity members read. Further was found an article on Patriotism in the "Gita". It also showed how the Gita was attempted to be applied by the Samities. The Book "Bartaman Ramna Niti", which deals with the Modern Art of War, also begins with a quotation from the "Gita, and Ananda Nath was referred to. This book speaks of a vow by which one was to renounce the nearest, and dearest relations on earth and is evidently supplies the basis of the Samity vows. "Debi Choudhrani" was referred to, which contains a chapter extolling Tallu, next Vabani Pathak, the trainer of "Debi Choudrahni," and then Tantia Wheel.

The next book referred to is "Mukti Kona Pathe," which is a compilation from the "Jugantar" articles. This book advocated without disguise open revolution as absolutely necessary for the regeneration and welfare of the country and recommended as means the preparation and collection of men and collection of arms by importing or manufacturing and collecting money by all means, even by robbery and dacoity. An appeal was made in the book for revolution in the name of religion. Here Mr. C. R. Das asked if the prosecution counsel would tell irrespective of the teachings of the book how prosecution means to apply this book to the present case.

Mr. Garth replied:—We find from the issued book of the Samity liberary how largely this book was read and we will see presently how samities benefited by the teachings of this book. The counsel next read several passages from the articles copied out by the accused, Dinesh Chandra Guha, from the "Jugantar". The counsel next referred to the proceedings of Madhyspara Jnanbikashini Sabha, in which it is recorded that a spirited article entitled, Reminiscence of Rajputana by Barrister C. R. Das, was read in the Court by Hem Chandra Sen. Mr. C. R. Das rose up to say that he never wrote or published any article like it and asked the prosecution counsel to produce the original, for there must be some mistake about it. Mr. Garth replied that he had not known of any other barrister of the name up-to-date. Here the Court rose for the lunch.

After this counsel referred to a copy of Sandhya, in which appeared an article eulogising Kanialal Dutt as a martyr. The counsel then referred among several other documents, a manuscript book containing formula for sword-play. It was seized at a search in the house of the accused, Jotonmoy, and since the seizure sword-play was described or discussed in the notes of Samity members as chota or small lathi play. The counsel then read several manuscript documents and cursorily referred to the playcards and pictures seized during the several searches. Next the counsel referred to a review in Bengalee of Shikar Balidan by Surendra Nath Bannerjee and laid stress on the fact that the popularity of the book was due to criticism than for its contents. Surendranath thought it fit to be in the hands of every boy, and recommended that every young men should read it, and why, because of the lesson taught through the mouths of our Giuindas that sons should rather die than abjure their faith. The counsel remarked for the present no one had been asked to give up his faith and attacked Surendra Nath Bannerjee saying that his reference to Swadeshism could not mean the outward or popular Swadeshim, but it was to inner Swadeshism, and Bannerjee had misused quotations from the Bible as "Suffer young children to come to." Mr. C. R. Das said that Surendranath was neither a co-accused nor a person with whom the accused are alleged to have conspired and wanted to know if it was a part of the prosecution case. Mr. Garth replied that Surendranath's introduction helped the popularity of the book and it is for this we find four copies of it in the Samity library and his observation about Surendra Nath was quite justified and that was certainly a part of the case. The counsel continuing then referred to the several political dacoities and crimes and several convictions, when the Court adjourned for the day.

LUNGAR PROCESSION IN HYDERABAD.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, JAN. 8.

The Lungar procession took place yesterday, in the Hyderabad city commencing at 1 p.m. and concluding at 4-30. It was witnessed by a large crowd. H. E. the Minister entertained a large number of guests at his palace, including Lieut. General Sir James Wolfe Murray, Sir Charles Bayley and staff and many Hyderabad nobles and British Officers. The procession was led by an elephant standard, Hyderabad City Police, Mounted Cyclists, and Arab and Afghan Police. Then came the Camel Corps and Arab Chieftains with retainers, the latter chanting and dancing through the street. The Chieftains and Nawabs mainly rode on elephants, accompanied by the irregular troops attached to the Nawabs. The whole function passed off without a hitch.

ALLAHABAD EXHIBITION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 8.

The Cawnpore Woollen Mills have sent some fifteen hundred of their employes by special train to see the Exhibition. The special was gaily decorated with posters, flags and bunting and labelled "Lalimli, Exhibition Special." Each employe wore a badge with the name "Lalimli," their trademark. The Company have also arranged to provide various amusements free to their people.

CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT SOCIETIES.

Conference of Registrars.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 7.

The Fifth Annual Conference of the Registrars of the Co-operative Credit Societies, was opened in the United Provinces Exhibition to-day.

The Hon'ble Mr. E. D. Maclagar, Secretary to the Government of India, presided, and the Hon'ble Mr. W. B. Gourlay, Director of Agriculture, Bengal, was Secretary to the Conference. The Registrars present were Messrs. Rao, (Madras), Campbell (Bombay), Maharaja Singh (U. P.), Buchan (Bengal), Langley (Punjab), K.C., Deh (E. B. and A.), Wells (C. P.), Haller (Coorg), Gopinath (Ajmere), Shama Rao (Mysore), Datar (Baroda), and also fifteen Assistants and Honorary organisers.

The President delivered an interesting speech and a discussion then followed.

The President of the meeting of the Registrars of Co-operative Credit Societies welcomed the Registrars and said it was the first Conference held outside the headquarters. He referred to the Exhibition speech of Sir John Hewett in which the Lieutenant-Governor, who was a practical man, had referred to the movement as a practical movement likely to do good to the people of India. Mr. MacLagan regretted the absence of the Burma Registrar, the report of whose work was one of the most interesting in India. The President also referred to the letter in the press which criticised the Conference of the Registrars as a great obstacle to the progress and which led to unhealthy competition and too much uniformity. Mr. MacLagan did not agree with these remarks, as the competition was healthy and the opportunity given for discussion was invaluable. As to uniformity there was an extraordinary diversity in various provinces, and the Credit Societies Act would probably have to be amended and made broad enough to cover lines worked out by each porvince. Referring to the figures, the President said that the progress was encouraging; the number of Societies from 1,300 in 1908 rose to 2,000 in 1909 and to 3,500 in 1910. The number of members rose in the year from one lakh and eighty thousand to two hundred and thirty thousand, the capital from eighteen lakhs to one hundred and twenty-four lakhs and deposits from members from sixteen lakhs to twenty-five lakhs. The co-operative system, he said, was directly affecting one million people.

The speaker then referred to the various characteristics of each province, and said, two main questions which had to be discussed were finance and control. Mr. MacLagan said he would like to bring to the notice of the Registrars one point referred to by Mr. Carlyle at previous Conference, that is, they should be careful to see that the societies themselves provided supervision. The last thing the Government wished to do is to create the service of supervisors. The President also drew attention to the new Co-operative Societies Amending Act which was referred to at the last Imperial Council meeting. The proposal is to extend the Act to include other forms of co-operation. Besides Credit Societies and the whole Act will be recast and put in more a suitable form. The rest of the address dealt with technical matters. Four Sub-Committees were then elected to deal with various questions. Each Registrar gave an account of the work done in his own province. Mr. Langley's description of the Punjab system was particularly interesting, so was Mr. Buchanan's account of a large society founded by Roman Catholic Mission in Ranchi to deal with the aborigines scattered over Chota Nagpur. Mr. Maharaja Singh gave an account of the Societies for artisans and tradesmen. The subjects to be discussed at the next meeting are inspection and audit finance of the central banking unions organisation of the Co-operative Credit Societies in India, development of other forms of co-operation, privileges granted by Government and how best to encourage the assistance of the non-officials and the provincial conferences, amendment of the Co-operative Credit Societies Act.

MUNICIPAL BUDGET ESTIMATES.

Proposed Amendments by Councillors.

The following additional notices of motions in connection with Budget discussion will be placed before the ordinary monthly meeting of the Corporation called for this (Monday) afternoon:—

From Mr. Jamsetjee Ardaseer Wadia: 'That the Corporation are of opinion that it is unnecessary to light all the lamps in the City on moonlight nights and that the lighting of streets which it may be considered unnecessary to light during such nights should be dispensed with. That the Budget Estimate in respect of expenditure, for the year 1911-12, for the Public Works (Engineer's) Department, streets and buildings, including a provision of Rs. 5,127 for new work as per item No. 27 of statement No. 13, printed at page 115 of the Budget, and including a special provision of Rs. 40,183 for cleaning, lighting and repairing Port Trust Wharves Roads, be adopted at Rs. 13,52,881, the Standing Committee's estimate being reduced by Rs. 50,000.'

From Mr. Phiroze C. Sethna: 'That the Corporation are of opinion that it is unnecessary to light all the lamps in the City throughout the night on moonlight nights and that the lamps of streets which were previously only partially lighted during moonlight nights should be put out after midnight on such nights.

That the Budget Estimate in respect of expenditure, for the year 1911-12, for the Public Works (Engineer's) Department, streets and buildings, including a provision of Rs. 5,127 for new works as per item No. 27 of statement No. 13, printed at page 115 of the Budget, and including a special provision of Rs. 40,183 for cleaning, lighting and repairing Port Trust Wharves Roads, be adopted at Rs. 13,78,881, the Standing Committee's estimate being reduced by Rs. 24,000.'

From Mr. Shapoorjee Sorabjee Mistry: 'That the Corporation hereby determine, subject to the limitations and conditions prescribed in Chapter 8 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act III of 1888, that the water tax leviable on buildings and lands under Section 140 (a) of the said Act be levied for the year 1911-12 at the rate of 3 1-4 per centum of the rateable value of such buildings and lands respectively.

That the Budget Estimate in respect of revenue for the year from water be adopted at Rs. 19,68,000, the rate for water supplied for trade purposes being retained at annas 8 per 1,000 gallons.'

From Dr. Moreshwar C. Javle: 'That the Budget Estimate in respect of expenditure, for the year 1911-12, for the Public Health Department be adopted at Rs. 23,71,537, the Standing Committee's estimate being increased by Rs. 19,953, to meet the cost of building a wall for protecting the Mahim Burning and Burial Ground from the inroads of the sea (sanctioned under Corporation Resolution, No. 4384, dated the 17th October 1910).' (76)

From Dr. Nadirshaw H E. Sukhia: That the rate for water charge by meter measurements for trade purposes and Port Trust properties should be raised from Ans. 7 and Ans. 6 1-2 to Ans. 8 per 1000 gallons as charged for milch cattle stables and livery stables and buildings in the City and that for Railways should be raised from Ans. 6 1-2 to Ans. 9 per 1000 gallons, and consequentially the charge for water tax on valuation be reduced from 3 3-8 per cent. to 3 per cent.' And that the rate for water charge by meter measurements for Railways and Port Trust properties should be raised from Ans. 6 1-2 to Ans 11 and Ans. 8, respectively, per 1000 gallons and consequentially the charge for water tax on valuation be reduced from 3 3-8 per cent. to 3 per cent.'

NEWS LATER THAN THE MAIL.

The following messages, appearing in the Australian papers are later than the last English Mail:—

English Railway Smash.

TRAIN CATCHES FIRE.

London, Dec. 25.

A terrible railway disaster took place last night near Hawes Water, in Westmorland.

The Midland express, with 500 holiday-makers on board, was travelling at a speed of 60 miles an hour when it over-took two "light" engines which had been assisting the southward trains in the mountainous country.

A terrific impact occurred, and the light engines which were running at 20 miles an hour, were carried for a distance of 150 yards, and then thrown off the line.

The two locomotives attached to the express jumped the rails, and dashed down an embankment dragging the train with them.

To add to the confusion of the smash a fire broke out in a restaurant car, and the whole train was soon ablaze. The flames raged fiercely until nothing but the ironwork of the carriages was left.

The scene was one of the utmost horror in the darkness of the wild mountainous region, the cries of the injured passengers mingling with the hissing of the steam from the four overturned engines.

At least nine persons were killed and 25 others were injured. The faces of most of the victims were unrecognisable, and identification in cases of six of them was a matter of guesswork.

A young married couple were pinned down under the ruins of a carriage, while their five months' old child was burned to death before their eyes. The couple were ultimately rescued.

Four Children Killed.

London, Dec. 25.

While a party of children were crossing a railway line at Bolsover, in Derbyshire, last night, after attending a cinematograph entertainment a passenger train ran into them, killing four.

The Missing Aeronaut.

London, Dec. 24.

Mr. Cecil Grace, who disappeared from view on the return journey after flying an aeroplane from Dover across the English Channel on Thursday evening, is still missing. After he had been sighted from North Foreland his aeroplane veered and he vanished seaward. As the weather was hazy at the time it is believed that he lost his way.

Several parties have been out searching for the missing aeronaut, but without success. Yesterday and last night motor cars scoured the coast of Kent and a tug searched the French side of the Channel, while British warships entered into wireless telegraphic communication with various vessels in the North Sea. Nothing of Mr. Grace could, however, be heard or seen.

British Flying School.

London, Dec. 24.

Mr. Grahame White is organising a British flying school, and is preparing to construct larger and heavier aeroplanes capable of traversing gusts and currents. He is convinced that the time is approaching when men will be able to fly against any wind except a gale, and that soon the race of progress through the air will be 100 miles an hour. He predicts remarkable strides in the aeroplane industry next year.

San Francisco, Dec. 25.

At the international aerial meeting at Los Angles yesterday, Mr. Radley, an Englishman, won the prize for quick starting.

Collision at Sea.

Madrid, Dec. 24.

The French steamer Jeanne Conseil was sunk in a collision with a Spanish steamer near Alicante to-day, Only one person out of 27 on board the Jeanne Conseil was saved.

Pacific Mail Services.

New York, Dec. 24.

The Assistant Postmaster-General of the United States urges the payment of subsidies for mail steamer services to South America, Japan, Australia, and China.

Mexican Insurrection.

New York, Dec. 24.

Insurgent scouts entered Chihuahua, in Mexico, yesterday and distributed circulars announcing the intention of the rebels to occupy the city. A Government patrol attacked the scouts whereupon the latter fled.

A dozen bridges on the Mexican North-Western Railway have been burned by the insurgents.

New York, Dec. 25.

Seven hundred Mexicans have crossed the border into Texas, in order to escape from the insurgents. The latter have destroyed more railway bridges.

British Politics.

London, Dec. 25.

The "Morning Post" states on the strength of information received from a member of the House of Commons, that early in the new year the Government will create two or three dozen Liberal peers as a first warning to the House of Lords.

The "Times" commenting upon the political interview which Mr. Lloyd-George (Chancellor of the Exchequer) recently granted to a representative of the Paris "Humanite" remarks:—"Mr. Lloyd-George was probably ignorant of the character of the journal. Otherwise his conduct in making a confident of the representative of the party that lately defended sabotage and virulently attacked the French Government would be inexplicable. It is not surprising that the French Socialist consider, Mr. Lloyd-George's recent campaign as a victory for the principles,"

The "Spectator" urges the Ulstermen that if the principle of Home Rule be adopted they should insist that North-East Ulster must remain under the British Parliament or be given a separate Parliament of its own.

A Servian Affair.

Belgrade, Dec. 24.

Nastitch the author of the forgeries used in connection with the trial of Dr. Friedjung towards the latter end of last year, has been sentenced to five years' penal servitude for high treason for having knowingly served a foreign mission by means of forged documents prejudicing the interests of Servia. The documents were intended to implicate Servia and certain Croation deputies. The Court found that Nastitch co-operated with a functionary in the Austro-Hungarian Legation at Belgrade.

HISTORY OF THE CASE.

Great excitement was (states the "Annual Register" for 1909) produced in Austria in 1909 by the prosecution for high treason at Agram of 53 persons charged with participation in a movement for the separation of Croatia, Slavonia, and Bosnia from the monarchy and their union with Servia. The trial began in March and lasted till October. It was alleged that this prosecution was started in order to afford a justification for the annexation and certainly there was an air of unreality about the trial which seemed to show that its object was purely political, asserted by the "Pester Lloyd." The principal evidence for the prosecution was that of an individual named Nastitch, who, after having assisted a number of Servian fanatics at Belgrade to manufacture bombs for use against Prince Nicholas of Montenegro turned evidence against his accomplices, and subsequently published at Budapesth a pamphlet entitle "Finale," accusing certain of the defendants in the trial of participation in the Pan-Serb propaganda. No serious evidence of high treason was brought to light and the time of the Court was wasted in undignified squabbles between the Public Prosecutor, the counsel for the defence, and the Judges on account of the innumerable violation of procedure committed by the latter. On October 5 the trial was concluded; 31 of the accused were sentenced to various terms of penal servitude, and the remainder were acquitted. The trial was generally condemned by public opinion both in Austria and Hungary and appeal was lodged against the sentence.

Still more scandalous as an exposure of Austrian official methods of casting odium on the opponents of the annexation was the result of a trial which took place in December of Dr. Friedjung, a well-known Austrian historian and friend of Count Aehrenthal. Dr. Friedjung was the author of an article in the "Neue Freie Presse" accusing the members of the Serbo-Croation coalition in the Croatian Diet of conspiring with the Servian Government to detach Croatia from Hungary and annex it to Servia and of receiving bribes from that Government and 49 of the Croatian deputies consequently brought an action for libel against him. It was proved in the course of the trial that the documents produced by Dr. Friedjung and supplied to him by the Austrian Foreign Office in support of his charges against the Croatian deputies were forged, and he was compelled to admit that the charges were baseless, upon which the deputies declared themselves satisfied, and the proceedings closed without the jury being called upon for a verdict. The trial was specially important from an international point of view, as it exploded the fabric of misrepresentation as to Servian and British intrigues against Austria-Hungary with which the Austrian public had been so long deluded. A Czech deputy remarked in the Reichsrath that "the natural consequence of this unhappy trial will be a thorough revision of the Austro-Hungarian system of diplomatic information which in its present form has inflicted a highly unwelcome defeat upon the policy of Count Aehrenthal."

Explosion on a Steamer.

Paris, Dec. 24.

A powder chest on board the steamer Ville Doran exploded to-day killing 12 persons and injuring 15 others.

Railway Dispute.

Chicago, Dec. 25.

The wages dispute on the western railroads has been settled, the companies having granted the enginemen an allround increase.

A Prison Riot.

San Francisco, Dec. 24.

A riot occurred among the prisoners in the gaol at Cresco, in California, yesterday. The warders summoned the fire brigade, and the latter soon swamped the cells, with the result that the riot was ended.

KING'S POLICE MEDAL.

The Indian Awards.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 7.

The following Press communique has been issued by the Home Department:—His Majesty, the King-Emperor, has been pleased to confer the King's Police medal on the following officers and men of the Indian Police establishments:

Yusuf Ali Sahib, Khan Sahib, Inspector Madras Police; Narayanaswamy Naidu, Constable Madras Police; Michael Kennedy, Inspector-General of Police; Indian Police, (Bombay Presidency); William Nicholls, Chief Officer, Municipal Fire Brigade, Bombay Police; Esmond Priestly, District Superintendent, Indian Police (Bombay Presidency); Ramachandra Shantaram Jemadar, Bombay Police; Jivnamahdu, Inspector, Bom-Police; Edrusmian Bawamian, Head Constable, Bombay Police; Goramkhan Kamalkhan, Head Constable, Bombay Police; Shanker Sadashiv, Inspector, Bombay Police; Frank Charles Daly. Deputy Inspector-General, Indian Police, (Bengal), Hugh Andrew Kelso, District Superintendent, Indian Police, (Bengal); Alfred Frederick Knight, Inspector, Bengal Police, (Bengal); Jamir Ahmed Khan, Constable, Bengal Police; Sheo Shanker Singh, Constable, Bengal Police; Rai Bachu Narain; Deputy Superintendent and Officiating District Superintendent, Bengal Police; Babu Rajnath Chewchury, Officiating Deputy Superintendent, Bengal Police; Rai Bemoda Kumar Gupta Bahadur, Inspector, Calcatta Police; Rai Sahab Purna Chandra Lakiri, Inspector, Calcutta; Police; Firtha Singh Gurang, Constable, Bengal Police; Reginald Hugh Brereton, C. I. E., Inspector-General (retired), Indian Police, (United Provinces); Sackville Hamilton Birklay, District Superintendent, Indian Police (United Provinces); Alexander William Richardson, Superintentedt, Indian Police, (United Provinces); Chet Singh, Constable, United Provinces Police; William McKenown Inspector, United Provinces Police; Bidur Singh, Constable, United Provinces Police; Cecil Gordon Denne, District Superintendent, Indian Police, (United Provinces); Sardar Mela Singh, Inspector, United Provinces Police; Erie Charles Hamdyside, District Superintendent, Indian Police, (Punjab); Siyan Singh, Constable, Punjab Police; Munshi Sukha Singh, Inspector, Punjab Police, (I. D.); Lionel Linton Tomkies, District Superintendent, Indian Police, (Punjab); Khan Sahib Sayid Ulfat Hussain, Inspector, Punjab Police; Lala Ishar Dass, Inspector of Punjab Police; Jowhari Singh, Sub-Inspector, Punjab Police; Mizamiddin, Constable, Punjab Police; William Henry Tarleton, District Superintendent, Indian Police; Ramnarain Arain Singh, Constable, Burma Maung Nia Paw Thu, Deputy Superintendent, Burma Police; Manmohon Chakrabatti, Deputy Superintendent, Eastern Bengal and Assam Police; Belbong Ram, Inspector of Eastern Bengal and Assam Police; Atul Chandra Bannerji, Inspector, Eastern Bengal and Assam Police, (C. I. D.); George Whitty Hayer, District Superintendent, Indian Police; (Central Provinces); Chanda Singh, Inspector, Central Provinces Police; Sheikh Adam, Head Constable, Central Provinces Police, Usman Khan, Head Constable, Central Provinces Police; Khalak Singh, Constable, Central Provinces Police; Richard MacGill, District Superintendent, Indian Police, (Central Provinces); Mir Aran, Head Constable, North-Western Frontier Police; and Francis Montague Algernon Beatty, District Superintendent of Police, Indian Police, (Baluchistan).

RANGOON, JAN. 8.

The Lieutenant-Governor presented the King's medal yesterday at Government House to Mr. W. M. Baines, Commissioner of Police, Rangoon, who is shortly proceeding Home on sick leave.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER CORPS.

General Inspection.

The annual inspection of the Bombay Volunteer Artillery was held on Saturday afternoon, under the Command of Major J. W. Hawes, V. D., Nos. 1 and 2 Companies, paraded at the Apollo Bunder, at 4-45 p.m., when Major-General W. du Gray, Inspector General of Volunteers in India, who was accompanied by his Brigade Major, Major Copeland, inspected them. The Inspector-General was received with a general salute by the Companies. The men then proceeded to Middle Ground for 1 inch Aiming Rifle Practice, E. E. Company paraded at the Bunder at 5-45, and proceeded to Middle Ground for Defence Search Manning.

General Du Gray expressed himself pleased with the appearance and work of the Corps and complimented them for the same.

General du Gray will inspect the Bombay Light Horse, this morning at 7-30 a.m, when the Corps will parade under the Command of Major the Hon'ble Sir H. E. E. Procter near the Queen's Statue.

SPORTING NEWS.

BOMBAY RACES.

Fourth Extra Meeting.

THE fourth Extra Meeting of the Bombay Races, was held at the Mahalaxmi Racecourse, Bombay, and was well attended by a representative gathering of race-goers. The band, of the G. I. P. Railway Volunteers, played an enlivening programme of music in the intervals between the races, which on account of the card of eight events were shorter than usual. So large were the Arab entries that two races had to be divided, the New Lilliputs Plate into three events and the Strangers' Plate into two. As is usual in new Arab races, the favourites or second favourites won, and the only outside win of the day was provided by Young Majub, ridden by Evans, which came in five lengths in front of the second horse, the even money favourite, Aga, only getting third place. Pendil's win was certainly a surprise, but at the starting price quoted one could hardly designate it as an outsider. Hamdoon was certainly not so heavily supported as Sulaik and Young Salanic, but nevertheless it was held in favour by many of the backers and won decisively. Dilsher was brought down to 2 to 1 at the last moment, but ordinary punters without definite information were not inclined to back it at that price.

In the Lingfield Plate, T. M. S., was at once made favourite, but all the candidates, with the exception perhaps of Familiar, were supported, and those who came down to back Comeback were justified in their choice, Mr. Byramjee Rustomjee's horse winning from T.M.S. with ease. In spite of Mujahid and Prism being most in demand, with Denshaw also fancied, Pendil won the first part of the New Lilliputs' Plate, Mexico and Young Hudban being placed respectively and Prism only managing to dead heat for third place. On Prism, the totalisator paid out Rs. 8, annas eight. In the second division of this plate, Chaman the co-favourite with Marconigram, was well backed on his running in the Newcomers' Plate the week before, and he won by six lengths, Croesus, a good looking Arab, beating Marconigram for second place. Young Majub's win in the Strangers' Plate came as a surprise to many, but those who remembered his running the week previous found the odds of sixes for a win and even money for a place profitable. The Marine Lines' Plate, the nine furlong race of the day, afforded much speculation to the panters, Sulaik being made favourite with Young Salonic, Dhafer and Asfundier also well backed. Hamdoon, who was not generally considered as a prospective winner, was brought up by Brown and beat the favourite by the comfortable margin of a length and a half. Tofic Pasha and Mudkoor were joint favourites for the Santa Cruz Plate, such long odds as thirties and forties being given against other horses in the race. Tofic Pasha, cleverly ridden by Evans, won without difficulty, Mudkoor only being able to get third place. In the second part of the Strangers' Plate, Steward, Lord Hardinge and Lord Magdala were backed by the punters, but Dilsher, ridden, by Abbas, carried away the victory from Lord Magdala by a neck. The third division of the New Lilliputs' Plate found Sir Albert and Comedy King favourites. Again the bookmakers gave very long odds against the outsiders. Comedy King, with Brown up, won the race by a length, Medallist gaining second place from Sir Albert. During the afternoon, Brown rode three winners, Evans two and Mujeed two.

The following are the detailed results:—

THE LINGFIELD PLATE:—Distance 5 furlongs, 2-30 p. m.

Mr. Byramjee Rustomjee's Comback 7st. 12lbs............ Brown 1
Mr. M. Goculdass' T. M. S. 9st. 11lbs.........Hoyt 2
Mr. M. Goculdass' Familiar 8st 3lbs.........Heeroo 3

ALSO RAN:—Boomey, 9st 2lbs; Estella, 7st 3lbs; (car. 7st 8lbs.)

BETTING: 6 to 4 against T. M. S., 2 to 1 against Comeback and Boomey, 6 to 1 against Familiar and Estella.

THE TOTALISATOR paid Rs. 32-8 for the win and Rs. 14 and Rs. 14-8 for places.

THE RACE: Familiar lead out followed by Estella. At the three furlongs Comeback came to the front and won easily, T. M. S. gaining second place. Won by four lengths, four lengths between second and third; time 1 min. 4 2/5 secs.

(Winner trained by owner.)

THE NEW LILLIPUTS' PLATE.—Divided Distance—1-2 mile, 3-0 p.m.

Mr Ahmed Hazamy's Pendil 8st. 3lbs......Mujeed 1
Mr M Goculdass, Mexico 8st......Hoyt 2
Mr Unis Ahmed's Young Hudban 8st 6lbs......Fahad } Dead Heat 3
Mr Jassin M Essa's Prism 8st 3lbs...Evans }

ALSO RAN:—Timon, 8st 3lbs; Mujahid, 8st; Burg, 8st; Dinshaw, 7st 8lbs; Ayar, 7st 8lbs; Sealed Orders, 8st 6lbs; Melek, 8st 6lbs.

BETTING:—6 to 4 against Mujahid, 2 to 1 against Prism, 5 to 2 against Danshaw, 3 to 1 against Mexico, 4 to 1 against Pendil, Ayar and Sealed Orders, 7 to 1 against Timon and 10's the rest.

THE TOTALISATOR paid Rs. 73 for the win and Rs. 23, Rs. 32 and Rs. 67-8 and 8-8 for places.

THE RACE:—Mujahid left the gate first, followed by Pendil. At three furlongs, Burg came into second place, but ran wide at the bend, Pendil coming away followed by Mexico, who just beat the dead-heated third placed horses, Prism and Young Hudban. Won by one and a quarter lengths, a head; time 57 secs.

(Winner trained by A. M. Amani.)

THE NEW LILLIPUTS' PLATE.—Divided, Distance 1-2 mile, 3-30 p.m.

Mr Ahmed Hazamy's Chaman 7st 8lbs...Mujeed 1
Mr Abdoola M Mana's Croesus 8st 3lbs... Native 2
Mr A Nanjee's Marconigram 8st 6lbs......Brown 3

ALSO RAN.—Gold Belt, 8st 6lbs; Shojelly, 8st 6lbs, British, 8st 6lbs; (carried 8st 8lbs); Nelson, 8st 6lbs; Annis Pasha, 8st 3lbs; Senseless 8st 3lbs; Fakri Baig, 7st 11lbs; (carried 7st 12lbs); Papa, 7st 11lbs; Shihab, 7st 8lbs; (carried 7st 11lbs); Red Flower, 7st 2lbs.

BETTING:—2 to 1 against Marconigram and Chaman, 4 to 1 against Gold Belt and Nelson, 6 to 1 against British, 7 to 1 against Red Flower, 10's and longer adds the rest.

THE TOTALISATOR paid Rs. 30-8 for the win and Rs. 15, Rs. 56-8 and Rs. 16-8 for places.

THE RACE:—Shihab got away first, but Chaman came up at the three furlongs followed by British and Gold Belt. At the bend Gold Belt seemed to be good for second place, but Croesus came up the straight followed by Marconigram and both made a bad second and third to Chaman. Won by six lengths, two lengths; time 56 secs.

(Winner trained by A. M. Amani.)

THE STRANGERS' PLATE.—Divided—Distance—5 furlongs, 4 p. m.

Mr. Jassim M Bagdady's Young Majub, 8st 7lbs......Evans 1
Mr. Ebrahim Hamoodi's Hamdi Pasha 8st 2lbs.. 2
Mr. Ali bin Talib's Aga 8st 5lbs............Butters 3

ALSO RAN:—Izat Baig, 8st 7lbs; Adab, 8st 5lbs; Fayak Pasha, 8st 2lbs; Tanin, 8st 2lbs; Sir Hunter, 8st 2lbs; Gozard, 8st 2lbs; Sardinia, 8st 2lbs; Once More, 7st 12lbs; (carried 8st); New Guinea, 7st 12lbs.

BETTING:—Even Money Aga, 2 to 1 against Fayak Pasha, 6 to 1 against Young Majub, Sardinia and New Guinea, 8 to 1 against Tanin, Gozard and Hamdi Pasha, 10's the rest.

THE TOTALISATOR paid Rs. 69-8 for the win and Rs. 19-8, Rs. 35 and Rs. 14-8 for places.

THE RACE:—Adab started out and then Aga, took the lead past the three furlongs. Young Majub, however, came away rounding the bend and won easily, Hamdi Pasha beating the favourite for second place. Won by five length, a length; time 1 min: 10 1-5 secs.

(Winner trained by Salesh Dakeel).

THE MARINE LINES PLATE:—Distance—About 9 furlongs, 4-30 p. m.

Mr R R S' Hamdoon 8st...........Brown 1
Mr Ali bin Talib's Sulaik 8st 11lbs.........Yussuf 2
Mr Heath's Sir Hugo, 7st 9lbs............Abbas 3

ALSO RAN:—Young Salanic, 9st 12lbs; Asfundier 8st 9lbs; Dhafer 8st 7lbs; Tunis 8st 6lbs; Guinea Gold 8st 5lbs; Braganza 7st 13lbs; Rocksand 7st (carried 7st 3lbs); Straight Tip 6st 12lbs.

BETTING:—6 to 4 against Sulaik, 3 to 1 against Young Salanic, 4 to 1 against Dhafer, Asfundier and Hamdoon, 7 to 1 against Braganza, Sir Hugo, Tunis and Guinea Gold, 8 to 1 against Rocksand and 10 to one against Straight Tip.

THE TOTALISATOR paid Rs. 49 for the win and Rs 14, Rs. 14-8 and Rs. 42 for places

THE RACE:—All left the gate in a bunch and kept together until, nearing the five furlongs, Guinea Gold lead, then Braganza came up at 4 furlongs and rounding the bend, Asfundier seem to be making headway. In the straight, Brown brought Hamdoon up and beat the favourite. Won by one and a half lengths, half a length; time 2mins. 10secs.

(Winner trained by Byramjee Rustomjee.)

THE SANTA CRUZ PLATE.—Distance—6 furlongs, 5 p.m.

Mr A S Oomer's Tofic Pasha, 8st 10lbs.....Evans 1
Mr Ali bin Talib's Gold Mint, 9st 3lb.......Yussuf 2
Mr R R S' Mudkoor, 8st 11lb...............Brown 3

ALSO RAN.—Winchester, 9st 12lbs; Meerjan, 9st 2lbs; Salanic, 9st; Maimoon, 8st 8lbs; Fahad Beg, 8st 8lbs; Plassy, 8st 2lbs; Aezad, 7st 13lbs; Yacoot, 7st 8lbs; Antica, 7st 6lbs; Arnica, 6st 7lbs and Abdul Sultan, 6st 5lbs.

BETTING:—6 to 4 against Tofic Pasha and Mudkoor, 4 to 1 against Meerjan, 10 to 1 against Winchester, Plassy and Fahad Beg, 15's, 20's, 30's, and 40's the rest.

THE TOTALISATOR paid Rs. 29 for the win and Rs 13-8, Rs 24 and Rs 12-8 for places.

THE RACE:—Salanic lead from Tofic Pasha almost to the bend, when the latter away, and, in the straight, won, Gold Mint beating Mudkoor for second place. Won by two lengths, three-quarters of a length; time 1min. 2 2/5 secs.

(Winner trained by owner.)

THE STRANGERS' PLATE—Divided—Distance 5 furlongs, 5-30 p.m.

Mr Heath's Dilsher, 8st 9lbs..................Abbas 1
Mr M Goculdass' Lord Magdala, 6st 8lbs, (carried 6st 12lbs) ....Melsom 2
Mr Kadavi A Rehman's Ready, 7st 12lbs..A Hoyt 3

ALSO RAN:—Sceptre, 8st 11lbs; Grace Darling, 8st 7lbs; Steward, 8st 7lbs; Hoojas, 8st 2lbs (carried 8st 3lbs); Lord Hardinge, 8st 2lbs; Merry Task, 7st 12lbs; and Royal Family, 7st 12lbs.

BETTING:—6 to 4 against Steward, 2 to 1 against Dilsher, 5 to 2 against Lord Hardinge, 7 to 2 against Lord Magdala, 4 to 1 against Grace Darling, 5 to 1 against Sceptre, 10's and longer adds the rest.

THE TOTALISATOR paid Rs. 33 for the win and Rs. 20-8, Rs. 23-8 and Rs 50 for places.

THE RACE:—Lord Hardinge left the gate first, and then for a moment Royal Family showed to the front. Dilsher took the lead at 3 furlongs and, at the bend, Lord Magdala made a bid for the race, but was beaten by Dilsher. Won by a neck, three-quarters of a length; time 1min. 11secs.

(Winner trained by Oomerkhan.)

THE NEW LILLIPUTS PLATE:—Divided—Distance—1-2 mile, 5-55 p.m.

Mr A Nanjee's Comedy King, 8st 6lbs ......Brown 1
Mr A S Oomer's Medallist, 7st 2lbs ....Melsom 2
Mr Ahmed Hazamy's Sir Albert, 8st 6lbs..Mujeed 3

ALSO RAN.—Melton, 8st 6lbs; Wayel, 8st 6lbs; Sir Geoffrey, 8st 3lbs; Sir John, 8st 3lbs; Cushmur, 8st; Zebid, 8st; Order, 8st; Asant, 8st; (carried 8st-1lb) and Mat-hat-Baig, 7st 8lbs.

BETTING:—Even Money Comedy King and Sir Albert, 6 to 1 Cushmur and Medallist, 7 to 1 against Sir Geoffrey, 20's and longer odds the rest.

THE TOTALISATOR paid out Rs. 34 on the winner and Rs. 14-8, Rs. 16-8 and Rs. 13-8 for places.

THE RACE:—Sir Albert got away first, but was soon overtaken by Comedy King, who retained the lead, Medallist beating Sir Albert for second place. Won by one length, one and a half lengths; time 56 secs.

(Winner trained by Byramjee Rustomjee.)

CALCUTTA RACES.

Tollygunge Steeple Chases.

SECOND MEETING.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 7.

SECOND PONY HUNTERS STEEPLECHASE—Distance 2 1-4 miles.

Mr Arthur's Meprise, 8-10..................Mr Evers 1
Mr Deakin's Scarboro, 12-0......Mr O'Brien Butler 2
Captain Gourlay's Marconi, 12-4 ...Capt Gourlay 3

The race was won by 6 lengths; 30 lengths between second and third. Time—5 mins. 24 4-5 secs.

SUBURBAN PLATE.—Distance 2 1-2 miles.

Mr Galstuart's Circassians Best, 11-7...Mr Ferguson 1
Major Duff's Sholto, 11-0 ......Mr O'Brien Butler 2
Messrs Heather and Evers' Foy, 11-0 ...Mr Evers 3

The race was won by 15 lengths; 59 lengths between second and third. Time—11 1-4 secs.

ALSO RAN:—Golden Morn, 12-3.

SECOND PONY STEEPLECHASE.—Distance 2 1-4 miles.

Mr Fitch's Lady Vera, 11-3 ....Mr Northmole 1
Mr Clive's Spec, 9-9 ....Mr Trenoweth 2
Col Snuth's Bandyleg, 10-0..................Mr Evers 3

The race was won by 2½ lengths: 5 lengths between second and third. Time—5 mins 14 secs.

ALSO RAN:—Shannonlass II.

TOLLYGUNGE PLATE.—Distance 3 miles.

Mr Walker's Tommy Daw, 9-1......Mr Northmore 1
Mr Holme's Mystic Circle, 9-9.........Mr Randall 2
Mr Cowper's Maisonnette, 9-7 ....Mr Evers 3

The race was won by 15 lengths; 3 lengths between second and third. Time—6 mins. 40 2-5 secs.

ALSO RAN:—Kaffirpan 11-7 (ran out), Baronathal 20-11, Idle 9-10.

MILITARY HANDICAP STEEPLECHASE.—Distance 2 1-2 miles.

Central Mahon's Coal, 12-3 ....Mr Hilliard 1
Captain Giurii's Mandeville, 9-7 ....Mr Evers 2
Mr Kennard's N B 10-9 ....Mr O'brien Butler 3

The race was won by 3 1-2 lengths; 1 1-2 lengths between second and third. Time—5 min. 24 2-5 secs.

HUNTERS HANDICAP STEEPLECHASE.—Distance 2 1-2 miles.

Mr Pugh's Tokalon, 11-17 ....Mr Bletsoe 1
Mr Atkinson's Victor, 10-12...........Mr Barrow 2

The race was won by 1-2 length. Time—5 mins. 23 3-5 secs.

KIOSK PLATE DIVISION—Distance 6 furlongs.

Mr Sattal's Wavehill, 7-3 ....Mr Barrett 1
Mr Deakin's Royal Colurs, 8-9 ....Mr Firth 2
Mr Dass' Isabella, 7-3 ....Mr Davis 3

The race was won by a head; 3-4 lengths between second and third. Time—1 min. 16 2-5 secs.

ALSO RAN:—Clainlightning 9 1-2 Rapin 81-2 Princess San 8-7, Whiteheather 8-2, Devilslimit 7 1-2.

KISOK PLATE—Division Two.

Maharaja of Jodhpur's Clearcrack, 8-7..Mr Barrett 1
Messrs Ishaque and Zamin's Blix, 7...Mr Whalley 2
Mr Scott's Blue Fiate, 9 1-2 ....Mr Firth 3

The race was won by two lengths; 3-4 lengths between second and third. Time—1 min. 17 3 5 secs.

ALSO RAN:—Radyamayam 9 6, Brightmetal 9, Yuba 8-7, Lasso 8, Proprietor 7-1.

YACHTING IN BOMBAY.

[BY RUDDER.]

The hub of yachting in India is undoubtedly centred in the Royal Bombay Yacht Club; strange though it may seem to nearly 99 per cent. of its members, this club owes its existence to those choice few, who, in days gone by, owned and raced yachts in Bombay and to those present members who occasionally take tea on the western side of Bombay Harbour, but who also have yachts on the West Coast of India. On the other hand, Karachi has a small fleet of yachts sailed by sportsmen of no mean order; the desire to take part in the Regatta, held annually by the R. B. Y. C., which fact, if duly considered, will show that a visit to our waters necessitates bringing a yacht 1,000 miles by sea, and so far yachts, unlike missionaries, get no concession tickets. However, the B. I. Steamship Company have never been backward in coming forward and we therefore confidently place our hope in them.

It is an admitted fact that the small fleet of club yachts is a thing of beauty, if, however, the many launches of the various steamship companies, and even those of the R. I. M., would remember that "distance leads enchantment to the view," yacht owners would be gratified, as at present the boats have but little peace being for ever rocked on the deep by the wash of launches passing through the moorings.

For the maiden race of 1911 the clerk of weather seemed to have brisked up a bit and the wind supplied on Saturday, although still of the light variety, proved productive of sport.

Our Corinthians turned out in full force, the entry being a record for the season and bar Lapwing, all started.

The B. V. A. and Terrier Engineers were "en evidence" causing unessiness to the minds of some Tomtit owners with their jealous efforts to find the target.

"A" Class to a man answered "adsum" on the warning gun sounding at 3-15 p. m., and some smart work took place in the exciting 5 minutes before the fall of Blue Peter, Tarquoise, mindful of her last week's start and mild altteraction with Melody, luffed the latter at just the right moment and to such good purpose that she was forced about to save fouling the Committee barge, thus allowing Tarquoise to lead the van over the line followed by Isca, Mahshuka, Eileen and then Melody.

Eileen luffed Tarquoise immediately on crossing the line, causing both to take a course that just cleared the Dolphin, whilst Melody stood out a little, which didn't seem to pay as she lay third at Sunk Rock with Isca in the 2nd place. Isca at this stage of the race was going in the splendid style she maintained throughout.

After a listless run to South Karanja a refreshing beat back to Committee Vessel made little difference in the order, except that Turquoise passed Isca on rounding the Committee Vessel. Eileen lead Melody by 6 minutes 26 seconds with Mahskuka 2 minutes 1 second astern of her and Turqoise 3 minutes 31 seconds behind Mahshuka and Isca 5 minutes 1 second last but not least !!

Spinnakers were set for the run to Mark Buoy and smartly dowsed prior to the return dig out to Committee Vessel. Isca wisely went west looking for fresher breezes and, although contrary to all accepted principles of racing in our harbour, scored greatly; in this beat Mahshuka carried away her bowsprit and finished like a lame duck just 2 minutes ahead of Isca. Eileen's finish was like a picture and on Saturday she thoughtfully refrained from buffetting the Committee Vessel.

Name of Boats.	Time All'ances M. S.	Entered by.	Time of Arrival. H. M. S.	Corrected Time. H. M. S.
Eileen IV ...	......	E. C. Russell & J. F. Watson	5 43 22	5 43 22
Mahshuka ...	......	W A Hayland	6 9 8	5 54 34
Turquoise ...	......	J. W. Stokes & F. J. Preston	6 3 37	5 59 37
Melody	......	J. B. K. Macbeth	5 54 35	5 23 46
Isca..........	......	Edgar Faulkner	6 11 0	4 41 26

Course:—No. 47. From Committee Vessel—Sunk Rock Port—South Karanja Buoy Port—Cee Vessel—Mark Buoy Port—Committee Vessel. = 12 miles. 1st prize won by Isca and 2nd prize won by Melody. Wind W. N. W. Light. Time-limit—6-30 p.m.

"B" Class—A fine flying start was made by Trixie with Antelope six seconds behind. Erin unfortunately went for "A" class starting line failing to notice the sudden erection of the new one, parallel to the Apollo Bunder and so lost nearly 2 minutes; at Mark Buoy Trixie was still leading and maintained this premier position thought going well in the beat back from South Karanja, Erin wisely tried fresh tactics and by going towards the Prongs picked up a freshening breeze and passed the Antelope, who was not going in her usual style, it being obviously not her day! A fast sail round the short, or No. 2 course, reversed, increased Trixie's lead and so gained her fifth gun for the season and her 3rd first prize.

"B" Class has suffered a loss in the departure of Captain Sullivan, H. E's sailing A. D. C. for England.

Name of Boats.	Time All'ances. M. S.	Entered by.	Time of Arrival. H. M. S.	Corrected Time. H. M. S.
Trixie	Scr.	Embarking Syndicate ...	5 34 35	2 9 35
Antelope ...	6 12	Officers, Warwickshire Rgt.	5 48 25	2 17 33
Erin	1 33	Hon Mr W T Morrison.	5 44 1	2 17 28

Course: No 43+2 reversed.—From Cee Vessel—Mark Buoy—South Karanja Buoy both to starboard—Cee Vessel—Mark boat with R flag at No. 1 Troopship Buoy Port—Middle Ground Buoy Port—Cee Vessel = 9-27 miles. Wind W N W. 1st prize won by Trixie. Time-limit—6-30 p.m.

"C" Class were racing on handicap principles and lead by Clutha, who was preceded by Coralie before the gun and consequently recalled; the rest of the class crossed in a bunch, Marie Louise bringing up the tail, we hear new sails are expected shortly for her however, so we hope her luck and seamanships will improve. The staunch Anna had some trouble with Clutha. We recommend the former to carefully study the rules of the I. Y. R. U. as regards luffing. Ignorance is undoubtedly bliss, but a dashed nuisance to those around. Coralie, not one whit dismayed by her enforced handicap, on recall went splendidly and caught up a lot. Spinnakers were to starboard in the run to Mark Buoy and the sporting little fleet of tomtits looked bonnie in their white wings and freshening breeze.

Clutha maintained her lead at South Karanja with Maud, Mavourneen, Valkyrie hard astern. In the beat back Coralie found ill luck in a sudden lightening of the breeze up harbour, whilst Curlew and Maud, profitted by a lift from the west, rounded Committee Vessel two minutes behind Clutha. Curlew got mixed up with her spinnaker weather runner after a smart gybe on their mark ramming the Committee Vessel fair and square and so breaking her bowspirit. Cricket also found trouble here and got disqualified for touching the mark. On the short course Volkyrie went well and finished in time to secure 2nd place to Clutha 1st.

Name of Boats.	Time All'ances. M. S.	Entered by.	Time of Arrival. H. M. S.	Corrected Time. H. M. S.
Coralie.......	8 6	Maj N Kirby, R E.	6 8 42	2 45 35
Maud.........	3 6	Officers, R E......	6 0 7	2 27 1
Mavourneen	Scr.	Newman Taylor...	6 3 30	2 33 30
Pearl	7 45	A. E. Baird and D North.	6 16 15	2 38 30
Clutha	2 19	J J Welch.........	5 57 19	2 25 0
Lapwing ...	10 4	C. N. Moberley...	Did not start.	
Valkyrie ...	6 12	R. Walker	6 3 34	2 26 22
aCurlew......	6 12	Orr and Pilcher...	Gave up.	
Swallow ...	10 51	W F Moore	6 12 22	2 41 31
aCricket......	Scr.	T.S. Gregson.	6 7 9	2 37 9
Marie Louise	12 24	K MacIver	Gave up.	
Anna	6 58	Officers, H M Mint	6 19 44	2 42 46

Course:—No. 43 + 2 reversed same as "B" class. Wind W N W. 1st prize won by Clutha, 2nd prize won by Valkyrie and 3rd prize won by Maud. Mavourneen saves entrance fee. Time-limit—6-30 p.m.

aDisqualified.

a Fouled Committee Vessel.

The latest addition to the fleet of the Royal Bombay Yacht Club dropped anchor in the harbour this afternoon. She arrived by the Anchor Liner "Circasia" being nursed on her voyage with that care for which the Anchor Line have a well deserved reputation and airing in Bombay, in spite of a whole gale in the bay of Biscay, in perfect condition. As the builder said "The Anchor Line officials are the merit I have ever had to deal with."

After this, perhaps, we might discribe her—a well built, well found, 12 1-2 ton cruising ketch, Falmonth Quay Punt—a type of boat known at home as lifeboat and with a reputation for being the finest sea boats of their size to be found on the British Coast.

As one yatchsman said on boarding her, she is a regular ship, and credits for good material and good workmanship is due to her builder, Mr. W. H. Rowland of Bangor, North Wales, a designer with a reputation and a specialist in motor boats, having built amongst others a fine weatherly craft for the Mersey Docks and Harbour Board. Sitara, as the new boat is named, has also a Kelvin auxiliary motor, which gives her a speed of 6 miles under power, and should be enough to bring her owner home before the blinds are up in case of a calm. She is not a racer but a typical cruising craft, with a roomy cabin, over 6 feet of head room, and a cursory glance below proves that no-space is wasted and she should prove an ideal craft fo fort and weather liners.

Her owner and importer, J. E. Needham, many times honorary secretary, intends rac in "B" class.

On next Saturday a welcomed innovati take place in the racing line for "A" a Classes. This will be an ocean-going race Malabar Point to Mhor Fort, some 12 m the north. H. E. the Governor has gra sanctioned a start being made from Gover House. On arrival at the Fort the two will anchor for the night and all will be and harmony softly blended with the aroma of bacon and Scotch whisky! Yes! What a feed! As the anchorage is in with Bombay the fair admirers of the some few may be persuaded to join the dinner and enjoy a motor trip in the light to Bombay and bed, whilst the sportsmen sleep deeply on board their oceang yachts. On Sunday a return race will take round the Prongs and South Karanja to Comm Vessel. Special editions of the necessary chart being prepared to overcome the dangers of shore reefs and will shortly be issued to all ow. Such a chance, comes but seldom, for a real race and splendid outing, so the absentees few on the "fall in" sounding, next Saturd Government House.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, JAN.

The disturbance in the Central Provinces extended north-eastwards after giving any general rain in Central India, East, and Central Provinces, excluding the South-East Districts. A light precipitation has been fairly general in Kashmir and Baluchistan.

The following rainfall is reported: Amri, two-inches; Akola, one and a half inch; Seoni and Nagpur, one inch; Saugor, Jubbulpore and Aurangabad, half an inch.

The forecast shows a fairly general rainfall the North of the Central Provinces and Centr India, East, with local rain in the Unit Provinces and Behar and a light precipitation in the Western Himalayas, Kashmir and Baluchistan.

SIMLA, JAN. 8.

The precipitation has been fairly general in Kashmir. Few falls occurred in Baluchistan West of United Provinces, North of Centr Provinces and South Coromandal Coast.

The principal amounts reported are Bareilly one inch and Muktesar, half.

Forecast.—Fairly general precipitation in Kashmir. Few falls along Western Himalaya and Submontane Districts.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FO THE 7TH JANUARY.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours o Saturday, the 7th January, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are heavily clouded in the eastern districts and clear or lightly clouded el where. Humidity is normal or in excess. Maxim temperature continues in defect; the minimum is excess at Lahore and Ambala.

The United Provinces.—Allahabad reports 0'21 of rain. Skies are heavily clouded at Allahabad and Agra, and lightly clouded elsewhere. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. D temperature is in defect but night temperature is in excess.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are moderately heavily clouded. Humidity is in defect at Manor and in excess at Bikaneer and Kotah. Maximum temperature continues in defect; the minimum has risen and is now in excess in east Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. The air is damper than usual in west Central India. Both day and night temperatures are in defect in Gujarat and Kathiawar. In west Central India night temperature is above normal.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has been nearly general except in the extreme south-eastern districts Jubbulpore has had 0.47", Saugor 0'56", Hoshangabad 0'35", Akola 1'34 Amraoti 2'33" and Nagpur 1'02". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity and minimum temperature are in excess. Maximum temperature is in defect in Berar, Nagpur and Saugor.

The Konkan.—Skies are very lightly clouded. The moisture in the air is in defect at Bombay, and equal to or above the average elsewhere. Day temperature is generally in slight defect; night temperature is also in defect at Bombay.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Aurangabad records 0'57" of rain and Ahmednagar 0'10". Skies are clear in the south Bombay Deccan and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in excess. Maximum temperature is normal; the minimum continues generally in excess.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has been nearly general in the Central Provinces and the adjacent parts of the United Provinces. Local rain has fallen in north Hyderabad and the north Bombay Deccan. Conditions continue unsettled in the central parts of the country. Weather appears to be disturbed in Persia also.

Local showers may occur in the north and west Central Provinces and the south United Provinces.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

R. I. M. S. "DUFFERIN."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JAN. 6.

R. I. M. S. "Dufferin" with home drafts for troops in Burma, from the hired transport "Plassy" from Southampton, has arrived to-day from Bombay. Drafts consist of 105 Non-Commissioned Officers and men of the Royal Irish Rifles, 172 Non-Commissioned Officers and men of the 2nd East Surrey Regiment, 73 Non-Commissioned Officers and men of the 1st Border Regiment and 23 Non-Commissioned Officers and men of the 61st and 62nd Companies of the Royal Garrison Artillery.

CONNEL CUP POLO.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 7.

In the semi-finals of the Connel Polo Tournament the Central India Horse beat the 9th Hodson Horse by three goals to one and the 17th Lancers defeated the 12th Cavalry by four goals to one. The finals will be played on Monday.

TRADE MARK 'VANA' BRAND TONI WIN

The powerful and rapid action of this pure, wholesome nerve tonic, renders it

THE IDEAL RESTORATIVE

in mental and physical exhaustion and disorders of the nervous system. It restores strength and appetite after illness and fortifies the system against Malaria and other tropical fevers.

Obtainable at all Pharmacies, Dispensaries and Stores

Prepared by
XX 82 BURROUGHS WELLCOME & CO., LONDON (ENG.)

DISASTROUS COLLIERY EXPLOSION.

Over Three Hundred Lives Lost.

e most disastrous colliery accident that has oc- d in Great Britain since 1866 took place on 21 in the Yard Mine of the Hulton Colliery pany at Bolton, Lancashire. Some 350 men gone down to work when a violent explosion place, and immediately afterwards the shaft me filled with fumes, and the ventilation fan d to work. The Yard Mine is connected by a ge with the Arley Mine adjoining, and the efforts of the rescue parties, after finding that were raging in the Yard Mine and that it not be entered, were directed towards remov- he 400 men in the Arley Pit. This was accom- d and repeated endeavours were made to get he Yard Mine, but practically without result, late hr in the day, when the fires in the pit ubsided. A message from a correspondent says all hope of rescue has been abandoned, and that lives have been lost.

he King has sent the following telegram through A. Bigge to the proprietors of the colliery:— he King has only just heard with the deepest con- n of the terrible disaster which occurred this rning at your pit. His Majesty is most anxious hear further news and trusts that the entombed n will be rescued. His Majesty grieves for the s of those who have perished, and wishes his heart- t sympathy to be conveyed to the families in their row."

A message has been recovered from the Home retary in the following terms:—"The Secretary State has with profound grief of the disaster at e Hulton Collieries, but earnestly hopes that the te of things will not prove as terrible as appears m the reports that have reached him. Please nvey his profoundest sympathy with the relatives those who have lost, or, it is feared have lost, their es, and keep me continually informed of the forts at scene which are being made."

The disaster, the cause of which is unknown, has llowed immediately upon a colliery warning, which ppeared on Dec. 19 in newspapers circulating in the rious mining districts. The warning was in ntinuation of one which had been circulated a eek earlier, drawing the attention of miners to ossible escapes of gas from the coal seams, asso- ated with earth movements, probably arising from urges of atmospheric pressure passing across the ountry. Minor seismic shocks occurred in various calities last week, but the highest wave of atmos- heric weight arrived at the beginning of this week ter a long period during which the barometer was ry low.

HE LADIES' CORNER.

VEL COIFFURE ORNAMENTS.

As a natural result of the elaborate styles of iffure which prevail at the moment, bandeaux d headresses of a very decorative description are y generally worn, and at the first night of a new y the stalls and boxes present a remarkably gay pearance. Some of the head-dresses, unfortu- tely, assume such vast proportions, with their tall ras or aigrettes and their wide-spreading heron umes, that they bid fair to become almost as great nuisance as the large matinee hats in the way in ich they obscure the stage and block out the view m those who have the misfortune to sit behind em.

LLISWORK COIFS.

It is quite possible, however, to find some charm- coiffure ornaments which, while they are delight- y decorative, follow so closely the natural lines the head that they can be worn without any d of interfering with the pleasure of other mem- s of the audience. Very pretty, for examble, are close fitting coifs formed of a trellis-work of old d silk cord and decorated with a number of tiny s in pale pink, and pale blue satin, arranged alter- ly where the lines of the trellis work cross each r. Fringes of miniature buds in gold tissue in quaint little bunches over each ear. Some ne new coifs, which consists entirely of pearls, are ed out in a Marie Stuart shape, and outlined larger pearls than those which are employed he making of the centre part of the cap. A of this kind has a double advantage from fact that it can be worn with equal success ar- ed in the front of the coiffure or placed down at the back so that it may serve as a sup- for the coils and curls a la Grecque, and in this help to secure that silhouette of the moment ch inclines strongly towards the classical. thed folds of tulle in brilliant shades of emerald n, sapphire blue, or rose colour make also very ming bandeaux, either simply knotted on one and finished with a cluster of silver wheatears, rawn through a number of rings or twisted carried out in paste of so fine a quality that y easily be mistaken for real diamonds.

FASHIONABLE HAT.

e black hat is so becoming and is such a ul possession that it finds a place in every nan's wardrobe. The efforts made by the mil- s to create a vogue for the small hat have met but moderate success, and when a woman es to look her best she wears one of picturesque ct. From the Rue de la Paix comes a hat made lack beaver velours, wide at the sides and narrow k and front. No adornment is vouchsafed this peau excepting two large pleureuse feathers of dull which sweep from the back over the right hand . The hatpins supplied for this creation, by the exclusive hat artist that designed it, are of gold ree work, of slightly-tarnished appearance, in the re of which is set a circular piece of tortoiseshell, ranslucent golden colour.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

ax Municipal Office returns for the twenty- hours, ending at 6 a. m. on Saturday, give the owing results :—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Deaths.	Total deaths from all causes.
pper, Middle and Lower olaba, Fort Northern, ort Southern and Espla- ade	0	0	5
andvi, Chukla, Oomer- hadi and Dongri	0	0	9
rket Dhobi Talao, haswady, Bhuleshwar, ara Talao, and Kum- rwada	1	1	19
etwadi, Girgaum, owpati, Walkeshwar, Mahaluxmi	0	0	8
azagon, Tarwadi, 2nd gpada, Kamatipura, ardeo, Byculla and 1st gpada	0	0	26
el, Sewree and Sion	0	0	8
Mahim and Worli	0	0	14
rbour	0	0	0
spital	0	1	5
Total	1	2	94
This day last year	2	2	97

THE RAT CAMPAIGN.

January 7th, 1911.

Ward.	Alive.	Dead	Found Infected.
A	90	42	0
B	185	101	3
B	276	186	11
C	195	95	1
D	192	14	0
E	172	51	2
E	113	139	2
F	89	4	0
G	64	5	1
Total	1,377	640	20
Same date last year			2,017

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The exican Hair Renewer," for it "will positively restore every case Grey or White hair" its original colours hout leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Res- ers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as ll as promoting the growth of the hair on bald ots, where the glands are not decayed. Ask your emists for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by emists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale depot, Farringdon Road, London, England.

DUKE OF CONNAUGHT'S TOUR.

The "Balmoral Castle," carrying the Duke and Duchess of Connaught and party, arrived at Teneriffe on Dec. 19. A huge crowd swarmed on to the jetty next morning to await the arrival of the Duke and Duchess and Princess Patricia, and the large English colony took up a position opposite the landing stage. At the last moment, however, information was brought to the shore that the royal party would not land. This decision, which is believed to have been due to the indisposition of their Royal Highnesses caused by the bad weather encountered during the passage from Cape Verde to the Canaries, occasioned the greatest disappointment.

The Duke and Duchess of Connaught and Princess Patricia arrived at Las Palmas on Dec. 21 and landed at ten o'clock in splendid weather. Their Royal Highnesses were received by the Mayor and all the authorities and saluted by salvoes of artillery, while a company of infantry rendered military honours. An immense crowd gathered on the quays cheered the Duke and Duchess. All the principal buildings and the ships moored in the harbour were decorated with flags. The Duke and Duchess and Princess Patricia will spend their Christmas on board the "Balmoral Castle."

INDIAN CROP PROSPECTS.

ASSAM RAPESEED.

The first report on the rape crop of Assam districts in 1910-11. Note.—On the average of the five years ending 1903-1909, the area under rape in Assam represents some 4·4 per cent. of the total area under rape and mustard in British India.

There has been abundant moisture for the rape crop. In parts of Cachar and Nowgong the crop is backward, because owing to rain and late flood the lower laying fields could not be sown till a later date than usual. In these two districts and in the Garo Hills district and two sub-divisions of Sibsagar the area sown is less than last year, but in Goalpara and Golaghat the area is larger. An estimate for the whole province cannot yet be formed as reports have not arrived from Kamrup and Darrang.

Reports as to the condition of the crop vary from fair to good.

EASTERN BENGAL WHEAT.

The first forecast of the wheat crop of Eastern Bengal in 1910-1911. Note.—On the average of the five years ending 1908-1909, the area under wheat in Eastern Bengal represents some 0·5 per cent. of the total area under wheat in India.

Wheat was sown this year during November, which is the normal time. The present condition of the crop is reported to be good in all districts; and as there is plenty of moisture in the soil, prospects are particularly favourable.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR J. W. HAWES V. D. COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 9th January.

10. Lecture—The Adjutant will give a Lecture at the B V A Club on Thursday 12th January, 1911, at 7 p.m. Candidates for Proficiency Certificates and this year's recruites are especially requested to attend these lectures will be given every successive Thursday at the same time and place until further orders.

Subject—Company Drill.

11. Parades—There will be instruction for Officers and Proficiency candidates and this season's recruits at the Old Saluting Battery on Wednesday 11th prox. at 7-30 a.m.

Dress—Plain Clothes.

Subject—6 inch B L C Breech Mechanism.

12. Parades—Nos 1 and 2 Company D R F and Dial Numbers at Mahaluxmi on Saturday 14th instant, 6 inch B L C Gun Drill, Instruction on B R F Mk 11 and Mechanical Dial "E" Mk 11 Handbooks on these instruments can be obtained on application at Head-Quarters.

12a. Parades.—E. E. Company.—All night Electric Light runs will take place from Monday the 9th to Saturday 14th instant. Parade each evening at 7 p.m. Members wishing to attend will please notify the O. C. E. E. Company, stating what nights they can attend.

13. Gun Layers Examination—The annual Gun Layers qualification Examination will take place at Middle Ground on Saturday 14th January. Parade at Apollo Bunder at 5 p.m. Every Layer is especially requested to be present.

14. Strength—The following member having rejoined is taken on the strength of the Corps and posted as under:—Gunner P Hearne No 3 Sub-Division No 2 Company.

15. Leave—Gunner E Martin No 2 Company is granted leave of absence from 1-1-11 to 30-4-11.

16. Duties.—Orderly Sergeants for the ensuing week:—Sergeant T Venn No 1 Company. Corporal O M P Clyne No 2 Company.

E. P. CUDLIP, Lieut. R. A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A.

NOTICE.

B. V. A. Subscription Dance.

A B V A Subscription Dance will be held in the Town Hall commencing at 9-30 p m on Wednesday 25th January, 1911. Admission by Ticket on Prices. For Members of the Corps Rs. 2 1-4 or Non-Members Rs 3. Each ticket includes free admission for one lady. Extra ladies tickets Re. 1 Tickets can be obtained from: (a) Head Quarters, (b) Sergeants of the Corps, (c) B V A Club.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP, V.D.

Bombay, 9th January.

22. Detail for the week ending 14th instant.

To-day, Monday the 9th instant—"G" Coy. Recruits parade on the Maidan at 7-30 a.m.

II. All Recruits of the current season and Proficiency candidates will parade on the Oval at 6-30 p.m.

Tuesday the 10th instant—Bugle Practice on the Maidan at 8-30 p.m.

Wednesday the 11th instant.—Commanding Officer's parade. Fall in at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 6 p.m.

Dress—Drill Order, Uniform with caps.

Subject—Skirmishing Paras 45 to 57 and 76 to 85. Infantry Training 1905 (Reprinted with amendments 1908).

Thursday the 12th instant.—The Signalling Class will parade at 7 a.m. and at 6-30 p.m. at Sir Richard Temple's Statue.

II. Proficiency Class will be held at Head Quarters at 6-30 p.m.

Friday the 13th instant—All Recruits of the current season to parade at Head-Quarters at 6-30 p.m.

II. B. Coy. Parade at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 9-15 p.m.

Dress—Drill Order Mufti.

23. Musketry—The Ranges at Ghat Kopar are available for Class-firing for adults as under:—

Thursday 12th instant—Standard Test, "D" Coy.

Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6 a.m.

Rifle Club Classification Range—The Ranges at Ghat Kopar are allotted to the Rifle Club Matches 9 to 13 as under:—

Tuesday 10th instant by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 6 a.m.

Monday 16th instant by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 6 a.m.

Saturday 21st instant by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 1-50 p.m.

Sunday 22nd instant by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 6 a.m.

I V R A Matches can be fired on any of the days allotted to Rifle Club.

II. Miniature Range—Matches 5 and 6 will be fired at Head-Quarters on Tuesdays and Thursdays from 6 to 7-30 p.m. and Saturdays from 3 to 5-30 p.m.

24. Rifle Meeting—It is notified for information that the Battalion Rifle Meeting will take place early in March and only efficient members are allowed to compete.

25. An Instructional Class for Officers will be held at Head-Quarters on Tuesday the 10th instant from 6-30 to 7-30 p.m. Subject.—Fire Control.—Para. 280 Musketry Regulations Part I 1909. Hill Sifken Lands Cape Targets. All Officers are invited to attend.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt. B. V. R.

The Savoy Hotel, London, has been provided with a new ball for banqueting and dancing. It was used for the first time on Dec. 19, when the reception and ball given by the London Section of the Navy League of the United States in honour of the officers of the Second and Fourth Divisions of the United States Fleet took place in it. Dancing began at half-past nine o'clock. Among those present were the American Ambassador and the "personnel" of the Embassy, Mr. Bryce, the British Ambassador to the United States, and representatives of the American colony in London.

BY THE WAY.

THE BOILERMAKERS.

It is with feelings of relief that the country will learn of the end of the boilermakers war which is roughly estimated to have cost of million sterling. All ill winds blow good to some people, and certain individual shipping firms have benefited by this enforced check upon competition. But the nation as a whole has suffered materially and morally. The struggle was bound to come, and it has been a severe one, though happily free from those additional horrors of violence we have lately witnessed in Wales. Now that it is over, it is sincerely to be hoped that not only is the present difficulty mended, but that a basis for the satisfactory settlement of future disputes has been discovered. There have been faults on both sides in the past, and no good purpose can be served by reviving the causes of the war. If a means has really been found for the prompt solution of future problems, the relations between capital and labour will be permanently easier. This is one of the greatest blessings that can be conferred on a country. The hungry strike has swallowed much good muscle and good money, but out of the eater will come forth meat.

SAND AND FROST.

The Secretary of the London and Counties Retail Fruiterers' and Florists' Association has appealed through the Press for a more thorough sanding of the roads in London between the hours of 2 and 6 a.m. Anyone who has been abroad in London between those hours has probably encountered a string of heavily laden carts bound for Covent Garden. On frosty mornings, the roads, recently washed down, become extremely slippery and much hardship to horses and delay to traffic is caused by the absence of sand. Even at eight or nine o'clock, when sand has been distributed, horses have great difficulty in mounting the hills in various parts of the Metropolis. The matter is one for the borough councils to decide, but we hope that a trade of great importance to Londoners, though unseen by most of them will be assisted. After all, there are only a limited number of roads which these fruiterers' carts traverse. The others might be left as at present.

ALFRED DE MUSSET AS DRAMATIST.

The "Gaulois" recalls Alfred de Musset's success as a dramatist. He owed the production of his pieces to a happy accident. They were originally written for the study and published in the "Revue des deux Mondes," Madame Allan-Depreaux happened to read one of them, "Le Caprice," at a time when she was playing in the French theatre at St. Petersburg. She liked it, produced it, and found that it drew. Consequently, on her return to Paris, she brought it under the notice of the manager of the Comedie Francaise. There, too, it was produced, and so successfully that all the other pieces which the "Revue" had printed were successively disinterred and mounted.

AS CHESS-PLAYER.

The poet was almost as fond chess of poetry. He played nearly every night at the Cafedela Regence and even the revolution of February, 1848, did not diver him from his habit. He turned up as usual, and finding no one there to play with, insisted that the waiter should make a game for him. The waiter did so, though a fusillade was raging in the street outside; and all went well until a musket-bullet smashed a mirror in immediate proximity to the board. Musset was anxious to continue in spite of the interruption, but his opponent would not. "With monsieur's permission," he said, "we will adjourn the game until after the Republic has been proclaimed."

SHALFLEET BELLS AND STEEPLE.

One of those quaint rhyming lampoons in which English rustics are wont to express their contempt for neighbouring or rival villages will apparently become inopposite. About a century ago, a fine peal of bells was sold by the then vicar and churchwardens in order to provide funds for adding a steeple to the ancient Norman tower of Shalfleet, in the Isle of Wight. People not lucky enough to live at Shalfleet have ever since preserved the memory of that transaction in the libellous distich:

> Shalfleet folk be silly people;
> They sold their bells to build their steeple.

The sting will soon be taken out of the taunt, for the steeple, an incongruous shingle spire, having become unsafe, is being pulled down, and will not be rebuilt. The bells are probably past recovery.

THE "UNIVERSE."

With last week's issue the "Universe completed" its fiftieth year. It was on December 8, 1860, that the first number of the paper saw the light, from the late Mr. Denis Lane's humble printing office in Lamb's Conduit-street. The paper was founded at the suggestion of Cardinal Wiseman, and it enlisted at the beginning of its career a notable group of Catholic workers, one of the foremost of whom, Mr. Archibald Dunn, tells in a recent number the story of its first days. One of the editors of the "Universe" was John Augustus O'Shea, and James O'Connor was another.

ANTON LANG.

There is no truer artist than Anton Lang, the now famous impersonator of Christ at the Oberammergau Passion Play. During the performances of the sacred drama this year Lang was positively bombarded with applications for his autograph. The kindly hearted man willingly complied with the multitudinous request male to him; but he was shrewd enough to make a small charge for each one. His generous nature, however, forbade him to touch any of the amount collected for himself, and the sum of £80 which the autographs fetched is to be handed over to the poor of the town on Christmas Eve.

THE DIVINING ROD.

The contents of the "Occult Review" for December, which takes the form of a double Christmas number are more than usually interesting. Professor W. F. Barrett, F. R. S., has an article on the divining or dowsing rod. He examines at considerable length what evidence there is that will stand the test of strict scientific inquiry to show that the "dowser" is of any use in locating the site for a well. The conclusions Professor Barrett arrives at after investigating many cases are briefly that those who really possess this curious faculty are rare, and that the explanation of the success of good "dowsers" is a matter for further physiological and psychological research though provisionally the working hypothesis of "unconscious clairvoyance" may be entertained.

ST. WINEFRIDE'S WELL.

Another article in the number tells of St. Winefride's Well, in the small Flintshire town of Holywell, overlooking the "Sands o' Dee," The Well is by the roadside, and may be entered by a turnstile for twopence. Many submerged stones of the Well show extensive stains or patches of rich red colour. The mythopœic tendencies of the ignorant in past ages attributed these to the blood of St. Winefride which according to legend was shed there and originated the Well, but modern critical scrutiny perceives them to be due to minute blood-coloured mosses. The latter explanation, it should be stated, is the one accepted by the ecclesiastical authorities, and they also recognise that the water of the Well yields to chemical analysis no properties whatever of a medicinal or specially curative nature.

THE FAME OF THE WELL.

According to the writer of the article, W. L. Wilmshurst, the fame of the Well to-day is, except perhaps among the Catholic community, at its nadir largely doubtless in sympathy with the general indifference of the age towards almost any but commercial and secular interests; in part also owing to the greater celebrity of the modern Lourdes; and in some measure perhaps by reason of the contemptuous attitude towards it of the Protestant community in the district. It is patronised, however, especially in summer, by a steady attendance if not by a large number of visitors, the majority of whom seem to be of the poor Irish Catholic class from our great cities and industrial centres. We are assured that "undoubted cures" take place there, and that "Protestants and sceptics no less than Catholics have benefited from the Well."

THE LATE CAPTAIN SHELLEY'S BIRDS.

The collection of African birds formed by the late Captain G. E. Shelley, whose death has just taken place at Bournemouth, is one of the finest of the kind in existence, and it is satisfactory to know that there is no likelihood of its leaving the country. The London correspondent of the "Scotsman" reminds us that the Zoological Department of the British Museum privately acquired the collection during Captain Shelley's lifetime, and the specimens are now in the bird-room at South Kensington. Captain Shelley made four expeditions to Egypt in search of birds, and also visited for the same purpose the Gold Coast, Sierra Leone, Natal, and Cape Colony.

SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

PHENOMENON OF PHAGOCYTOSIS.

The remarkable phenomenon of phagocytosis in the animal world has hitherto been supposed to be without analogy in the vegetable. The world means cell-eating, and designates that wonderful process in which certain cells of the blood devour invading hosts of hostile bacteria. It is by this means that an animal recovers from a disease produced by pathogenic bacteria, or altogether resists an attack. The various processes of inoculation against disease are attempts to render the phagocytes, the cell-eaters, more efficient in their work—to increase their appetite and digestive power, as one might say. An animal with sufficiently active phagocytes possesses immunity against disease.

NEW VIEWS.

It has been hitherto held that plants cannot thus become immune. Prof. N. Bernard, of the University of Caen, however, now describes a process taking place in plants which he contends is analogous to Metchnikoff's phagocytosis in animals. These new views are discussed in an interesting article in the "Scientific American." Most diseases in the higher plants are due to the growth in their tissues of filamentous fungi similar to moulds. In the roots and underground stems of many plants, as orchids, heaths and many others, colonies of such fungi exist. They do not appear to do any injury, nor are they any apparent use. Some of them are known to produce disease in other plants. Prof. Bernard contends that these fungi do no injury to the orchid because the protoplasm of the plant has begun to digest them.

INVADING FUNGI DIGESTED.

When the tissues of the plant are examined there is found to be progressive degeneration of the fungi in the cells in nearly every case. In the case of one particular orchid, Prof. Bernard has shown that a certain species of fungus is digested and reduced to dead clumps, while a closely related species will act as a disease producer. His general conclusion is that many cells in most plants retain, to a certain extent, the power of digestion, and thus rendering innocuous disease-producing lower vegetation. Thus in the process of evolution it would appear that a plant might acquire immunity from fungus-produced disease.

—AND MADE USE OF.

But when we study the relations of the fungi to the higher plants, we find numerous cases in which the process seems to have passed the stage of mere toleration. The roots of many trees are thickly penetrated by the mycelia of fungi which are actually of use to the higher plant. They are nitrogen producers and it has been experimentally shown that the tree does not grow so well without them. The well-known nodules on the roots of leguminous plants are colonies of nitrogen-producing bacteria. In these cases there is mutual advantage in the association, and it might be supposed that the contending hosts had finally attained peace with honour, and benefit, for both sides. The most interesting example, perhaps, is that remarkable group of plants known as lichens. Each one of these, it is now well-known, is a compound plant, a seaweed and a fungus growing together, and sharing the necessary work in the life of a plant. Of this remarkable association it may be said:—"Thus fed by mutual aid, the friendly pair Divide their gains and all the plunder share."

COURTSHIP OF SPIDERS.

In the "American Naturalist" Mr. T. H. Montgomery discusses the question of the courtship of the spider. One of the most remarkable things about it, as was pointed out long ago by Alphonse Karr in his "Voyage autour de mon Jardin," is that the female often eats the courting male. It all seems to depend on whether hunger or love is the dominant feeling of the moment. Those who examine carefully the webs in their gardens may often see in the corner of the web a little bundle carefully spun round with threads of gossamer. Examination shows that it contains the remains, chiefly legs, of a spider, doubtless the result of an unsuccessful courtship. No wonder that, as Montgomery points out, the courting attitude of the male suggests a mixture of fear and desire.

COLOURS AND SEXUAL SELECTION.

The colours of various animals have been attributed to sexual selection, and their often quaint attitudes in courtship to a desire of displaying these to the best advantage. Montgomery's study of spiders leads him to conclude that the male is not actuated by any conscious effort to exhibit his peculiar beauties, and that the female does not select the most beautiful males. Sexual selection, in Darwin's sense, he believes has played no part in the evolution of secondary sexual characters in spiders.

SPIDERS THREADS.

One of the most remarkable facts in the natural history of spiders is their ability to leave long single lines stretched over, water, over garden paths, or waving as long fringes from telegraph wires. Some experiment by Blackwall recorded in the transactions of the Linnean Society, perhaps throw some light on this. He placed several spiders on a branched twig in vessel of water. When the vessel was left so as to be exposed to chance air currents the spiders all escaped. When they felt the favouring current of air they emitted a thread from their spinnerets. The line was carried out by the air current, and in time, became attached to some object. When the spiders found that this was so they fixed the other end on the twig, and escaped along the line.

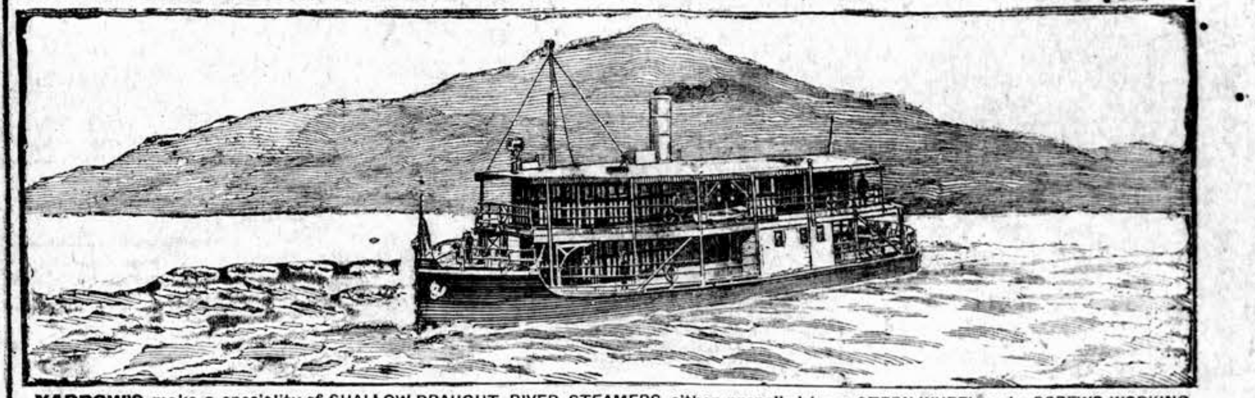
CHAMELEON COLOUR CHANGES.

It is generally believed that the chameleon changes its colour in accordance with its surroundings. Some experiments recorded by Mr. Ditmar in his "Reptiles of the World"—reviewed in a recent number of "Nature"—throw doubt on this view. The colour changes seem rather to be regulated by light, temperature, excitement, &c. Thus one place in sunlight so that only one side was exposed to the rays became dark brown on this side, and pale brown mottled with green on the other. Placed in a dark box and kept at a temperature of 73deg. F., another emerged a brilliant green. Another specimen in a dark box at 50deg. F. assumed a uniform slatey-grey colour.

CORAL AND THE ANCIENTS.

M. G. A. Huckel gives in the "Revue Scientifique" for October 15, an interesting summary of the views held by the ancients as to the nature of coral. Leaving on one side poetic fictions, it may be said that the first mention of coral in Greek literature is by Theophrastus, in the third century B.C. For the earliest reference among the Romans we must go back to the contemporaries of Ovid. From Pliny and his contemporary Dioscorides we get our first information about its geographical distribution. The Red Sea, the Persian Gulf, the Hyeres, the Gulfs of Genoa and Naples, the shores of Sicily, and the coasts of Etruria, and to come nearer home, the shores of Caledonia, were favourite places for coral-hunting. Curiously enough, they seem to have known nothing of the rich stores on the coasts of Algeria and Tunis. From the archæological point of view, it may be stated that so far no worked coral has been found in Greece or in the East. What has been discovered in Italy was found in the Gaulish tombs near Bologna. Metallic objects adorned with coral seem to have been common enough, many such articles having been found in the prehistoric tombs in this country, in Bosnia, Southern Russia, Hungary, and Germany. The ancients seem to have been unaware of the existence of white coral, for they mention only the red and black varieties. The widespread opinion that coral is soft in the sea and hardens on exposure to air survived for many centuries. It was not until 1723 that Dr. Peyssonel, a doctor at Marseilles, announced his discovery that coral is an animal colony of polyps. Theophrastus classes it among the precious stones. In the third century A. D. it was supposed to be a green grass growing in the sea. In its old age it gradually parts with its leaves, which are then tossed about by the waves, decompose, and are eventually thrown up on the shore. There they solidify, and are changed into stone, and this process preserves the shape of the plant. It was looked upon as a gift from the gods, and the Greeks and Romans used it for amulets and, when powdered, as a drug. As an ornament it is supposed that its use was confined to countries in which the influence of the Celts made itself felt. This is the conclusion of M. Reinach, but M. Huckel gives sound reasons for believing that it was used, at any rate in the toilette, towards the end of the Roman Empire. Four years after the discovery of Peyssonel we find Reaumur still describing coral as a plant.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL
C&B
CELEBRATED OILMEN'S STORES.
TABLE DELICACIES.
In Special Tins with Extra Lid.
PICKLES, SOUPS, JAMS,
JELLIES, POTTED MEATS,
MALT VINEGAR,
SALAD OIL. . . . .
Agents for Lea & Perrins'
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.



YARROW'S SHALLOW-DRAUGHT STEAMERS.

YARROW'S make a speciality of SHALLOW-DRAUGHT RIVER STEAMERS, either propelled by a STERN-WHEEL or by SCREWS WORKING IN TUNNELS, fitted with YARROW'S PATENT HINGED FLAP, by which means a considerable increase in speed is obtained without increase of cost. Vessels can be delivered whole, in pieces, or in floatable sections arranged so that they may be readily united afloat.

For particulars apply to:—

YARROW & CO., LTD., Shipbuilders, GLASGOW. (Formerly of POPLAR, LONDON.)

THE CHOICEST OF CHOICE PIANOS.

HIRE OR PURCHASE.

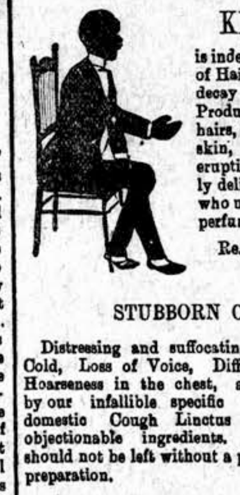
BLÜTHNER.
BROADWOOD.
SCHIEDMAYER.
RICHd. LIPP.
STEINWEG NACHF.

CROWN PIANOS.
CROWN ORGANS.

PIANO-PLAYERS,
PLAYER-PIANOS.

New Pianos from Rs. 550. Second-hand from Rs. 200.
UPRIGHT OR HORIZONTAL GRAND PIANOS.
BUILT SPECIALLY FOR THE INDIAN CLIMATE.
FOR CASH OR ON THE EASY PAYMENT SYSTEM.
Descriptive illustrated list on application.

MARCKS & Co., LTD.,
ESTABLISHED 1873.
BOMBAY AND POONA.



A MIRACLE IN HAIR-TROUBLES.

KESHRANJAN

is indeed a miracle in all sorts of Hair-diseases. It prevents decay and discolouration. Produces soft and pliant hairs, a soft skin, fair delicate skin, heals all cutaneous eruptions and insures a lovely delicate complexion to all who use it. It is deliciously perfumed.

Re. 1 per bottle,
Post-free, Re. 1-5

STUBBORN COUGHS!

Distressing and suffocating Dry Coughs, Severe Cold, Loss of Voice, Difficulties in Breathing, Hoarseness in the chest, are permanently cured by our infallible specific BASAKARISTA or domestic Cough Linctus which contains no objectionable ingredients. In your trials, you should not be left without a phial of thi invaluable preparation.

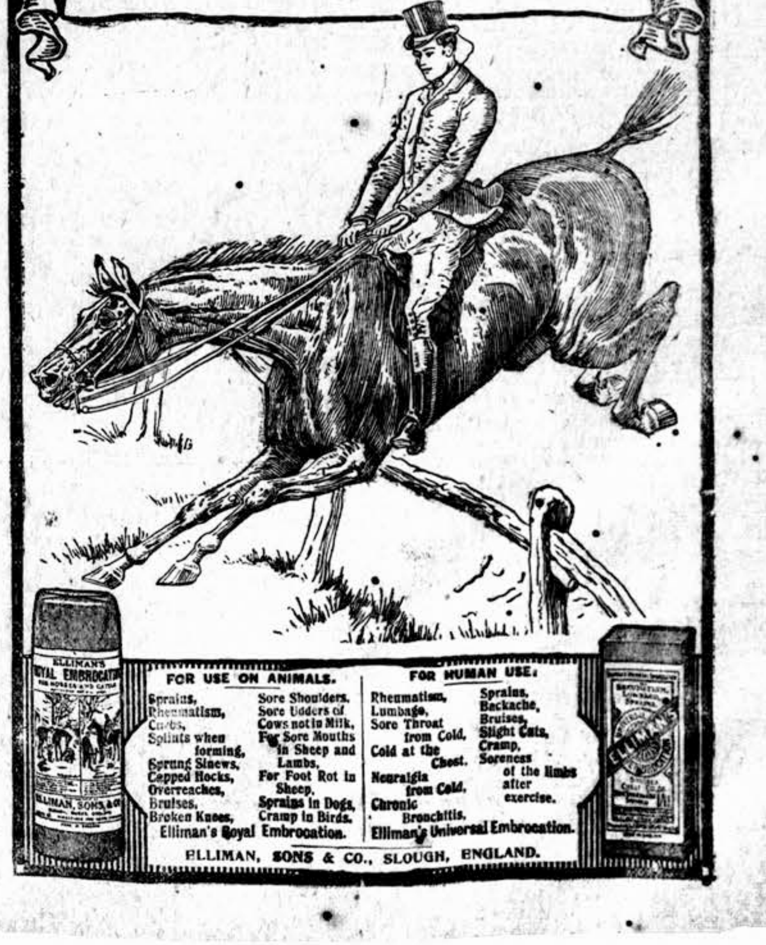
Price per phial ... ... Re. 1
Packing and postage ... ... As. 5

OUR PANCHATIKTA BATIKA—is a very safe and sure remedy for all sorts of Malarious fever, chronic fever, high and low fever, accompanied by *Enlargement of Spleen, Liver*, and cough, brain fever, double quotidian fever, in short, in all chronic cases of fever.

Price per phial ... ... Re. 1
Packing and postage ... ... As. 5

Kaviraj Nagendra Nath Sen's,
GOVT. MEDICAL DIPLOMA-HOLDER,
M C. S. (Paris), S. C. I. (London), M. S. A. S., London, Chemical Society (U.S.A.), &c., &c.
Nos. 18-1 & 19, LOWER CHITPUR ROAD,
CALCUTTA.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 13 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.



ELLIMAN'S EMBROCATION

FOR USE ON ANIMALS.
Sprains, Rheumatism, Curbs, Splints when forming, Sprung Sinews, Capped Hocks, Overreaches, Bruises, Broken Knees, Sore Shoulders, Sore Udders of Cows not in Milk, For Sore Mouths in Sheep and Lambs, For Foot Rot in Sheep, Sprains in Dogs, Cramp in Birds.
Elliman's Royal Embrocation.

FOR HUMAN USE.
Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sore Throat from Cold, Cold at the Chest, Neuralgia from Cold, Chronic Bronchitis, Sprains, Backache, Bruises, Slight Cuts, Cramp, Soreness of the limbs after exercise.
Elliman's Universal Embrocation.

ELLIMAN, SONS & CO., SLOUGH, ENGLAND.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 19 June, 2017

NEW PATTERN NICKEL LEVER WATCH.

The Sandow Lever

BEST VALUE IN INDIA.

Rs. 10.

Only Manufactured and Sold by
FAVRE-LEUBA & CO.,
Watch and Clock Specialists.
31, Hornby Road, BOMBAY

This Watch has been specially designed for rough wear. It keeps good time, and will run on well for years.

Nickel Silver case.

Rs. 10.

Illustrations of dial and movement are shewn exact size. Supplied in Box with spare glass and spring and guaranteed for 12 months.

WRIGHT'S COAL TAR SOAP

is acknowledged as an
ABSOLUTE SPECIFIC
in warding off the bites of

Mosquitos and Other Insects.

Good for Prickly Heat and Refreshing to the Skin.
6d. per Tablet.

To be obtained from :—
KATRAK & Co.,
KATRAK'S BUILDINGS, KARACHI.

NATURAL BEAUTY

THE proved beautifying powers of Icilma Fluor Cream, England's premier face-cream, are entirely due to Icilma Natural Water, the magical skin-tonic from the spring in Algeria—it stimulates the skin to natural healthy action—this is the real secret of Beauty. Nothing else in the world has the same effect.

Icilma Fluor Cream

is ideal for all seasons—greaseless, snowy, fragrant and delightful to use. It preserves the complexion—removes roughness, redness, heat-spots, chaps, peeling and irritations—cures insect bites—makes the skin soft, clear, cool and smooth—and is the true natural aid to Beauty.

Of all good Chemists and Stores.
ICILMA COMPANY, LTD., LONDON, ENG.

IN NATURE'S WAY

Ah! What is Whisky?
Rs. 36/—per dozen.
WATSON'S No10.

HORLICK'S

MALTED MILK (In Powder form.)

The Ideal Food for all ages.

Take HORLICK'S from birth and live to a vigorous old age.

Do you suffer from INSOMNIA? If so, try Horlick's. Sleep is Nature's sweet restorer.

SUSTAINS—NOURISHES—BUILDS UP.

HORLICK'S is easily digested because of its method of preparation. At the same time it affords ample nourishment. Is assimilated fully and quickly into the system, and thus nourishes the body and builds up the constitution without any undue strain upon the digestive organs. Avoid all indigestible and non-assimilable foods, and so enjoy good health.

NO COOKING—ADD WATER ONLY—READY IN AN INSTANT.
Sold in three sizes by all Stores, Bazaars, etc.
KEEPS IN ANY CLIMATE—ALWAYS SWEET AND PURE.
HORLICK'S MALTED MILK CO., SLOUGH, BUCKS, ENGLAND.

ASK FOR

Shem-el-Nessim

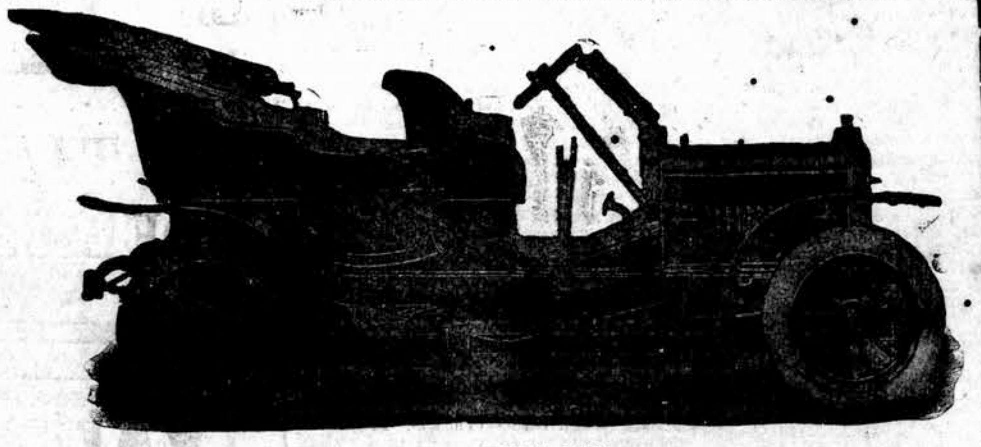
An Inspiration in Perfume

(of all Chemists & Perfumers)
J. GROSSMITH & SON LONDON

BUY YOUR

MOTOR CAR, MOTOR CYCLE & CYCLE

FROM THE LEADING FIRM IN INDIA
BOMBAY CYCLE & MOTOR AGENCY,
YORK BUILDINGS, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, **BOMBAY.**



SOLE AGENTS FOR

DELAUNAY BELLEVILLE, DE DION BOUTON, RENAULT, HUMBER, ROVER, ITALA & STANDARD CARS.	HUMBER, WEARWELL & MOTOSACOCHE MOTOR CYCLES and	HUMBER, SUNBEAM, SINGER, KAISER-I-HIND & WEARWELL CYCLES.

LARGE STOKISTS OF

Dunlop, Michelin & Continental Tyres. Lucas's Ld.'s and other high grade Cycle & Motor Accessories &c., &c., &c
Repairs done under Expert European Supervision.
Overhauling, Painting and Varnishing of Motor Cars done on the Premises.

BOMBAY CYCLE & MOTOR AGENCY.

The Undermentioned Medicines are prepared from Herbs.

A BOON SUFFERING HUMANITY

SURGERY SUPERSEDED.

☞ I possess numerous certificates from officials, Europes Parsees, Mahomedans, Hindus on all diseases. Those wish to convince, are requested to come and inspect them.

SURGERY can only give temporary rell to the following diseases. They can be radicall cured by the unfailing medicines described below:—

HYDROCELE in any form, acute, or chronic, Hernia Elephantiasis and all sorts of rectum and scrotum diseases are cured by an infallible, harmless and wonderful remedy consisting of 95 vegetable drugs and 105 vegetable oils.

BLEEDING AND BLIND PILES.—Fistula, Fissure of th anus, and all inflammatory complaints of the rectum, which cause much irritation, burning and pain, are thoroughly cured without the least pain or inconvenience to sufferers.

FATTY OR WINDY BODY.—The undue increase of the size of the belly and abdomen, parts of the waist, lion, and other limbs of the body, and the consequent weakness and depression. The persons do not find restor happiness under such condition and feel very miserable. They can be easily cured and can experience a reduction of 4 to 6 inches in the body after 15 days' application of oil. Also Rheumatism Gout, and Paralyses, acute of chronic, cured by the application of oil and pill The effect of cure is experienced after 5 days' treatment.

SPERMATORHEA, STERLITY, and monthly disorders, and other obstinate uterine diseases are permanently cured no matter how old the patient or disease may be.

DIABETES.—Insipid an Melibes—and complaints akin thereto, both acute and caronic, are thoroughly cured by harmless Vegetable Pills.

ALL BILIOUS COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA, heating sensation in Throat or Chest, Sour, Bitter or Sweet taste in the mouth, heartburn, headache caused thereby, and loss of appetite are easily cured.

ALL NASAL COMPLAINTS.—Watery, blood or pus discharges from the nose, formation of scales or fresh globules in the nose causing obstruction to breathing, are perfectly cured by an effective smelling powder.

PATIENTS ARE NOT REQUIRED TO UNDERGO THE INCONVENIENCES AND DANGER OF OPERATIONS.

Price as follows:—
For Hydrocele, Hernia and Elephantatis Pills and Oil for 10 days, Rs. 13-8.
For Fistula, Ointment and Pills for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.
For Windy & Fatty body, Oil for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.
For Spermatorhea, Sterility, Monthly Disorders, Pills for 15 days, Rs. 6-8.
For Diabetes, Pills for 15 days, Rs. 6-8.
For Bilious complaints, Dyspepsia, &c., Pills for 15 day Rs. 4-8.
For Nasal Diseases, Smelling powder for 15 days, Rs. 4-8
For Rheumatism, Gout and Paralysis, Pills and Oil for 1 days, Rs. 6-8.

Up-country orders are promptly executed by value payable post. Up-country patients are requested to state clearly their age, disease and the duration of the same for my guidance.

LEPROSY—Black and white—and BLOOD-DISORDERS are satisfactorily cured by my remarkable remedy consisting of pills and ointment for 15 days, Rs. 6-8.

ELEPHANTIASIS and similar inflammatory complaints of legs and hands, causing pain, itching, and irritation cured thoroughly by the use of the oil. Medicine for 15 days, Rs. 10.

ASTHMA, COUGH, Difficult Respiration, Hooping Cough, Cold, Throat Irritation Consumption, Blood Phlegm, and similar diseases of the Lungs, Bronchitis, are cured by a month's treatment. Medicine for 15 days, Rs. 6-8.

EPILEPSY HEMICRANIA, habitual Head-ache, Dropsy after-effects of mercury and other mineral poisons mouth diseases, are all very successfully treated, Medicine for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.

OPHTHALMIA—Obstinate eye and ear diseases, redness, watery or pus discharges, soreness, CATARACT, burning, piercing pain, shortness of sight, flashes, night blindness, are relieved by harmless applications which neither burn nor produce any inconvenience to patients, Pills or water or 15 days, Rs. 4-8 5-8.

IMPOTENCY, SPERMATORHEA, LOSS OF NERVE POWER are permanently cured, no matter how old the patient or disease may be. Rapid SEMINAL DISCHARGE the results of thoughtless excesses and errors of youth are entirely cured, GREAT RETENTIVE POWER and perfect MANHOOD restored to the complete satisfaction of sufferers. Unfailing potent remedies of harmless nature are always kept in stock. Pills or oil (as the cases may be) for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.

MENSTRUAL TROUBLES, Amenorrhoea, Dysmenorrhoea, Leucorrhoea, Sterility, Prolapsus, Uteri, Threatened Miscarriage, Tumour and other obstinate Uterine Diseases are speedily cured without any chance of recurrence. Pills for 15 days, Rs. -8.

CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA DYSNTERY sudden and periodical COLIC PAINS are cured by unfailing remedies which surpass all other preparations. Pills for 15 days Rs. 4-8 5-8.

Up-country orders Promptly executed by Value Payable Post.

Up-country patients are requested to state clearly their age, disease and the duration of the same for my guidance.

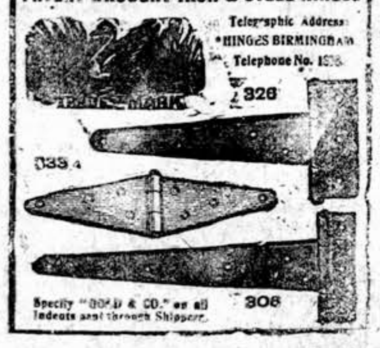
Apply to Dr. BALKRISHNA NARAYAN JOSHI, of Benares Motiwalla's Chawl, near Tram Terminus, Tardeo Bridge, Tardeo, Bombay.

Established over a Century.

GOLD & CO. Birmingham. ENGLAND.

MANUFACTURERS OF
PATENT WROUGHT IRON & STEEL HINGES

Telegraphic Address:
"HINGES BIRMINGHAM"
Telephone No. 1576.



Specify "GOLD & CO." on all Indents sent through Shippers.

MARTIN'S

APIOL & STEEL PILLS

for Ladies.

A French Remedy for all Irregularities.

Thousands of Ladies always keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house, so that on the first sign of any Irregularity of the System a timely dose may be administered. Those who use them recommend them, hence their enormous sale. At all Chemists and Stores, or post free 5/- from MARTIN, Pharm. Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street Fort.

INVALUABLE
For the COMPLEXION In HOT CLIMATES

BEETHAM'S LAIT
Larola

Regd

Is Unequalled for THE SKIN & COMPLEXION

It removes all SUNBURN, TAN, HEAT, and IRRITATION.
Keeps the SKIN SMOOTH and WHITE.
Prevents the attack of Mosquitoes.

It removes all REDNESS, ROUGHNESS, and CHAPS.
Keeps the SKIN SOFT as VELVET.
Cool and Refreshing at all seasons of the year.

M. BEETHAM & SON. CHELTENHAM, ENGLAND.

CAUTION—The name of "PHOSPHODYNE" is protected under the Trade Marks Protection Act for the whole of India and proceedings will be taken against the vendors of any colorable or other imitation thereof."

"The only Medicine of the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-4, open to all.

REGISTERED. **DR. LALOR'S** TRADE MARK.

PHOSPHODYNE

HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

For forty years has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure for BRAIN WRECKAGE, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney, and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

The effect of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is really marvellous.

Directions for Self-Treatment of the above diseases with each Bottle.

HEALTH, STRENGTH & ENERGY.

Its energizing effects are shown from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

Beware of vile imitations!—None genuine without the British Government Stamp with "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne, London, England," engraved thereon, by order of Her Majesty's Honourable Commissioners.

Thousands of unimpeachable testimonials from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoric Preparation has received such distinguished recognition.

Sold in Bottles at 4s. 6d. and 11s. each, by all Chemists throughout the World.
MANUFACTURED ONLY AT DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE LABORATORY,
HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENGLAND.

ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL

FOR THE HAIR

Preserves, Beautifies, Restores, and **strengthens**, the hair and prevents it falling off or turning grey. Especially suited for **ladies'** and **children's hair.** It closely resembles the **natural oil** in the hair which Nature provides for its preservation; the want of it causes baldness. **Golden colour** for fair hair. Sizes, 3s. 6d., 7s., 10s. 6d. (equal to 4 small), and 21s. Of stores, chemists, hairdressers, and Rowland's, 67, Hatton Garden, London.

REMOVE ALL BLOOD IMPURITIES.

BUILD-UP YOUR HEALTH with

WILKINSON'S

ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA

SARSAPARILLA

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—*Lancet.*

Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most

WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD

The Safest and most Reliable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, OBSTINATE SKIN DISEASES, &c.

RESTORES THE WEAK, REVIVES THE DEPRESSED

WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA HAS A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION for over THREE-QUARTERS of a CENTURY.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.

AGENTS:—TREACHER & Co., Limited; PHILLIPS & Co. Limited; KEMP & Co., &c.,

---

CURES IN 48 HOURS

SANTAL MIDY

Each Capsule bears the Name MIDY

Beware of imitations and Counterfeits

Immediate Relief without Injections

PARIS, 8, rue Vivienne. — Sold by all Chemists.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.

The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout and Gravel.

Safest and most Effective Aperient for Regular Use.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

SAINT-RAPHAËL

TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE

Very palatable.

Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of ***Anœmia, Debility*** *and* ***Convalescence,*** *to* ***young women, children*** *and the* ***aged.*** *Invaluable in hot climates.* DOSE: One wine-glass after the two principal meals.

Each bottle of genuine **VIN SAINT-RAPHAËL** *bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark:*

(1) The WARRANTY STAMP of the UNION DES FABRICANTS.
(2) A METAL SEAL advertising CLETEAS.

CLETEAS *is a* **MELISSA** *and* **MINT** *cordial which surpasses all others by its purety and faultless preparation. To be taken on a lump of sugar.*

COMPAGNIE du VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL, *Valence* (Drôme-France).
SPENCER & Cie, Sole Agents for *Madras.* — PHILLIPS & Cie, Agents in *Bombay.*
DUMOULIN & Cie, Agents in *Pondichéry.*

ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'

A HOUSEHOLD REMEDY FOR

All Functional Derangements of the Liver, Temporary Congestion arising from Alcoholic Beverages, Errors in Diet, (Eating or Drinking,) Biliousness, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Oppression or Feeling of Melancholy, Vomiting, Heartburn, Sourness of the Stomach, or Constipation. It is a Refreshing and Invigorating Beverage, most Invaluable to Travellers, Emigrants, Sailors, and Residents in Tropical Climates.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" assists the Functions of the Liver, Bowels, Skin, and Kidneys by Natural Means; thus the blood is freed from poisonous or other hurtful matters, the foundation and great danger of Chills, Fever, Worry, Blood Poisons, &c. There is no doubt that, where it has been taken in the earliest stages of a disease, it has, in innumerable instances, prevented a serious illness.

CAUTION.—*Examine the Capsule and see that it is marked ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT.' otherwise you have the sincerest form of flattery—IMITATION.*

Prepared only by J. C. ENO, Ltd., 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, London, S.E., Eng. by J. C. ENO'S Patent.

Sold by Chemists and Stores everywhere.

TRY IT IN YOUR BATH

BY APPOINTMENT TO H.M. THE KING.

SCRUBB'S AMMONIA

MARVELLOUS PREPARATION

Refreshing as a Turkish Bath. Invaluable for all Toilet Purposes.
Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair.
Removes Stains and Grease Spots from Clothing, Etc.
Restores the Colour to Carpets.
Allays the Irritation caused by Mosquito Bites.
Cleans Plate and Jewellery. Softens Hard Water.
For Sale by all Grocers and Chemists.
SCRUBB & CO., LTD., Guildford St., LONDON, S.E.

WE ARE MANUFACTURERS OF MEN'S AND BOYS' TAN AND BLACK BOOTS AND SHOES SPECIALLY MADE FOR THE INDIAN, BURMESE & CEYLON MARKETS.

THE TRADE ONLY SUPPLIED.

WEARERS SHOULD ASK FOR OUR MAKE

SUPERIOR TO ALL.

PLEASE WRITE FOR PRICE LIST AND TERMS.

HINDE & MANN
WHOLESALE MANUFACTURERS
OLNEY (Nr NORTHAMPTON) ENGLAND

TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL.

Packed Free. All charges Prepaid to your Port direct from our Factory. Highest-grade British made MEAD

COVENTRY FLYERS
WARRANTED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Defiance Puncture-Resisting or Dunlop Tyres, Coasters, Variable-Speed Gears, Flyer or Brook's Saddles, etc.

LATEST MODELS £3. 10s. to £9

Tyres and accessories half usual prices. AGENTS wanted in each district. Write at once, using sufficient postage, for Free Art Catalogue and our Special Offer on sample machine.

MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, Dept. 323. LIVERPOOL

TO ASTHMA SUFFERERS

Instant Relief in Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup & Whooping Cough by the use of POTTER'S ASTHMA CURE, in 1/- Tins (English Price). Sold everywhere. For free Sample send Postcard to POTTER & CLARKE, LTD., Artillery Lane, London. Mention this Paper. May be obtained of all Chemists.

INSTANT RELIEF

Agents:—E. TREACHER & Co., Bombay & Poona.

Printed and Published for the Proprietors, "The Bombay Gazette," Limited, by N. D'MELLO at the "Bombay Gazette," Electric Printing Works, No. 2 Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

Sole Advertisements Agents in the United Kingdom Messrs. WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co., 1 Frenchurch Street, London E. C.